# UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT SOUTHERN DISTRICT OF OHIO EASTERN DIVISION

DRFP LLC, D/B/A SKYE VENTURES,	) )
PLAINTIFF,	) CASE NO. 2:04-cv-0793
vs.	)
REPUBLICA BOLIVARIANA DE VENEZUELA, ET AL.,	) ) )
DEFENDANTS.	) 

VOLUME 1
TRANSCRIPT OF BENCH TRIAL PROCEEDINGS
BEFORE THE HONORABLE EDMUND A. SARGUS, JR.
MONDAY, FEBRUARY 1, 2016; 8:45 A.M.
COLUMBUS, OHIO

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Monday Morning Session

# February 1, 2016

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COURTROOM DEPUTY CLERK: C-2-04-793, DRFP, LLC, d/b/a Skye Ventures vs. Republica Bolivariana de Venezuela.

THE COURT: Counsel, good morning to all of you. I understand that we are ready to, and prepared to, proceed with testimony, but there is a preliminary matter that one of you would like to address with me.

Mr. Schwartz, good morning.

MR. SCHWARTZ: Good morning, Your Honor. Thank you very much for having this opportunity.

You made a comment in passing during the pretrial conference on Friday regarding the jurisdictional issue in the case that we believe warrants some brief discussion. It doesn't necessitate any argument or any ruling at this time, but a brief mention of a few points.

When this case was before the Sixth Circuit, which was before your time on the case, Your Honor, and before many of ours, the Sixth Circuit rendered its ruling in a matter where the case was before it on the pleadings and assumed in that procedural posture that the alleged promissory notes were valid, and then proceeded on that basis to conduct its analysis. But that was a hypothetical state of affairs based on allegations of a complaint, and we're now moving from the

realm of the hypothetical to the realm of the real.

And the upshot of the Sixth Circuit's decision is that, in order for there to be jurisdiction under the Foreign Sovereign Immunities Act, the Plaintiff has to show that the notes are real. So, we just want to make clear, and that there are no surprises, that from our standpoint that very much remains an issue in the case.

THE COURT: Well, I think you'd agree that we were framing triable issues in the final pretrial conference. The validity of the notes is one of the triable issues. I think what your contention would be is that, if you can prove the invalidity, you will win not only on the merits, but you will deprive the Court of jurisdiction. But the trouble is it still means the validity of the notes is the same triable issue. Do you agree?

MR. SCHWARTZ: It's absolutely clear, if the Plaintiff can prove that the notes are real, then it can overcome this part of the jurisdictional issue. But it's important just that we clarify that, because we passed it very quickly at the pretrial conference. It doesn't affect the evidence at all. It's the same evidence.

THE COURT: Right. So, I'll note that. But I think we both agree it's the same — the same issues will be before the Court, but on two separate legal theories in the event you can persuade me that the notes were invalid from the beginning.

MR. SCHWARTZ: Yeah. From our standpoint -- One of the reasons that I raised this is, if the Plaintiff has any theory under which it might try to prevail without showing the notes are real, it will be our same position there is no jurisdiction.

THE COURT: Well, I'm not deciding anything at this point. We may have to reserve the legal aspects of this, but I'll note your mentioning of the final decision in the Sixth Circuit.

MR. SCHWARTZ: We're not asking for validity. I'm very clear about that.

One other aspect of the Sixth Circuit decision -- It's the last thing I have to say -- as we were reviewing this in connection with the jurisdictional question I've just addressed, there's an observation that the Sixth Circuit made in its decision that's another subject we think the Court should bear in mind going forward. Again, no ruling required at this time. We're not asking for one.

But the Court did say -- and this is material to some of the issues in the case -- that neither the first Attorney

General opinion, nor the second one, is settled law, in

Venezuela, binding the parties to this litigation. And I'm not going to make any argument in any detail about the implications of that statement, but I think it is something the Court should bear in mind, and it concerns some of the subjects that we

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 1
     touched on briefly on Friday.
 2
            That's all I have to say.
 3
              THE COURT: Very good. Thank you.
 4
              MR. SCHWARTZ: Thank you.
              THE COURT: With that, I think we're ready for the
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     first witness.
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 7
            Mr. Cooper, Mr. Elliott, you may call your first
 8
     witness.
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              MR. ELLIOTT: Your Honor, before the first witness is
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     called, I'd like to, just because of the space constraints
11
     here, introduce the representative of Skye Ventures, Dave
12
     Richards, who will be sitting in the back of the courtroom.
13
              MR. RICHARDS: Good morning, Your Honor.
14
              THE COURT: Good morning.
15
              MR. ELLIOTT: Thank you, Your Honor.
16
              THE COURT: Very good.
17
              MR. C. COOPER: Good morning, Your Honor.
            The Plaintiff's first witness will be Luis Alcalde.
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19
              THE COURT: If you will come forward.
20
            One thing that has changed over time, where
21
     normally -- Thank you for getting the witness, but normally the
22
     Court's security officers will stay in the courtroom. So, if
23
     you could have someone else arrange for the witness to appear,
24
     that would be helpful. And that's on both sides.
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MR. C. COOPER: Thank you, Your Honor.

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Vol. 1 -1 2 LUIS MANUEL ALCALDE 3 Called as a witness on behalf of the Plaintiff, being first duly sworn, testified as follows: 4 DIRECT EXAMINATION 5 BY MR. C. COOPER: 6 7 Mr. Alcalde, would you begin by stating your full name for the record? 8 9 Α. Luis Manuel Alcalde. 10 Q. Could you spell your last name for the court reporter? 11 A-1-c-a-1-d-e. Α. 12 Thank you. Q. 13 Mr. Alcalde, are you familiar with the dispute that 14 brings us to this court today? 15 I am. Α. 16 In general terms, what is your connection to this 17 dispute? 18 I was hired by Skye Ventures, sometime in 2004, 2003, to 19 investigate the opinion of the Attorney General of Venezuela, 20 related matters, and then to file a lawsuit against the 21 Republic of Venezuela. 22 Q. Before we delve into that, let's begin with some 23 background information. 24 Mr. Alcalde, where were you born? 25 Α. I was born in Havana, Cuba.

- 1 Q. And where do you live now?
- 2 A. Columbus, Ohio.
- 3 Q. How long have you lived in Central Ohio?
- A. I've lived in Central Ohio -- With the exception of
  three years when I was in the United States Army Judge Advocate
  General's Corps, I've lived in Columbus, Ohio, or Central Ohio,
  since 1971.
  - Q. What languages do you read and speak?
- 9 A. Spanish and English.
- 10 Q. Are you fluent in Spanish?
- 11 A. Yes.

8

- 12 Q. Both reading it and speaking it?
- 13 A. Yes.
- Q. Let's turn to your professional background, which you mentioned a little bit about. I would like to have you begin by describing your education for the Court, please.
- A. Okay. So, I, of course, graduated from high school. I
  graduated from Reynoldsburg High School. I have a bachelor of
  arts in political science from The Ohio State University. I
  have a J.D. from The Ohio State University College of Law. And
  I have a master's of law in business and tax from Capital
  University Law School.
- Q. Are you licensed to practice law in Ohio?
- 24 A. Yes, I am.
- 25 Q. When did you become licensed to practice law in the

State of Ohio?

- A. 1980.
- Q. Could you describe your professional career after you obtained your law license?
  - A. Yes.
  - Q. After law school. I'm sorry.
- A. Yes. I went into the United States Army. I was a JAG officer with the Third Infantry Division in West Germany. I spent 14 months as a prosecutor, essentially trying felony criminal cases. Then I spent 16 or so months in the United States Army Trial Defense Service, in Germany, essentially defending felony criminal cases.

After that, I came back to Columbus. I started working for the Ohio Attorney General's Office. Tony Celebrezze was the Attorney General at the time. I spent a year in a section that was then called Administrative — No. It was called Government Agencies. And we provided advice to numerous administrative agencies of the State of Ohio. I was responsible for several of those agencies.

The Attorney General then started a section to enforce Ohio's prevailing wage law. I became the first chief of that section, and I did that for a year.

Then I spent a year as the Assistant Chief of Medicaid Fraud, where I supervised the financial auditors and worked with a grand jury investigating Medicaid fraud.

I then left the Attorney General's Office, and I went to Crabbe, Brown and James, where I spent 22 years or so at that law firm. My legal career there sort of evolved. I started doing -- About two years, I started doing a lot of accident litigation. I then started doing a lot of products liability litigation.

I worked with the -- We were representing Chrysler at the time, which is where I met David Richards. He was part of Crabbe Brown at that time. And we worked together, with Charlie Brown, defending Jeep rollover cases and a number of product liability cases involving Chrysler products.

My career then evolved again. I started representing a company that was doing a lot of trademark investigations, and I sort of became their outside general counsel. That company was PICA. I was working with them, doing sort of not criminal investigations, but very akin to criminal investigations where we were trying ferret out counterfeiters, making buys, and working our way up the chain. And I was providing the legal advice for those investigations.

That also started me doing some international work. The company was doing work all over the world. I represented the State of Ohio in three class-action lawsuits against all the mental state hospitals. I represented the City of Columbus in a 1983 action involving police activities.

I then started getting asked to do business and

commercial litigation. I didn't have a background in business. So, 19 years or so after I got my J.D., I went back to law school; and I got an LL.M. in business and tax, not necessarily to do tax, but simply so I could understand business better.

So, my practice, after that, changed to a combination of I was still doing a lot of litigation, but I was doing a lot of sort of business and some business litigation, which, you know, brings us up to -- I don't know -- maybe about 2003, when I became involved with this case because of my international background and my Spanish and some of the other things.

I was at Crabbe Brown 'til 2008. In 2008, I left to work with PICA. I worked with PICA for about ten or eleven months. Mr. Volpi and I, who I had represented for a number of years, had a dispute about the nature of how the business should go, and so I left.

I then spent the next three years representing Motley Rice, which I had represented in the lead paint litigation throughout the State of Ohio. They were then in a lawsuit with Sherwin Williams and Jones Day. So, I essentially had one case, which was representing Motley Rice. I hired Kegler Brown to be my co-counsel in that case. And I spent the next two-and-a-half to three years essentially traveling to Cuba, trying to develop a lot of ties and a lot of business with respect to Cuba, sort of anticipating the current scenario.

In 2011, I went to work for Kegler Brown as the team

leader for Latin America and started a practice focused on Cuba, as well.

3 My work at Kegler Brown is sort of multi-disciplinary. 4 I get involved in cases that involve a variety of issues: 5 Civil, regulatory, criminal; for example, if there are expert control violations and those sort of things. I have 6 7 done -- I've done FCPA investigations, internal corporate investigations with respect to large companies in Asia, and I 8 9 get involved in basically anything that has to do with Latin 10 America or Spanish because I spent a significant amount of time 11 also writing documents, legal documents, in English and 12 Spanish.

- Q. And does that bring us current on your legal career?
- 14 A. I think so.
- Q. Let's shift gears. Mr. Alcalde, are you familiar with the word "Bandagro"?
- 17 A. Yes.

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- 18 Q. What does "Bandagro" mean?
- A. Well, "Bandagro" means two things to me. It means the
  Bandagro Bank in Venezuela or the notes that are at issue, as
  well. So, sometimes I refer to the Bandagro notes as the notes
  at issue in this litigation. Obviously, it all initiates with
  the Bandagro Bank.
  - Q. And is the word "Bandagro" a shortened name for the bank?

A. Yes.

1

- Q. What is the full name?
- 3 A. Banco de Desarrollo Agropecuario.
- 4 Q. We'll refer to it as "Bandagro" --
- 5 A. Yes.
- 6 Q. -- for simplicity.

7 Approximately when did you first hear the name

# 8 "Bandagro"?

- 9 A. I would say sometime in the fall, early winter, of 2003.
- 10 | The exact date, I'm not sure. But either David Richards or
- 11 John Kennedy -- well, probably David Richards -- mentioned to
- me that there was something that he wanted me to look at with
- 13 respect to a matter in Venezuela.
- 14 Q. In 2003, you were employed at Crabbe Brown at the time;
- 15 | is that correct?
- 16 A. Correct.
- 17 Q. Have you told the Court all you recall from your first
- 18 recollections of hearing about Bandagro?
- 19 A. Well, I mean, I recall that I was given a document to
- 20 read at some point in time, which turned out to be a copy of
- 21 | the opinion of the Attorney General of Venezuela. And I was
- 22 | asked to call an attorney in Caracas, Venezuela, by the name of
- 23 Miguel Jacir.
- 24 And I recall that I was in John Kennedy's office, and we
- 25 | made a call to Miguel Jacir. He had been -- I think the time

had been prearranged. I don't recall if I had prearranged the time of the call or if someone else had, but there was a set time for me to call Dr. Jacir. And I recall that John Kennedy and Dave Richards were in the office at the time.

- Q. Were you asked to undertake any specific tasks with respect to, or that related to, Bandagro?
- A. Well, yes. I mean, it was sort of an evolving -- I was initially asked to read the document that I was given. I was initially asked to talk to Dr. Jacir on the telephone and sort of start getting an understanding of the meaning and effect of this opinion that the Attorney General of Venezuela had issued.

Then, after that initial phone call, after that initial reading of the decision, which I was not reading in any context, of course, I started having more communications with Dr. Jacir in sort of trying to get an understanding of the context of this opinion.

I recall that he had sent me a copy of the text of the law that applied to the Attorney General of Venezuela which was at issue. I then started doing Internet searches for what I could learn about this decision and the Bandagro Bank. And I would guess I was engaged in a process of learning both facts and law with respect to this opinion, the circumstances surrounding the opinion, the aftermath of the opinion, which culminated in a trip that Mr. Richards and I took to Caracas, Venezuela.

I believe our first trip was sometime in April of 2004, where I -- I and Mr. Richards spent the better part of -- I think we were there a couple of days, but pretty much the better part of a day and a half, meeting with Dr. Jacir at his house.

Later, we went to his office, obtained some documents. Then I had a meeting with Roman Delgado and Oscar Guzman. It was a dinner meeting with Mr. Guzman, who, as I learned, had been the individual that had led the investigation for the Ministry of Finance.

- Q. I'm going to break those down in a moment and kind of explore those. But, before we do, did you have an understanding of why you were being asked to perform these tasks that you described?
- A. I didn't have an understanding, initially, other than Mr. Richards thought that this was something that he wanted to get a good understanding about. As this timeline progressed, I understood that Mr. Richards, representing a number of investors, was evaluating whether or not this opinion of the Attorney General of Venezuela was final and binding and whether or not he wanted to invest in the notes that were the subject of the opinion.
- Q. Okay. Let me pause right there for a second and ask you to look at Exhibits 1 and 2 in Binder Number 1, please. That's Binder Number 1, Exhibits 1 and 2.

Mr. Alcalde, you've been handed the original documents of Exhibits 1 and 2. Could you identify those for the record, please?

- A. Yes. These appear to be the notes that were eventually obtained by Skye Ventures and which I had seen in Europe and then were later delivered to my office at Crabbe, Brown and James.
- Q. Are the notes designated in some way?

- A. Yes. One note is designated "7/12," and the other note is designated "8/12."
  - Q. You have the originals in hand.

MR. C. COOPER: And, Your Honor, with the Court's permission, we'll retain the originals, but introduce copies to replace them.

THE COURT: I assume there is no objection. Is that correct?

MR. SCHWARTZ: Well, there is an objection to the extent that any of what's recited in the document would be submitted for the truth of it because --

THE COURT: Actually, the witness said -- I think he used the word "purported." At this point, this is what the trial is about, but let's just identify them as where we start. Is that fair enough?

MR. SCHWARTZ: There is no question that these are the two notes that the Plaintiff is trying to enforce. There are

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     substantial questions about authenticity and hearsay.
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              THE COURT: I understand. But, in terms of what was
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     just requested by Mr. Cooper, you hold on to the originals.
     The copies, for now, will suffice. We may have to have some
 4
 5
     people review the originals. So, they have to be around, but
     the copies satisfy you, Mr. Schwartz, for now?
 6
 7
              MR. SCHWARTZ: Yes.
              THE COURT: Very good.
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 9
              MR. SCHWARTZ: I don't want to have to keep popping up
10
     and saying we contest the authenticity and it's pervaded by
11
     hearsay.
12
              THE COURT: Right.
13
              MR. SCHWARTZ: So, hopefully, that will be understood.
              THE COURT: That is the number-one triable issue in
14
15
     the case. So you don't need to do that.
16
              MR. SCHWARTZ: Thank you.
17
              THE COURT: Thank you.
18
       BY MR. C. COOPER:
19
            Mr. Alcalde, you've mentioned in your testimony an
20
     Attorney General opinion, or an opinion that you had reviewed.
21
     Did you receive a copy of this opinion?
22
       Α.
            Yes.
23
            Do you recall approximately when you received a copy of
       Q.
24
     it?
            I don't recall approximately when, but I'm assuming
25
       Α.
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1
     sometime in that October-November-December time period.
 2
       Q.
            Of what year?
 3
       Α.
            2003.
              MR. C. COOPER: Could I ask that the witness be given
 4
     Exhibit 3 from Binder 1, please?
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              THE COURT: It's Binder 2.
 6
 7
              MR. C. COOPER: I'm sorry, Your Honor. We do have
     that -- We had combined them into 1 and 2.
 8
            That's correct.
9
10
       BY MR. C. COOPER:
11
            Mr. Alcalde, could you identify exhibit -- Plaintiff's
     Exhibit 3, please?
12
13
            Well, part -- The first 32 pages or so -- Okay. Well,
14
     here's what is confusing me. You've given me an English one.
     And, of course, I didn't see an English one until much later.
15
16
            So, the first part of this appears to be a translation
17
     of the opinion of the Attorney General of October 3, 2003.
            Then we appear to have a copy, in Spanish, of the
18
19
     opinion of the Attorney General of Venezuela dated October 3,
20
     2003.
21
            Then we appear to have another copy of the opinion of
22
     the Attorney General of Venezuela dated October 3, 2003.
              THE COURT: Mr. Schwartz, is there an objection?
23
24
              MR. SCHWARTZ: No. I'm just trying to --
25
              THE COURT: That's all right. You can stand.
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1
              MR. SCHWARTZ: -- take stock of the bulk of this
 2
     exhibit.
              THE WITNESS: Likewise.
 3
              THE COURT: Well, just for my edification, we start
 4
     with the English version --
 5
              THE WITNESS: Right.
 6
 7
              THE COURT: -- that Mr. Alcalde just mentioned.
            The translation is not disputed; is that correct?
 8
 9
              MR. SCHWARTZ: The first part of this, I don't believe
10
     so. But this is a very large document. And actually embedded
11
     within -- By the way, I hope it's okay for me to be speaking
12
     from here.
13
              THE COURT: Yes.
14
              MR. SCHWARTZ: Embedded within this document are many
     objectionable aspects, but I'm trying not to disrupt the
15
16
     examination any more than is necessary.
17
              THE COURT: All right.
              MR. C. COOPER: Your Honor, just for clarification,
18
19
     what we've done with this translation is, we've taken
20
     Venezuela's translation, Defendant's translation, and used that
21
     in this case.
22
              THE COURT: So, as far as this document, there is not
23
     a dispute as to the interpretation?
24
              MR. SCHWARTZ: As far as the English translation that
     appears at the outset of this voluminous exhibit, that's
25
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1 correct.

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THE COURT: Okay.

MR. C. COOPER: There will be an explanation of one word at the end of this; but for the bulk of the document, the translation, I don't believe there is a dispute.

THE COURT: All right. Very good.

THE WITNESS: Then the last copy of the October 3rd opinion appears to be one copy in which Oscar Guzman has certified each page of the opinion.

## BY MR. C. COOPER:

- Q. I'm going to ask you, for now, to just set aside that, the October 3, 2003, opinion. And I want to go back and have you walk through, for the Court, the steps that you took. You indicated that you recalled, in the early stages, speaking with an individual named Miguel Jacir?
- 16 A. Yes.
  - Q. Could you spell his last name for the Court, please?
- 18 | A. J-a-c-i-r.
- 19 Q. And who was Mr. Jacir?
- A. Dr. Jacir, as I learned, was the attorney for Gruppo
  Triad that presented the claim in Venezuela respecting the
  Bandagro notes at issue.
- Q. Do you recall approximately when you first spoke with Mr. Jacir?
- 25 A. Sometime in October-November 2003.

Q. What did you discuss in the first conversation?

A. Well, frankly, I had a very difficult time understanding Dr. Jacir, but the intent of the telephone call was to discuss the Attorney General opinion and its meaning, impact, relevance.

- Q. Let me interrupt. Why did you have a difficult time understanding Mr. Jacir?
- A. Well, I didn't -- I had never met Dr. Jacir; and I didn't realize, of course, when I called him, that he had Parkinson's. And, so, I was asked to call Dr. Jacir. And, you know, he's not an easy person to understand until you realize that he's got Parkinson's and, you know, you attune yourself to his speech pattern. And, since I had no clue, I really had a really hard time. And when you don't know somebody and you're not understanding what they're saying and you don't want to keep saying "Slow down and repeat it," I mean, I did it a couple of times; but, you know, it starts getting embarrassing.

So, frankly, you know, when I left that conversation, you know, I jokingly thought that I was pretty sure that David Richards and John Kennedy didn't believe that I really spoke Spanish because I had — you know, I was not able to really — you know, I said more "I don't know" than anything else.

And — but, you know, we spoke, I'm sure, a few more times. I started getting attune to it.

I still didn't know that Dr. Jacir was suffering from

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1
     Parkinson's until I actually met him in Caracas in April, but
 2
     he sent me an e-mail with the law. And I started reading that.
 3
     I started doing my own research. And then, you know, we
 4
     finally went down there to meet Dr. Jacir.
 5
              THE COURT: Let me jump in.
            You refer to him as "Doctor." What is the significance
 6
 7
     of that title?
              THE WITNESS: Your Honor, he's not a medical doctor.
 8
9
     He's a legal doctor. But, in Latin American countries, unlike
10
     the U.S., lawyers go by "Doctor."
11
              THE COURT: You could probably convince most of the
12
     people in the room to go with that designation.
              THE WITNESS: I'd almost like to.
13
14
              MR. SCHWARTZ: Or Doctora.
              THE COURT: But this is the designation all lawyers in
15
16
     Venezuela would use?
17
              THE WITNESS: Yes, sir. Doctor, yeah.
18
              THE COURT: Thank you.
19
              MR. SCHWARTZ: Doctor or Doctora.
20
              MR. C. COOPER: Your Honor, we'll see that in the
21
     correspondence and pleadings with "Doctor," and then "DRA" for
22
     Doctora.
23
              THE WITNESS: If I'm referring to a medical doctor,
24
     I'll make that difference.
25
              THE COURT: Thank you.
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              MR. SCHWARTZ: That won't happen until
 2
     cross-examination.
 3
              THE WITNESS: I don't know how to take that.
       BY MR. C. COOPER:
 4
 5
            Did you communicate with Dr. Jacir in writing?
            Yes. I think there were a few e-mails. But, really, I
 6
       Α.
 7
     mean, bulk -- most of my conversation -- you know, I don't know
     that I had a lot of communications with Dr. Jacir until I
 8
9
     actually went down and met him.
10
              MR. C. COOPER: Could I have the witness be handed
11
     Exhibit 78, please, in Binder 6?
12
              COURTROOM DEPUTY CLERK: Binder --
              MR. C. COOPER: -- 6.
13
       BY MR. C. COOPER:
14
            Mr. Alcalde, you've been handed Plaintiff's Exhibit 78.
15
16
     Do you recognize this document?
17
       Α.
            Well, it appears to be an e-mail that I sent to Mr.
18
     Kennedy and Mr. Richards on or about February 14, 2004. By
19
     reading the text that's visible on here, I assume that I had
20
     spoken to Dr. Jacir again on the telephone and was relaying
21
     what Dr. Jacir had stated.
22
       Q.
            Did you send this e-mail on or about February 14th of
23
     2004?
24
       Α.
            I would have sent it on the date that is stated on here.
25
       Q.
            Do you have knowledge of the information that's set
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forth in your e-mail?

- A. Well, I have knowledge that I spoke to Dr. Jacir and what he told me about the -- "PG" there, Procuradora General, Attorney General.
  - Q. When you practiced at Crabbe Brown --

MR. SCHWARTZ: Excuse me for a second.

Your Honor, just to make sure we have the ground rules straight for something like this, consistent with the colloquy we had at the pretrial conference, I'm operating under the assumption, when we have a document with an out-of-court statement like this and there is just testimony of this nature, it's not necessary to stand up every time and say "hearsay": we'll deal with it if the document is ever moved into evidence later?

THE COURT: Well, as I understand -- I'll hear from both of you on this -- this would otherwise be hearsay, but you're offering this more in an area of reliance, not so much the truth of the matter?

MR. C. COOPER: Yes, Your Honor.

THE COURT: And your position?

MR. SCHWARTZ: If the Plaintiff -- Well, let me back up half a step.

As we've said before, and I'm not going to belabor right now, we don't think that there is any place for reliance in the case. And I'm not going to explain it any further.

THE COURT: We discussed this on Friday. You understand my view is narrower. It's not reliance in a general sense, but with regard to the opinion we're talking about, and only that.

MR. SCHWARTZ: Yes. And that creates trouble from our standpoint because, if there is any reliance in the case, then we believe it can't be so narrowly cabined; but that's an argument, I think, for another moment.

But, for now, since the document is not being introduced into evidence and I'm trying, in the context of a bench trial, not to be obstreperous, I just want to make sure we understand that our not popping up every time for something like this is without prejudice to our later opposing the introduction of the exhibit.

THE COURT: Right. And, at this point, it's not being offered. So, that's all fine.

You may continue.

MR. C. COOPER: Thank you, Your Honor.

BY MR. C. COOPER:

- Q. Mr. Alcalde, this e-mail is addressed to John Kennedy. Who is John Kennedy?
- A. He was a partner of mine at Crabbe Brown.
- 23 Q. And it's addressed to D. Richards. Who is D. Richards?
- 24 A. David Richards.
- Q. In this e-mail, there is a reference to the PG. What

1 does that refer to?

- 2 A. The Attorney General of Venezuela.
- 3 Q. And why is it "PG"?
- 4 A. That's -- That would have been using the Spanish.
- 5 Q. And which stands for what?
- 6 A. Procuradura General.
- Q. In the -- In this e-mail, there is a reference to wanting you to read the law first. What does that refer to?
- 9 A. He wanted me to read the organic law of the Attorney
  10 General.
- 11 Q. Were you able to do that?
- 12 A. Yes.
- 13 Q. How did you obtain a copy of it?
- 14 A. He sent me a copy.
- MR. C. COOPER: Could we show the witness Exhibit 121
- 16 in the same binder?
- BY MR. C. COOPER:
- Q. Mr. Alcalde, you've been handed Plaintiff's Exhibit 121.
- 19 Could you identify that, please?
- 20 A. This is an e-mail that I received on or about February
- 21 14, 2004, with the address for Miguel Jacir. And embedded in
- 22 the e-mail is the text for the organic law of the Attorney
- 23 General of Venezuela.
- Q. When you received e-mails such as this related to
- 25 | Bandagro, did you retain them as part of the file?

- A. Well, I am assuming that this e-mail was retained.
- Q. Was it your practice to retain the e-mails that you either sent or received related to the Bandagro matter?
- A. It was my practice to retain e-mails that were what I thought material.
- Q. In general terms, what is the text -- You don't need to read it, but what is set forth in this Exhibit 121?
- A. The text of the -- Well, it starts out with what we can call the legislative intent of the law, exposicion de motivos -- e-x-p-o-s-i-c-i-o-n -- new word d-e -- motivos, m-o-t-i-v-o-s -- which is akin to the legislative intent. And then we go into the actual articles of the law.
- MR. C. COOPER: Could we have the witness be given

  Exhibit 7 from Binder 3?
- 15 BY MR. C. COOPER:
- Q. Mr. Alcalde, do you have Exhibit 7, Plaintiff's Exhibit 7?
- 18 A. Yes.

23

24

25

1

- Q. All right. It might be a little easier -- What is Plaintiff's Exhibit 7?
- 21 A. Exhibit 121 was the text of the law -- I'm sorry -- was
  22 the text of the law in Spanish.

And Exhibit 7 appears to be an English translation of the organic law of the Attorney General and, I should add, the organic law at the time of the issuance of the opinion of the

Attorney General of October 2003.

- Q. Did that subsequently change?
- A. I don't know. But, since I'm not sure, I thought I'd make that clear.

THE COURT: What's the date of this?

THE WITNESS: December -- Well, let's see -- 2001 is the presidential decree here. It looks like it was signed and published in the Official Gazette of Venezuela on the 13th of December 2000.

THE COURT: All right. Thank you.

And, Mr. Cooper, is it your position this would have been in effect in 2003-2004?

MR. C. COOPER: It is, Your Honor. I don't believe there is any dispute.

THE COURT: All right.

16 BY MR. C. COOPER:

- Q. Mr. Alcalde, what is the significance, if any, of this information, the legislative history, if you will, and the organic law of the Attorney General, to your task of assessing the Attorney General opinion?
- A. Well, I was -- I was informed by Dr. Jacir that the opinion of the Attorney General of October 3, 2003, was final and binding against the Republic of Venezuela. And, so, I wanted to get a better understanding of that, obviously, by doing several things.

Number one, since I speak Spanish, I wanted to read the actual text of the statutes myself and understand them. And I also wanted to hire the best experts in Venezuela that I could find to shed light on what Dr. Jacir was telling me with respect to the finality of the Attorney General's opinion.

And as I -- you know. This was an evolution on my part. The more I learned, the more I wanted to learn about it. And so I wanted to understand the process, and I even looked at -- I got a copy of the constitution of Venezuela. I got a copy of administrative procedure statutes. And I engaged in discussions with, at least in my opinion, preeminent experts on the law in Venezuela.

- Q. Let's focus for a moment on the exhibit before you,
  Exhibit 7. What, if anything, did you learn about the organic
  law of the Attorney General's Office as you undertook to
  educate yourself about it?
- A. Sure. I learned that, in 1999, a new constitution had been enacted in Venezuela with the takeover of the Government by El Partido Bolivariano, the Bolivarian Party, and with Hugo Chavez becoming President.

After the new constitution was enacted, this specific law -- There could have been other laws, but I was focusing on this specific law. This specific law was enacted, as it stated in the legislative intent, to bring the Attorney General within the framework of the new constitutional order and to, in

 $V_{0}1.1 - 30$ 

essence, empower the Attorney General of Venezuela as the sole and principal attorney representing the State of Venezuela in looking out for the interests of the patrimony of the State.

And it was -- it was important and, you know, it was set forth in the legislative intent that that was the role of the Attorney General.

In addition to that, the law created, what it says in the legislative intent, an administrative procedure for claims against the Republic of Venezuela, and also says in the legislative intent to raise the relevancy of the role of the Attorney General with respect to deciding the legality of claims against the State and to also serve as a check on the activities of other ministers when the patrimony of Venezuela was at stake.

And, so, the significance to me was, number one, that this was a new law; that the legislative — that the General Assembly was pretty clear in the intent and role for the Attorney General, this new role for the Attorney General; and then, of course, there was the articles that dealt with what happens when there's a claim against the State of Venezuela and the role of the Attorney General with respect to those claims.

So, the significance to me was that, as I was speaking to Dr. Jacir, as I was talking to experts in Venezuela about this law, you know, I was reading the text of these laws myself; and I was able to ask questions about the text of these

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1
     laws to the attorneys and, you know, pose hypotheticals and,
 2
     you know, what if this and what if that, those sort of things.
 3
       Q.
            You mentioned looking at articles or provisions of the
     new organic law itself. Could you turn to, in Exhibit 7, to
 4
     the page that's Bates stamped SKYE57, SKYE00057, please?
 5
       Α.
 6
            Yes.
 7
            Am I going to need some of these exhibits? It's getting
     a little crowded over here.
 8
9
              COURTROOM DEPUTY CLERK: You can just put them down.
              THE WITNESS: I want to make sure they don't all fall
10
11
     at some point.
12
              COURTROOM DEPUTY CLERK: That's fine.
13
              THE COURT: I don't want to say I told you so, but I
14
     warned you about multiple binders with witnesses on Friday.
15
     But go ahead.
16
              MR. C. COOPER: And, Your Honor, I think we'll rectify
17
     that on a break.
              THE COURT: Very good.
18
19
       BY MR. C. COOPER:
20
            Mr. Alcalde, looking at the page within Exhibit 7 marked
       Ο.
21
     "Skye 57," could you tell us the significance, if any, of the
22
     text on this page?
23
            Yes. So, I read this text.
       Α.
24
              MR. SCHWARTZ: Excuse me for a second.
25
            I'm going to have to object to that question, Your
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     Honor, to the extent it's calling for Mr. Alcalde, who's not a
 2
     Venezuelan lawyer or a legal scholar, to be opining on the
 3
     significance of Venezuelan statutory provisions.
            If the understanding of the question is what did he take
 4
 5
     this to mean in the course of the assessment he was doing,
     that's fine. But the question is posed as though it's
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 7
     addressed to an expert.
              THE COURT: Yeah. And I think there is a nuance
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9
     there.
10
            I think you would agree with that, Mr. Cooper?
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              MR. C. COOPER: I agree, Your Honor.
12
              THE COURT: You'll each have experts on this issue,
13
     anyway.
              MR. C. COOPER: Sure.
14
15
              THE COURT: So I'll listen to -- You can go ahead and
16
     finish the answer.
17
              MR. SCHWARTZ: And, again, I'm not going to keep
18
     standing up every this time happens. Okay?
19
              THE COURT: Right.
20
              MR. C. COOPER: We're not trying to qualify Mr.
21
     Alcalde as an expert on Venezuelan law.
22
              THE COURT: Yes. I understood.
23
            You may answer.
24
              THE WITNESS: Could you repeat the question?
       BY MR. C. COOPER:
25
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Q. As you were assessing the laws in an effort to understand the impact of the Attorney General opinion, what significance, if any, did the text on this page have in that process?

A. Well, the significance to me was that, you know, I read the relevant portions of the organic law of the Attorney General with respect to the process of what happens when a claim is filed with a minister that allegedly owes a debt; that that minister is supposed to, in essence, you know, conduct an investigation, then submit that investigation, duly documented, to the Attorney General for the Attorney General to decide whether the claim is under Venezuelan law procedente or not procedente -- p-r-o-c-e-d-e-n-t-e, procedente -- which my interpretation of "procedente" means whether it was a lawful claim or not.

And, so, the significance to me was that, when that -that -- I was reading, firsthand, the text that indicated that
the -- well, and then the text went on to say that the opinion
of the Attorney General was in this -- in the English
translation, it says has a binding effect. In Spanish, the
word is "vinculante" -- v-i-n-c-u-l-a-n-t-e -- meaning that
it's final and binding.

- Q. And where within the articles do we see -- well, at least where do we see the English?
- 25 A. Article 56. And, in this particular translation,

it's -- This translation says, her legal opinion -- If we look in Article 56, the next-to-the-last sentence, it said: "her legal opinion concerning the admissibility of the claim."

I dispute that translation. I dispute that the word "procedente" means admissible. The word "procedente" means lawful, in the right, not admissible.

- Q. And, when you say "procedente," we have been looking at the English translation on SKYE57. Within the same exhibit, in the second half of it, there's the Bates number Skye 57. Could you point to us, in the Spanish version, where we would find "procedente"?
  - A. Which exhibit?
- 13 Q. Same exhibit.

A. Oh! The Spanish is behind? Okay.

So, if we go to -- if you go to Skye 57 and we look at Article 56 in the Spanish, the third sentence from the -- We can see the word "vinculante" closing the last sentence, but the sentence above reads: "Su opinion juridica respecto a la procedencia o no de la reclamacion."

Let me spell that for you.

First word is s-u. Then opinion, o-p-i-n-i-o-n. The next word is j-u-r-i-d-i-c-a. The next word is r-e-s-p-e-c-t-o. The letter a. The next word is l-a. Procedencia is p-r-o-c-e-d-e-n-c-i-a. The letter o, a new word. Then the word n-o. D-e. New word l-a. New word

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r-e-c-l-a-m-a-c-i-o-n.
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Q. Mr. Alcalde, you've said --

MR. SCHWARTZ: Excuse me for a second, Your Honor.

THE COURT: My first question -- then I want to hear from you -- is do we have a translation dispute here, because if we do, we've talked about how we're going to resolve that?

MR. SCHWARTZ: The parties don't have a dispute.

THE COURT: All right.

MR. SCHWARTZ: It appears that the Plaintiff has a dispute with Mr. Alcalde.

This is a Plaintiff's Exhibit.

THE COURT: Is the word in question with Mr. Alcalde going to have some legal significance as we go forward?

MR. C. COOPER: I believe it is, Your Honor.

THE COURT: All right. And, then, you know, I'd mentioned to you I'm not fluent in Spanish. I'm not the person to resolve this.

Do we need to go to the third party, agreed upon, to make the translation final decision?

MR. C. COOPER: We may. What I'm simply asking Mr. Alcalde is, as he read this, what was his understanding of that phrase.

THE COURT: All right. And you had another matter,
Mr. Schwartz.

MR. SCHWARTZ: I have this matter: I'm going to

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 1
     object to the testimony and move to strike it.
            This is the Plaintiff's exhibit and the Plaintiff's
 2
 3
     exhibit translation. The case has been going on since 2004. I
 4
     haven't been with the case since 2004; but, to the best of my
 5
     knowledge --
              THE COURT: Well, let me ask you directly, when did
 6
 7
     you first become aware of this translation issue? Was it just
 8
     now?
9
              MR. SCHWARTZ: Yes.
10
              THE COURT: All right.
11
              MR. C. COOPER: Well, I don't know that that's true,
12
     Your Honor.
13
              MR. SCHWARTZ: I'm speaking for myself. I tell you
14
     I'm blind-sided that Mr. Alcalde is taking issue with the
     translation that the Plaintiff has --
15
16
              THE COURT: All right. It's a one-word issue.
17
            Is that right? Is that what you said, Mr. Alcalde?
              THE WITNESS: Well, Your Honor, I've always taken
18
19
     issue with that word, even when I was litigating the case.
20
     I've always taken issue with it.
21
              THE COURT: You're a witness now.
22
            Lawyers as witnesses, always an issue. But here is my
23
     question: There is a word -- Is it a single word that's in
24
     dispute, or is it a phrase?
25
              THE WITNESS: It's an important word.
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Vol. 1 -
 1
              THE COURT: But one word?
 2
              THE WITNESS: One word, yes.
 3
              THE COURT: Let's just write this down. What's the
 4
     word?
 5
              THE WITNESS: Procedencia, p-r-o-c-e-d-e-n-c-i-a.
              THE COURT: All right. And just so I'm clear, your
 6
 7
     understanding of that word would be --
              THE WITNESS: That it's lawful, in accordance with
 8
9
     law, not -- The term that was used in the translation is
10
     "admissible."
11
            I can elaborate why I dispute it.
12
              THE COURT: No. In other words, it's in accordance
13
     with law, versus admissible in law?
14
              THE WITNESS: Yes, sir. Yes, sir.
15
              THE COURT: And do you both see some legal consequence
16
     as to which of the two is accepted?
17
              MR. SCHWARTZ: Potentially, although I would add that
18
     we just can't focus on one word in the context of a clause like
19
     this. It needs to be read in context. But, from our
20
     standpoint, the larger issue is that the parties have been
21
     working with the one translation forever.
22
              THE COURT: And that's the other one: The admissible
23
     in law?
24
              MR. SCHWARTZ: Yeah.
25
              THE COURT: That's what you're assuming?
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MR. SCHWARTZ: I'm reading from the Plaintiff's exhibit. This is the version that's been in circulation. The Plaintiff has never taken issue with its own translation of its own exhibit. And I think it's very late in the day to attempt to do that by having Mr. Alcalde as some type of translation —

THE COURT: There are one of two ways this could happen. Obviously, we'd want the witness to be scrupulously truthful as he goes through this. And if he disagrees with an interpretation, he should say so, but that doesn't mean that you have disputed what has been originally agreed upon.

Where are we with that, Mr. Cooper?

MR. C. COOPER: Your Honor, our position has been throughout this case, I believe, as Mr. Alcalde indicated, even before we were involved, there was a dispute over that word. In order to get past those disputes during the pleading stage -- This wasn't our translation -- we adopted Venezuela's, or just simply used, their translation, but recognized that that word, to the extent it is a significant difference -- and I'm not convinced that it is, but --

THE COURT: Do we know at this -- I can't see -- I don't know what else is coming from your experts, so I don't want to be presumptuous, but these two are not irreconcilable terms, it wouldn't seem to me.

MR. SCHWARTZ: Well, they may be because Mr. Alcalde is trying to add another dimension to binding by adding the

word "final," and it may have potential significance.

THE COURT: That's why we went through this. What I'd written down doesn't include the word "final." That's one of the key issues here, it would seem to me. But neither one of these interpretations address that issue, do they?

MR. SCHWARTZ: Well, I heard Mr. Alcalde say he was taking issue with the translation to that extent. But my point is substantive, but also procedural.

You asked us to iron these types of issues out.

THE COURT: That part, I understand.

MR. SCHWARTZ: We ironed. And here we are with this Plaintiff's exhibit.

THE COURT: I told you my intention will be -- You've agreed on it, first and fortunately, but any interpretation issue is going to be sent to someone with special knowledge in Spanish. And we can do that quickly, I understand. But I would just caution you there has to be some reason. If it's just a phrase that when you put these side by side they have no legal consequence, then we're spinning wheels.

MR. SCHWARTZ: Correct. This one may have, but I don't view this as a translation dispute in the sense that you've contemplated there may be any. This is a situation where there was no dispute until a moment ago.

THE COURT: I understand. Well, unless you can persuade me that there is some legal effect to this -- if there

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1
     is, then we need the third party involved. But at this point
 2
     you're willing to indicate you're not sure? Would that be the
 3
     best way to put it?
 4
              MR. SCHWARTZ: I think the Plaintiff has to live with
     its own exhibit. That's our stance. I'm telling you there is
 5
     not a dispute that needs being outsourced to the translation
 6
 7
     czar.
            I don't think Mr. Alcalde should be permitted to testify
 8
9
     as the faux translation --
10
              THE COURT: Well, if there is a dispute, I've already
11
     said I'm not going to resolve an interpretation dispute.
12
     quess the question to you, Mr. Cooper, is do we need to
13
     activate our dispute resolution as far as language?
14
              MR. C. COOPER: I mean, I don't know that we do, but
15
     we can certainly consult and let the Court know. It can be
16
     done very quickly if we do need to.
17
              THE COURT: I'll note, at this point, we have sort of
18
     a dissident unresolved chord, so to speak.
19
            So, with that, you may continue.
20
              MR. C. COOPER: Thank you.
21
       BY MR. C. COOPER:
22
            So, Mr. Alcalde, as you read the statute -- What I'm
23
     seeking is your understanding of it as you began to form
24
     impressions about the law and how it interacted with the
25
     Attorney General's opinion.
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A. Well, my impression of it is that the opinion of the

Attorney General was issued in accordance with the organic law

of Venezuela from what I was reading and learning -- from the

organic law of the Attorney General. I'm sorry.

MR. C. COOPER: And so the record is clear and in response to one of the Court's questions, if we could hand the witness Exhibit 8, please, which I believe is a joint exhibit.

Is it 15 or 16? This is in Binder 3.

BY MR. C. COOPER:

- Q. Mr. Alcalde, do you have Exhibit 8 in front of you?
- 11 A. I do.

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- Q. All right. And does that indicate the date, the
  effective date, of the Attorney General -- the organic law of
  the Attorney General that we've been discussing?
- 15 A. It has a date of November 13, 2001, at the top.
  - Q. You've indicated that, in the course of trying to get an understanding of Venezuelan law, you also reviewed other sources of law, other statutes. Did I understand you correctly?
  - A. Yes.
  - Q. All right. In Binder 4 --

MR. C. COOPER: Could we have the exhibit -- the witness be handed Exhibits 31, 32 and 33, please?

COURTROOM DEPUTY CLERK: Binder 4?

MR. C. COOPER: Binder 4. And it's 31, 32 and 33.

- 1 BY MR. C. COOPER:
- Q. Mr. Alcalde, do you have Exhibit 31 in front of you?
- 3 A. I do.
- 4 Q. What is Plaintiff's Exhibit 31?
- 5 A. It is the Spanish copy of the Constitution of Venezuela 6 of 1999.
- Q. At the bottom, there is a footer, kind of a print line there. Do you see the date to the right: 5-6, 2004?
- 9 A. Yes.
- 10 Q. What, if anything, does that indicate?
- 11 A. Most likely, the day that I may have printed this off.
- 12 Q. Did you review the Venezuelan Constitution, the 1999
- Constitution, as part of your efforts to get an understanding
- of the impact of the Attorney General opinion?
- 15 A. Yeah. I reviewed -- I didn't review all of the
- 16 | Constitution, but I reviewed the parts that dealt with the
- 17 Attorney General, which start on Article 247 and go through
- 18 | 250. I reviewed a little bit about how the Council of
- 19 | Ministers was set up in Venezuela. I may have looked at a
- 20 | couple other sections, but I mostly focused on the
- 21 | constitutional basis and foundation for the Office of Attorney
- 22 General.
- Q. If you could turn to Exhibit 32, please.
- A. (Witness complies.)
- Q. What is Exhibit -- Can you identify Exhibit 32 for us,

4.3

please?

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It is the Organic Law of the Supreme Court of Venezuela in Spanish.

- Ο. Did you review this document during your efforts to --
- I printed it out. I'm not sure that I spent a whole lot of time on it, but I printed out -- I must have had some 7 interest in it at the time.
  - Q. If you could turn to Exhibit 33, please.
- 9 Exhibit 33 is the Organic Law of Public Administration. Α. It, again, has a printout date of June 24, 2004. I was 10 11 interested in getting some background on administrative 12 procedures in Venezuela.
  - Exhibits 31, 32 and 33, why did you review these Q. different laws?
    - Well, I mean, obviously, I wanted to understand -- When I -- When I read the legislative intent for the Organic Law of the Attorney General, the legislative intent cited to the Constitution and the Constitutional sort of role of the Attorney General of Venezuela. So, I was interested in going back and actually seeing what the Constitution of Venezuela of 1999 said about the role of the Attorney General.

My review of the administrative procedure law and the organic law was because I was interviewing and talking to some lawyers when I had been -- In June, I had been back to Caracas, and I had met with some lawyers that were experts in

1 | administrative law and administrative procedure in Caracas.

2 And I had engaged in conversations with them as I was trying to

- 3 | identify experts about the opinion of the Attorney General.
- 4 And, so, I was talking to lawyers who were experts in these
- 5 | various fields. And I don't know -- I kind of wanted to know
- 6 more about what they did and what the laws of Venezuela were
- 7 about.
- Q. During this time in 2004 when you were reviewing the law
- 9 pertaining to the Venezuelan Attorney General, did you attempt
- 10 to gather any information about Bandagro?
- 11 A. Yes.
- 12 Q. How did you go about trying to get information on
- 13 Bandagro?
- 14 A. Well, you know, it's, you know, hard to believe; but, in
- 15 | 2016 -- 2016, Googling or searching on the Internet is not the
- 16 same as 2004, although, you know, we kind of tend to forget.
- 17 | But, so, I was searching the Internet for newspapers in
- 18 Venezuela that were perhaps publishing stories about Bandagro.
- 19 At that time, I was at Crabbe Brown. I was in charge of
- 20 our electronic legal research contract. And, you know, I met
- 21 | with Lexis and Westlaw representatives and pushed to contract
- 22 | for databases, let's say, that, you know, might have -- that
- 23 might carry publications in Spanish, the Wall Street Journal,
- 24 | also, and those sort of things. And, so, I was doing what I
- 25 | could to, you know, do a lot of Internet research to try to get

1 stories about Bandagro and what was going on with it in

2 Venezuela.

MR. C. COOPER: Could I ask that the witness be given Plaintiff's Exhibit 74, which is in Binder 5?

COURTROOM DEPUTY CLERK: 74.

BY MR. C. COOPER:

- Q. Mr. Alcalde, I'll have you first flip through
  Plaintiff's Exhibit 74 and ask if you recognize the documents
  in Exhibit 74.
- A. Well, there are several documents here, but the first document is an article of June 29, 1981, with respect to a bank in Florida that had been involved in some Bandagro notes, ICC notes.
- Q. When did you obtain this?
  - A. I would have obtained that during the period of time that I was investigating Bandagro and, you know, learning about everything I could about Bandagro and the history of Bandagro. So I wasn't only trying to learn about the law of Venezuela, I was also trying to learn what I could about the history of the Bandagro Bank in Venezuela.

I had received from Dr. Jacir -- He and I had spoken about the history of that bank. I think he sent me an article that dealt with the banking situation in Venezuela in the early '80s. And, so, I was also trying to learn about -- what I could about the history of the Bandagro Bank, and also about,

just in general, Venezuela's management of its state banks and
Venezuela's management of its external debt. So these --

- Q. I'm sorry. In this first article, what significance, if any, did this have to your efforts to get an understanding of Bandagro?
- A. The significance here is on page 2 of this article, the second full paragraph This article dealt with a merger of two banks. And the merger the date of the merger, according to this article, was being held up over a dispute with Bandagro with respect to the mismanagement or the misplacement of some promissory notes of Bandagro in the amount of \$500 million.

So, the significance of this article, to me, was that, obviously, my task was to investigate the finality of the Attorney General's opinion with respect to a billion dollars in notes that were issued by the Bandagro Bank. So, the significance of when I found this article was — to me was, oh, okay, look, you know, here's a reported incident of the Bandagro Bank involving notes in the amount of a significant amount, \$500 million.

MR. SCHWARTZ: Excuse me a second.

Just for the record, Your Honor, I'm going to move to strike the answer to the extent it is intended for any purpose having to do with the truth of the various assertions in this document. If it's, again, information that was in Mr. Alcalde's head, that's the sole purpose, we understand.

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              THE COURT: I understand that's the sole purpose.
 2
     Isn't it?
 3
              MR. C. COOPER: Agreed, Your Honor.
              THE COURT: So, the objection is well taken. But I
 4
 5
     assume the answers will be given on that basis.
       BY MR. C. COOPER:
 6
 7
            Mr. Alcalde, what was the date of that article that you
       Q.
     just referred to?
 8
 9
            The date of the article is June 29, 1981.
       Α.
10
            If you can remind the Court, what is the date on the
       Q.
11
     promissory notes that you identified at the outset of this case
12
     as Exhibits 1 and 2?
13
            They were taken away. I don't want to guess.
14
              MR. SCHWARTZ: I think we can stipulate to what's on
15
     those documents, Your Honor. It's not an issue in dispute as
16
     to what it says.
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              THE COURT: Any objection to using the stipulation --
              MR. C. COOPER: No, Your Honor. We'll stipulate that
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19
     the date of the notes is December 7th, 1981.
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              MR. SCHWARTZ: That's what it says on the face of it.
21
     Yes.
22
              THE COURT: All right. Very good.
23
              THE WITNESS: Very good.
24
       BY MR. C. COOPER:
25
       Q.
            All right. Mr. Alcalde, if you could turn to the next
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1
     article, Exhibit 74. Do you recall -- do you recognize this
 2
     article?
 3
       Α.
            Yes.
 4
       Ο.
            Do you recall when you first saw it?
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            Yes. When I was investigating, as I said, the -- well,
       Α.
     the task that I'd been given with respect to Bandagro and the
 6
 7
     notes -- Can I just refer to that as the Bandagro matter so --
            (Nodding affirmatively.)
 8
       Q.
 9
            When I was investigating the Bandagro matter, obviously,
       Α.
10
     one of the issues was whether or not Venezuela had assumed the
11
     obligations of Bandagro. It was, obviously, a prominent issue
12
     in the opinion of the Attorney General. And, so, this was an
     article that, again, in my head, backed that up.
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14
              MR. SCHWARTZ: The same objection and limitation,
15
     please, Your Honor.
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              THE COURT: The same issue we just talked about?
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              MR. SCHWARTZ: Yes.
              THE COURT: All right. That will be a continuing
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19
     objection, but the ruling is the same.
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              MR. SCHWARTZ: Thank you.
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              THE COURT: This is as far as -- This is not the truth
22
     of the matter, is the long and the short.
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              MR. SCHWARTZ: Okay. It's okay if I don't keep
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     standing up to say the same thing?
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              THE COURT: (Nodding affirmatively.)
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MR. SCHWARTZ: Thank you.

MR. C. COOPER: Your Honor, for this article and the next one, which is a similar version of it, the Plaintiff wants to reserve the right to argue about using it for the truth of it as an ancient document and periodical.

THE COURT: Why don't we save that as we get towards the end and we'll deal with admissions of exhibits.

MR. C. COOPER: Thank you.

BY MR. C. COOPER:

- Q. So, Mr. Alcalde, what, if anything, was significant about this article to you as you were considering the Bandagro matter?
- A. What was significant to me about this was that, besides the assumption of the obligations, just like in the last one, that foreign banks were being informed that Venezuela was assuming the responsibility for the credit obligations of the Bandagro Bank. But significant to me was that this was just like the last article. I mean, it's being reported in the major financial newspaper of the United States.

THE COURT: Well, let's back up for a moment.

One of the triable issues when I was looking through your final pretrial order, is whether -- Let's make all sorts of assumptions here for the sake of argument. One thing that has to be established is that the bank notes were assumed by the Government. Do you still see that as a triable issue?

MR. SCHWARTZ: Absolutely.

THE COURT: All right.

MR. SCHWARTZ: The way I'd phrase it is whether the purported guarantee embedded in the purported notes is valid, but my answer is, substantially, yes, that's certainly a triable issue.

THE COURT: Well, then, we probably need to address the merits of this as far as an exception to the hearsay rule.

So, your position, Mr. Cooper?

MR. C. COOPER: Your Honor, our position would be that, for two reasons, this is excepted from the hearsay rule. As the Court will see on the documents themselves, this is from 1981. It's from the Wall Street Journal, a respected publication. The Wall Street Journal is reporting on matters that it typically reported on, such as the financial affairs of various governments.

THE COURT: So, you're arguing this is -- I hesitate to call something 20 years or older an ancient document, but that's what the rules say. And this is well beyond that.

MR. C. COOPER: It is. It's 803.16.

THE COURT: Yes, 803, Subpart 16. The issue there is whether or not the authenticity is established. And the representation is this came from a printout from the LexisNexis that indicates this is an article in the Wall Street Journal.

So, Mr. Schwartz, where does that take us?

 $V_01 1 - 51$ 

MR. SCHWARTZ: I have no objection to the authenticity of the document. However, it is hearsay within hearsay.

If you take a look at this, first of all, we don't know who the reporter is. So, you've got a reporter talking about the Venezuelan Government having informed foreign banks, something, a generalization. Then there is a reference to the announcement.

Evidently, this is a reference to some announcement in the second paragraph, which, although it's -- no one would know for sure, it appears to be, or could be, some other writing. You don't have the announcement before you. And to add another layer of hearsay within hearsay within hearsay, then you have, sources close to Bandagro. Who are they? There's no indication there that those are people who are authorized representatives of the Venezuelan Government speaking within the scope of their responsibility.

So, you have layer upon layer upon layer of hearsay in the document.

THE COURT: Well, we view that a bit differently. I think there's nothing internal that indicates another declarant is speaking. But the point is — Let me ask Mr. Cooper, do you have other evidence regarding the alleged assumption of the obligations by the Government of Venezuela?

MR. C. COOPER: We will present a letter, later on in the testimony, that they deny the authenticity of.

THE COURT: You deny the authenticity of the letter, as well as the notes?

MR. SCHWARTZ: On both, sir.

THE COURT: All right. I think this is the classic fit of evidence for 803.16. I don't see any question. There could still be some. I'll give you that opportunity; but there is no question, at this point, of the authenticity of the document. So, as a preliminary matter, I'm going to rule it is admissible, substantive evidence.

## BY MR. C. COOPER:

- Q. Mr. Alcalde, the article that you just referred to makes reference to, in the second paragraph, to an intervention. At the time you obtained this article, were you aware of any intervention by the Government in the Bank?
- A. Yes. The Government had intervened on behalf of the Bandagro Bank. I don't think that that's disputable. It's in the history of the AG opinion and the Ministry of Finance investigation. And Waldemar Cordero, it's my understanding, who had been a prior officer of the bank, was appointed the intervenor, or the trustee, of the bank.
- Q. If we could turn to the next page within this Exhibit 74, could you identify this document, please?
  - A. Again, it's a document that I would have obtained while I was doing my investigation of the Bandagro matter.
- Q. Looks like the same as the previous document, but in a

1 different format?

A. Yes.

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- Q. As you read the article and you look at the third paragraph, by the time you read this article, had you received any information about what's referred to there as the foreign debt obligations of Bandagro?
  - A. Well, that was an issue that was addressed in the opinion of the Attorney General. So, that's the information that I would have had. So, part of what I was doing was looking for information that was either in line with what the Attorney General had said or not said.
- Q. If you could turn to the next document within Exhibit 74, please, do you recognize this document?
- 14 A. Yes.
- 15 Q. What is this?
  - A. A document that I would have obtained during my investigation of Bandagro.
  - Q. Did this have any significance to your investigation?
- A. Well, the only significance that it had was with respect to, you know -- I forgot to mention that -- you know, you didn't ask me. But as a child I lived in Venezuela. I actually lived in Venezuela from 1957 to 1960. My brother was born in Venezuela. And we went back to Cuba, to Havana, from Caracas, after Fidel Castro won the revolution. And, so, I had always, you know, had an interest in Venezuela, as well, and

1 always had, let's say, opinions about Venezuelan's management 2 of its economy and its banks. And, you know, we read a lot 3 about the issues that are happening in Venezuela today, but 4 those issues are not necessarily new to Venezuela. I had discussions, you know, as a child, with my father 5 about the issues in Venezuela. And then when I became involved 6 7 in Bandagro and started, you know, studying what was happening in the '70s and '80s with banks in Venezuela, this article was 8 9 not -- you know, was sort of in line with those -- with my 10 general understanding and learnings about Venezuela. 11 By the time you obtained this article, had you read the Q. 12 Attorney General's opinion? Α. 13 Yes. 14 Was the content of this article in line with, or 15 contrary to, what you were reading in the Attorney General's 16 opinion? 17 MR. SCHWARTZ: Objection. THE COURT: Overruled. 18 19 You may answer. 20 THE WITNESS: Well, it was in alignment with it. 21 BY MR. C. COOPER:

That there was a discussion in the Attorney General's

investigation -- about disputes, for example, with respect to

opinion about -- and also in the Ministry of Finance

22

23

24

25

Q.

Α.

In what way?

documents that would have been of a public nature; that there were some documents that couldn't be found; that there were disputes about whether people had signed certain documents, yet, despite those disputes, there were other documents that were found in public notaries and which carried some sort of official weight, under Venezuelan law, that those documents were there; that -- you know, for lack of a better word, issues of mismanagement.

And, when I combined that, for example, with my understanding of what happened with the Atlantic Bank in Florida and the fact that there were Bandagro notes involved in that matter, all of these issues, I was not surprised.

- Q. Could you turn to the next article in this exhibit, in Exhibit 74?
- 15 A. (Witness complies.)
- 16 Q. Do you recognize this article?
- 17 A. Yes.

- 18 Q. When did you first see this article?
- 19 A. When I was investigating the Bandagro matter.
  - Q. Did this article have any significance to your investigation?
  - A. Well, the significance to me was, you know, obviously, this article deals with a delay on making payments on notes that were owed by Venezuela and an extension or rolling over by the Government entities with respect to these bonds.

Q. What was the source of this article? What periodical did you obtain this from?

- A. Looks like the Wall Street Journal.
- Q. The first paragraph indicates, mentions, Venezuela unilaterally postponing payments on nearly \$1 billion in Republic of Venezuela bonds.

By the time you read this article, had you received any information about Venezuela taking unilateral action to postpone payments on a significant dollar value of bonds?

- A. With respect to the Bandagro notes, yes. That was also discussed in the opinion of the Attorney General.
- Q. Could you turn to the last article in this exhibit, in Exhibit 74?
- A. (Witness complies.)

- 15 Q. Do you recognize this?
  - A. Yes. Again, it was an article that I would have obtained when I was investigating the Bandagro matter. And the significance of this article from the Financial Times, dated February 22, 1982, was that it was being reported in this article that, the week prior to this, the Bandagro Bank had a new mandate for 200 million -- I'm guessing dollars here -- 200 million.

So, the significance to me was that these sums of money were being reported with respect to the Bandagro Bank during the relevant time period of the Bandagro notes at issue in this

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     case.
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              MR. C. COOPER: Your Honor, we could segue into a
 3
     different topic.
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              THE COURT: This may be a good time for our morning
 5
     recess.
            We'll be in recess for 15 minutes.
 6
          (A recess was taken at 10:22 a.m. until 10:37 a.m.)
 7
              THE COURT: Mr. Cooper, you may continue.
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 9
              MR. C. COOPER: Thank you, Your Honor.
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       BY MR. C. COOPER:
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            Mr. Alcalde, you testified that you spoke with a Miguel
12
     Jacir on various occasions. Did you share with anyone what, if
13
     anything, you learned from Mr. Jacir?
14
            Well, I shared all material knowledge that I was gaining
15
     with David Richards.
16
            If we could turn to Exhibit 79 in binder 6, please.
       Ο.
17
              THE COURTROOM DEPUTY: Plaintiff's Exhibit 79.
18
       BY MR. C. COOPER:
19
            Mr. Alcalde, do you have Exhibit 79?
       Q.
20
       Α.
            I do.
21
            Do you recognize it?
       Q.
22
       Α.
            Yes.
23
           What is Exhibit 79?
       Q.
24
            It's an e-mail I sent to David Richards on or about
       Α.
25
     February 22nd, 2004.
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- Q. Why did you send this e-mail to Mr. Richards?
- A. Well, Mr. Richards had entasked me with the investigation of the Bandagro matter. I was keeping him advised of what I was learning.
- Q. At this point, in February of 2004, had you formed any final opinions about the legal effect, if any, of the Attorney General's October 2003 opinion?
  - A. No.

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- 9 Q. This e-mail indicates that you had spoken with 10 Mr. Jacir. Did you ever meet with Mr. Jacir?
- 11 A. Yes.
- 12 Q. How many times?
  - A. Well, I think I met with Dr. Jacir three times before the notes were purchased by Skye Ventures and before the lawsuit was filed. And I think I met with him on other occasions after the litigation was filed; that I met with him, I believe, in April of 2004 in Caracas, I met with him I think in June of 2004 in Caracas and I think there was another time that I met he had a condominium just north of Miami in Florida and I met with him and his wife there, as I recall.
    - Q. So Exhibit 79 is an e-mail dated -- we saw dated February 22nd, 2004. Had you met with Mr. Jacir by that point?
    - A. No. I had not met with him in person at that point.
- Q. So up to this point your conversations with him were by telephone?

A. Correct.

Q. And in this e-mail does it accurately describe what -in your e-mail to Mr. Richards, does it accurately describe
what Mr. Jacir had been telling you about the appealability of
the decision?

MR. SCHWARTZ: Objection.

THE WITNESS: Well --

THE COURT: Just one moment. There's an objection.

MR. SCHWARTZ: It's another hearsay objection.

THE COURT: It's clearly hearsay. So I guess the issue is for what purpose is it being offered?

MR. C. COOPER: It's simply being offered to show that he communicated this to the client. He's passing it on.

THE COURT: It's not being offered as substantive testimony?

MR. C. COOPER: Correct.

MR. SCHWARTZ: No objection to that extent.

THE COURT: The objection is overruled. You may continue.

THE WITNESS: The e-mail indicates, my reading, my synopsis of reading the opinion of the Attorney General and what Jacir had been communicating to me with respect to the law.

BY MR. C. COOPER:

Q. So by this time had Mr. Jacir indicated to you that the

decision could not be appealed?

- A. Yeah. Well, that was always Mr. Jacir's opinion but, you know, you asked me if I had come to any conclusions. I was in the process of doing my own investigation.
- Q. So let's talk about the first meeting the first time you actually met with Mr. Jacir. I think you indicated that occurred in April of 2004?
- A. Yes.

- Q. Where did that take place?
- 10 A. In Caracas.
- 11 Q. Where in particular?
  - A. Well, Mr. Richards and I flew to Caracas. We were staying at a hotel that Dr. Jacir had suggested. He came to pick us up. I don't recall, we may have had lunch at the hotel but then we went to his home. Dr. Jacir had an office in his home. And by that I mean he had a working office with computers and printers and law books and a lot of information on the Bandagro matter. In addition to that, he had a law office in a business section of Caracas. But that first meeting after I think having lunch, we went to his home.
  - Q. Why did you and Mr. Richards travel to Caracas,

    Venezuela to meet with Mr. Jacir?
- A. Because we were investigating the Bandagro matter. We wanted to learn the facts about the Bandagro matter. We wanted to understand the law. We wanted to understand what Dr. Jacir

had to say about it. And as I told you, it was difficult to communicate with Dr. Jacir on the telephone and so the decision was made to go to Caracas and start investigating this matter in person in Caracas.

Q. How long did the meeting last with Mr. Jacir?

- A. I think the first day we must have been there, I don't know, eight, nine hours. It was an all day, pretty exhaustive meeting. Went into the evening and then I think we met again the next day.
- Q. Did Mr. Jacir provide you with any documents?
- A. Yes. Essentially the way the meeting went was

  Mr. Richards and I are in Dr. Jacir's office. I'm speaking

  with Dr. Jacir in Spanish, essentially, you know, trying to

  extrapolate from him lots of information. Whenever he would

  tell me something, for example, that I needed more

  clarification, I recall that we were having a discussion about

  the word vinculante, you know, final and binding, and I told

  him -- and I recall that we -- you know, I was very -
  obviously that was of great interest to me that this was a

  final and binding opinion. I made him get the text of the

  statute. We were reading the text of the statute and looking

  at various -- I said, let me see a legal dictionary.

So it was sort of that sort of a give and take about a number of issues and Mr. Richards of course would, like, patiently wait for about ten minutes of me and Jacir talking

and he would bug me to tell him what was said and I would summarize the key aspects of it. At one time he jokingly said, what, you talk for ten minutes and tell me he said yes? And it was sort of that sort of thing because I was trying to give him just the material aspects of what was happening so we could keep working with Jacir because I was concerned.

His wife, you know, was very attendant to Dr. Jacir and whether or not he was getting tired and needed to rest. You know, so those dynamics were in play as well.

- Q. So let's discuss what took place at that meeting. Can you tell the Court over the course of this nine-hour meeting what was discussed with Dr. Jacir?
- A. Essentially, you know, the history of his involvement, the history of how he had initially filed the claim on behalf of Gruppo Triad. The Minister of Finance had rejected the claim on the basis that the notes were faked and all prior investigations of the Bandagro notes had determined that they were fake, and how Dr. Jacir had then written to the Office of the Presidency of Venezuela on behalf of his client requesting that essentially saying, look, you can't just deny my client's claim without doing an investigation and so you at least owe my client investigating these notes.

So he explained how he had written the Office of the Presidency. He explained that there had been a powerful member of the General Assembly that had also become involved and had

also sent a letter requesting an investigation how as a result of those directives from the Office of the Presidency and as a directive from Luis Alvaray, the member of the General Assembly that was head of a subcommittee involving Public Credit. The Minister of Finance had been — opened an investigation on these specific Bandagro notes of Gruppo Triad.

He showed us documents. I didn't take documents at that time but showed documents about the investigation and the process of the Organic Law. That was the first time that I had gotten an opportunity to actually speak to him person to person. How the Organic Law came about, why he was so convinced that — of the correctness that it was a final and binding decision.

We may have talked at that point in time about, you know, other potential people that I could speak to because obviously, I mean, I wanted to speak to other attorneys, right. I wanted to speak to, you know, what I might call independent attorneys, right, that weren't involved in the case, get their opinions about the law. We may have had discussions about potential experts.

Then I think that -- I don't know if it was either then or the next day, it was arranged for us to meet with Oscar Guzman.

Q. Before we get to that, did you end up consulting with other attorneys, other than Mr. Jacir, about the effect of the

October 2003 Attorney General opinion?

- A. I did, but not during that trip. I laid the groundwork for wanting to search out other attorneys. Then after that trip I followed up with speaking to other attorneys and then I actually came back to Caracas to speak to a number of other attorneys.
- Q. Could you identify the other attorneys that you consulted with?
- A. Well, one of them was Ivan Badell who was a former the equivalent he was Fiscal General which kind of the equivalent of the head of the justice department in the United States. I then consulted with a former Attorney General of Venezuela.
  - Q. Who is that person?
- A. Duque Corredor. I initially started consulting with a partner of his by the name of Irribarren who was a younger attorney but worked in the administrative sector but when it came time to file an affidavit of course, you know, we wanted to go with the former attorney general and so then I started consulting with Duque Corredor.

Then I consulted with a couple of other administrative law lawyers that I don't recall their name but, you know, again, to get their thoughts and opinions about it.

At one point in time, and I don't recall when I first met Rafael Chavero but I had spoken to Rafael Chavero about the

Organic Law before I actually made the decision to retain him
as an expert because I already had Ivan Badell and Duque
Corredor as experts.

- Q. All the individuals that you mentioned that you consulted with, were they all Venezuelan attorneys?
- 6 A. Yes.

4

- Q. Could you turn to Exhibit 134 in binder 6, please.

  THE COURTROOM DEPUTY: Plaintiff's Exhibit 134.
- 9 BY MR. C. COOPER:
- 10 Q. Mr. Alcalde, do you recognize Exhibit 134?
- 11 A. Yes.
- 12 Q. What is Exhibit 134?
- A. Looks like an e-mail that I -- it's a translation. The first page is a translation. I don't believe that Dr. Jacir ever e-mailed me in English.
- Q. I think if you look at the back of the exhibit I think
  you'll see the Spanish. In each of these, the English precedes
  the Spanish version.
- A. It's an English translation of an e-mail that Dr. Jacir would have sent to me regarding the CV for Dr. Badell.
- Q. This e-mail is dated May 22nd, 2004. Did you meet with Dr. Badell?
- A. Yes. When I went back in June. And I also would have spoken to him on the phone.
- Q. Did you ask Dr. Badell for his opinion regarding the

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 1
     October 3rd, 2003 Attorney General opinion?
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              MR. SCHWARTZ: Objection. Beyond any answer of yes or
 3
     no.
 4
              THE COURT: I'm sorry?
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              MR. SCHWARTZ: The question is a yes or no question.
     That's fine. But Mr. Alcalde has a tendency to run with the
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 7
     ball a bit and I want to make sure he doesn't run with this
 8
     one.
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              THE COURT: And this, again, is being offered not for
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     the truth but simply to indicate what was told to the clients
11
     in this case.
12
              MR. C. COOPER: Exactly. What information was
     gathered and what was told to the client.
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              THE COURT: On that basis you can ask the question and
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     it can be answered.
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              MR. SCHWARTZ: As long as this is not a back-door
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     opinion from a Venezuelan law expert.
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              THE COURT: I think I ruled.
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              MR. SCHWARTZ: Okay.
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              THE WITNESS: Yes, he gave me an opinion.
21
       BY MR. C. COOPER:
22
            And, Mr. Alcalde, did you pass that opinion from
23
     Dr. Badell on to the client --
24
       A. Yes.
25
       Q.
           -- Skye Ventures?
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What opinion did Dr. Badell give you about the effect of the Attorney General's October 2003 opinion?

- A. Well, let me make clear first, Dr. Badell's opinion is a pleading in this case filed and it was a sworn affidavit which he signed. So his opinion at that time, but all his opinions, of course, are a matter of affidavit and of record in this case. But his opinion was that the opinion of the Attorney General of Venezuela was final and binding, and we had a discussion about the Organic Law which by the time by that time I had already read both the legislative intent and the relevant articles. And his opinion is that this was subject that this investigation was an administrative investigation under the Organic Law, the Republic of the Attorney General, and that she had issued a final and binding opinion.
- Q. You indicated that Dr. Badell's opinions were committed to writing. Did you ask him to put his opinions in writing?
- A. At some point later his opinions were committed to writing and were put in an affidavit and were filed in a pleading in this case.
- MR. C. COOPER: Could I ask that the witness be handed Exhibit 86 in the same binder?

THE COURTROOM DEPUTY: Plaintiff's Exhibit 86.

BY MR. C. COOPER:

Q. Before we turn to Exhibit 86, Mr. Alcalde, you've indicated that you met with Dr. Badell. How many times do you

recall meeting with him?

- A. I don't know if I met with him more than once. I spoke to him more than once, of course, because later we -- I spoke to him preparing the affidavit.
  - Q. Where did you meet with him?
- 6 A. In Caracas.

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- Q. Was this a trip that was different than the trip you described?
- 9 A. I think it was in June.
- 10 Q. Was anyone else with you in the meeting with Dr. Badell?
- 11 A. I don't recall if Mr. Richards was with me or not.
- Q. Now, if you turn to Exhibit 86. Do you recognize Exhibit 86?
  - A. Again, the beginning of Exhibit 86 is an English translation. I would have received the Spanish copy that starts at SKYE308 which is appears to me to be sort of a preliminary letter that he sent to me because I could be wrong about this, but I think later I reformatted this perhaps in a more affidavit format, but I don't recall. I'd have to look at the pleadings to see.
- 21 But this is -- this document contains opinions of 22 Dr. Badell.
- Q. And this document is dated July 22nd, 2004. Had
  Dr. Badell given you opinions verbally before that date?
- 25 A. Yes.

Q. And were the opinions that he gave to you orally, were they consistent or different than the opinions that are reflected in writing in Exhibit 86?

MR. SCHWARTZ: Excuse me. Same continuing objection, Your Honor.

THE COURT: Overruled.

THE WITNESS: Well, I mean, he elaborated more in the written form than perhaps the oral conversation.

## BY MR. C. COOPER:

- Q. Approximately how many different Venezuelan attorneys did you consult with in addition to Mr. Jacir who obtained opinions as to whether the Attorney General's October 2003 opinion was final and binding?
- A. Badell, Duque Corredor, his partner Irribarren, Rafael Chavero and I think there was one or two other younger lawyers that I recall having lunch with who had been -- who also practiced in the administrative sector.
- Q. Were those opinions that you obtained from these various Venezuelan lawyers important to your due diligence?
- A. Of course.
  - Q. Why?
- A. Because it was very important to understand if the opinion of the Attorney General of Venezuela regarding the validity of the Bandagro notes that were in that tranche, given the fact that Skye Ventures was thinking of investing in that,

1 it was very important to understand whether that opinion was 2 final and binding under the law of Venezuela. In other words, 3 it was akin to a final judgment. And one of my principal 4 tasks, if not my principal task at that time, was to make that determination, marshal expert's opinion on that issue and 5 communicate that to Mr. Richards. It was no doubt in my mind 6 7 that that's what Mr. Richards was expecting from me. 8 Q. So did you rely on the opinions of these consultants in 9 providing your opinion, your ultimate opinion, to Skye 10 Ventures? 11 I relied on everything I studied and read on my own, and 12 on the opinions of all these Venezuelan attorneys. 13 During your due diligence did anyone you consulted with Q. 14 provide you with an opinion or indicate in any way that the Attorney General's October 2003 opinion was not final and 15 16 binding? 17 Α. Never. Let's turn to that opinion, please. It was Exhibit 3 in 18 19 binder number 1. Binder 2, I'm sorry.

THE COURTROOM DEPUTY: Plaintiff's Exhibit 3.

Mr. Alcalde, do you have Exhibit 3 in front of you?

need to consult with the Spanish, of course as a Spanish

I'm going to work with the English translation. If you

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Q.

Α.

Q.

BY MR. C. COOPER:

I do.

speaker, feel free to do so.

Let's turn to the opinion. Turn to the first page, please.

Mr. Alcalde, I'm going to ask you some questions and have you walk us through the opinion, if you would. Let's begin with the first page and essentially the header-type information and the first paragraph. What, if anything, did you learn from the opening information in this document?

A. Well, I think one of the first things to note is that this is on the header of the Office of the Attorney General.

Of course this is a translation. But you note that the header, the slogan of the Attorney General is in defense of the nation's patrimony.

So this is an opinion being rendered by the Constitutional Officer of Venezuela whose job is, as we went over, when we discussed the legislative intent of the Organic Law, and when we discussed the 1999 constitution, it is the principal lawyer, it is the lawyer of the state whose job it is to protect and defend the patrimony of the nation. So that's the first thing that calls out to me when I look at this document.

Then we see that this is a document that is directed to another minister of the government of Venezuela. Not just another minister but the minister in charge of the finances of Venezuela.

So in this first page, and of course it's dated October 3rd of 2003, and in this first page we learned that there's a number down there which says administrative file number MF-DGCJ-1-2003 which I think we'll see is the number -the administrative file number of the administrative investigation that was open by the Minister of Finance as a result of Dr. Jacir's request to the President, to the Office of the Presidency of Venezuela by Luis Alvaray, the member of the General Assembly that was in charge of the Subcommittee on Credits of the General Assembly.

So this was a very important document addressed by the Attorney General to one of the most important ministers in the government of Venezuela.

MR. SCHWARTZ: Objection, Your Honor. And I'm going to move to strike. Here we have a situation now where Mr. Alcalde, not an expert and not proposed as an expert, is going to begin a tutorial concerning this opinion about --

THE COURT: Let's go back to what we talked about on Friday. We don't have a jury here. I'm the trier of fact. That's one of my roles. The other, though, is the interpreter of the law. As I mention to you, usually we don't take expert opinion on what the law is and Mr. Alcalde, as I understand, has not been offered as an expert. His testimony now is to what was done on behalf of the client.

We're going to get to experts though. They are not

going to be treated as experts. They're going to be treated as we discussed, as people who will inform me as to the law. theirs will be more akin to filing amicus briefs or more your summations of memorandums of law. To be clear on that, we're not taking expert opinion on the law and I'm not treating it that way. This is his rendition. And we're going to hear from people who are being offered as experts, but again, within the confines of how this trial is going to go this will be simply to help me, in the end, reach a decision on what the law of what it is that applies here. MR. SCHWARTZ: May I be heard further on this? THE COURT: Briefly. MR. SCHWARTZ: There are experts from both sides --THE COURT: I understand. MR. SCHWARTZ: -- on the Organic Law and related matters. THE COURT: But this has to be relayed to a party and that's what I'm taking this for right now and nothing more than that.

MR. SCHWARTZ: Mr. Alcalde is in a somewhat unique position having been counsel of record in the case for four years.

THE COURT: True.

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MR. SCHWARTZ: And this testimony is trending toward a

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piece of advocacy by erstwhile trial counsel.

THE COURT: Again, I understand you are each submitting someone to me you believe who is the most knowledgeable in Venezuelan law. I will rely on the two of them when we get to that issue.

## BY MR. C. COOPER:

- Q. Mr. Alcalde, as you read through and absorbed the October 3rd, 2003 opinion from the Attorney General, you were addressing what was significant to you as you formed your opinions about the effect of this Attorney General decision. We're in the first paragraph. You've identified the administrative file, you've identified who this is addressed to. Is there anything else in the initial paragraph that was of significance to you?
- A. Yes. So this is addressing after we talk about what the administrative file number was given, it's addressing promissory notes, presumably issued by the Bandagro bank identified as ICC290 and ICC322 filed by Miguel Jacir on behalf of Gruppo Triad. And what was significant to me also about this first paragraph was that it was for the purpose of having this office, meaning the Attorney General, issue its legal opinion in accordance with the provisions of Article 56 of the Organic Law of the Attorney General.
- Q. Could you remind the Court what Article 56 of the Organic Law of the Attorney General is?

A. Yes. Article 56 was the article whereby the Attorney General is to review the investigation of the ministry that supposedly owes a debt to make for the Attorney General to rule on whether that claim is in accordance with law or not and to render a final and binding opinion.

- Q. The opinion then turns to a section that in English says administrative background. If we turn to page 2, I'd like you to kind of walk through this report as to what was significant and why it was significant to you as you were attempting to understand the impact of this decision.
- A. Well, one of the things that I think was very significant to me and which I conveyed to Mr. Richards was that in the opening of this opinion, the Attorney General sort of recounts the background of how this investigation came to be. And so in this particular section, the Attorney General is recounting how these Claimants, meaning Gruppo Triad, have exhausted their attempts to get these notes paid by the government of Venezuela but they have run into this general opinion, this matrix of opinion, particularly within the Ministry of Finance of Venezuela but really beyond that, that the -- that all the Bandagro notes are counterfeits. And that because of this opinion that all the Bandagro notes are counterfeit, they have been unable to get what they consider to be a fair and equitable investigation of the particular Bandagro notes that they hold. And they in fact, the Attorney

General in fact notes here that since the year 1991, if we're looking at the third paragraph here of the second page --

Q. You say '91 or 1981?

A. I'm sorry. 1981. This acknowledgment that there are counterfeit notes floating in the international markets. And that as a result of that, you know, the opinion then goes on to discuss how the Office of the President was contacted.

If we turn to the third page, the Office of the President was contacted, the General Assembly got involved, and the Minister opened the investigation.

- Q. Before we get to that, was there any significance to you in the fact of the reference or acknowledgment that there were duplicate notes or counterfeit notes?
- A. The significance of that is that, well it's not just here but as we understand the opinion of the Attorney General, the Attorney General clearly understood that there were counterfeit Bandagro notes alleged to be in the international markets, and as we'll see later, clearly understood that there had been prior investigations rejecting these notes or other notes.
- Q. And then you indicated there's a reference to the contacts made by the Office of the President and by a member of the Venezuelan National Assembly. Where do we see that?
- A. We see that beginning at the bottom of page 2. The Claimants request the intervention and prompt action of

1 different authorities, to wit, for the record and then listed

- 2 | there is the private secretary to the President of the Republic
- 3 and they cite to the letter which I believe is part of the
- 4 record. And also to the request by Luis Velazquez Alvaray, the
- 5 | President of the National Assembly, as translated here, the
- 6 | Public Spending Oversight Committee, requesting an
- 7 investigation.
- 8 Q. Could you turn to Exhibit 14 and Exhibit 16, both in
- 9 binder 3? We have these in our exhibit binder. I believe
- 10 | they're also joint exhibits. I believe Exhibit 14 is Joint
- 11 Exhibit 17 and the next is Joint Exhibit 22.
- 12 THE COURTROOM DEPUTY: Plaintiff's Exhibit 14 and
- 13 Plaintiff's Exhibit 16.
- 14 BY MR. C. COOPER:
- 15 Q. Let me begin with the first one, Mr. Alcalde,
- 16 | Plaintiff's Exhibit 14. The Attorney General's October 2003
- opinion refers to an official letter number 711 dated
- 18 June 25th, 2002 from the secretary to the Office of the
- 19 | President. Looking at Exhibit 14, could you identify this for
- 20 us?
- 21 A. Yes. This is a copy of a letter that was in the
- 22 | Ministry of Finance report. The interesting thing about this
- 23 | letter is you'll see the word Miraflores. Miraflores is the
- 24 | equivalent of the White House in Venezuela. It's the palace of
- 25 | the President. And this is the letter that came from

Miraflores from the secretary of the President of the Republic requesting that the Minister of Finance investigate the claim of Gruppo Triad.

- Q. Did the letter request that the Minister do anything after investigating?
- A. To report -- yeah. If what you mean is to report back the results of the investigation.
- Q. Could you turn to Exhibit 16, please? The Attorney General, as you've indicated, the Attorney General's October 2003 report also referred to correspondence from a member of the General Assembly, Luis Velazquez Alvaray?
- 12 A. Yes.

- Q. Do you recognize Exhibit 16?
  - A. Yes. This is from the Minister of Finance report as mentioned in the Attorney General's opinion is the letter of Luis Velazquez Alvaray requesting an investigation of the Bandagro notes. But Alvaray does one thing here. He doesn't just request an investigation, he says if there are crimes have been committed --
  - Q. I'm sorry. What page are you referring to just so we can follow?
- A. Let me look at the English. So if we look the page marked JACIR61-03, the translation says, by reason of these issues and having regard to the powers established in Article 223 of the Constitution, I urge you to order the relevant

investigation be carried out to determine in a reliable manner whether these promissory notes are genuine, if they were indeed issued by Bandagro and whether they were acknowledged and backed subsequently by the Republic, and whether, in short, these debts are legitimate or not.

And then he goes on to say, if these promissory notes are counterfeit, an immediate report should be sent to the public prosecutor's office so that relevant criminal investigations may be made.

- Q. This is a letter from Luis Velazquez Alvaray addressed to the Minister of Finance Dr. Tobias Nobrega, what is the date of this letter? Or better yet, can you tell from the document --
- A. The letter doesn't appear to have a date on the first page. It does have a stamp, in the Spanish version, appears to have a stamp that appears to be from the Minister of Finance indicating that it was received in the Office of the Minister on 14 February, 2003.
- Q. During your due diligence did you learn whether or not Minister Nobrega had responded to the letter from Luis Velazquez Alvaray?
- A. Well, he responded in two ways. Later on when I was able to see the Minister of Finance investigation, I believe that he responded saying that he was going to investigate the matter. And of course his primary response was that he opened

an administrative file on the matter.

Q. If you turn to Exhibit 17, please.

THE COURTROOM DEPUTY: Plaintiff's Exhibit 17.

BY MR. C. COOPER:

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- Q. Do you recognize Exhibit 17?
- Exhibit 17 is -- I'm assuming there's no English 6 7 translation. I only have the Spanish here. But it is a letter -- purports to be a letter from Tobias Nobrega Suarez, 8 9 Minister of Finance to Luis Velazquez Alvaray, I don't know, 10 maybe dated 10 March, 2003, where he is essentially stating 11 that -- acknowledging receipt of his letter of 14 February 12 where he, meaning Alvaray, presents or puts forth the matter 13 about the claim of Gruppo Triad with respect to the Bandagro 14 notes. And he states in there that he has instructed his 15 (exhibit 17) judicial consul within that ministry, within his 16 ministry. And also the judicial counsel of the Office of 17 National Credit to essentially start inquiries investigation of 18 this matter.
  - Q. And does he say what the purpose of that investigation would be?
  - A. He says that it is to, you know, to confront, review the existing documentation and to make pertinent inquiries with the end of determining if said credits are or are not legitimate which results thereof will be informed in due order.
- Q. And according to the Attorney General's opinion, did the

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1 Ministry of Finance take formal action in response to the 2 letters received?

- A. Yes. The Minister of Finance opened an administrative inquiry.
- Q. If you could turn to Exhibit 18, please, the same binder.

7 THE COURTROOM DEPUTY: Plaintiff's Exhibit 18.
8 BY MR. C. COOPER:

Q. Do you recognize Exhibit 18?

MR. SCHWARTZ: Your Honor, just for the purposes of clarification. This is not a letter that was either sent or received by Mr. Alcalde. And if this is a form of examination that you're finding helpful in the context of the bench trial, I'm not going to continue objecting. But in essence, Mr. Cooper is just -- he doesn't needs Mr. Alcalde to make this presentation. It's just the discussion between two trial lawyers presenting the plaintiff's case.

THE COURT: Mr. Cooper.

MR. C. COOPER: Your Honor, what I'm trying to do is these were attachments, I don't believe there's any dispute, to the ministry of Finance's report. I'm simply trying to walk through as efficiently as possible the order of events so the Court can understand.

THE COURT: To be clear, I'm going to assume this witness sent the Attorney General's opinions, the Finance

22 investigation?
23 A. Yes.

Q. What is Exhibit 19?

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A. It is a letter from Oscar Guzman to a counsel in Miami,

United States, informing that the Ministry has opened an investigation on the Bandagro notes, on the specific Bandagro notes that are listed in this document and that a lawyer from the Ministry by the name of Hespie Hurtado has been appointed to carry out formalities with respect to the possession of those Bandagro notes which happen to be located or physically located in Miami.

- Q. The notes that are listed there list notes 1/12, 2/12, 3/12, 4/12, 5/12, 6/12, 7/12 and 8/12. Could you remind the Court the numbers of the notes that are at issue in this case?
- A. 7/12 and 8/12.

- 12 Q. Who was Hespie Hurtado, do you know?
  - A. An attorney within the Ministry of Finance that was involved in the Minister of Finance investigation under the direction of Oscar Guzman.
    - Q. Based upon your review of the -- let me ask a preliminary question. You've indicated you reviewed the Attorney General's October 2003 opinion. Did you review the Ministry of Finance materials that led to that opinion?
    - A. Yes.
    - Q. Based upon your review of the Ministry of Finance materials or the Attorney General's opinion or both, do you have an understanding as to the role, if any, that Hepsie Hurtado played in this Bandagro investigation?
      - A. She did an inspection on notes that were located in

Miami and reported back as to what she found.

Q. Could you turn to Exhibit 20, please, also in binder 3?

THE COURTROOM DEPUTY: Plaintiff's Exhibit 20.

BY MR. C. COOPER:

Q. Mr. Alcalde, what is Exhibit 20?

MR. SCHWARTZ: I'm going to object, Your Honor. This document was the subject of testimony by its author. Again, Mr. Alcalde had no role in this investigation. This is akin to my putting Mr. Lucas on the stand.

THE COURT: Tell me if I'm wrong, this is not going to go to a major issue in the case. This is sort of a lead up to the reports that are at issue. I don't want to get us on things that aren't going to matter here. Will this come in through other witnesses?

MR. C. COOPER: Your Honor, it's true that Mr. Guzman, who wrote the Ministry's report, identifies the attachments.

It's in transcript form. We're happy to -- we've designated the transcript form.

THE COURT: I don't see any harm here. I'd want to hear more from you. This is just a document that says I'm also joining in this designation of the attorney as an investigator.

MR. SCHWARTZ: This is symptomatic of a more widespread pattern that's developing here which I've been repeatedly now objecting to and I'm trying to --

THE COURT: I take these one at a time. Go ahead.

MR. SCHWARTZ: Taking this one. This gentleman,

Mr. Alcalde, had nothing to do with the issuance or receipt of

this document. Mr. Cooper is doing a presentation one trial

lawyer talking to another to display the documents he likes in

the case. I could call Mr. Lucas on our case and do the same

thing but that's not how you do trials. You need witnesses

with specific knowledge.

THE COURT: I'm taking this to tell a story. I don't see any harm here to either side. If this was used by Mr. Alcalde and forming what opinion he gave, the objection would be improper.

The objection is overruled. You may continue.

MR. C. COOPER: Thank you.

BY MR. C. COOPER:

- Q. Mr. Alcalde, what is Exhibit 20, please?
- A. It's the opening of the investigation, basically, by
  Oscar Guzman to comply with the Minister of Finances' orders.
- Q. This document mentions Hepsie Hurtado. It also mentioned a Carlos Delgado Morean. Do you see that?
  - A. Yes.

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- Q. You mentioned previously a Mr. Delgado. Is that the person that you were referring to?
- 23 A. It was.
- Q. As a result of the Ministry's materials and the Attorney
  General's opinion, do you have an understanding as to the role,

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     if any, that Mr. Delgado played in the Ministry's
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     investigation?
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       Α.
            In the Ministry's investigation, my understanding of his
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     role was to, based on what I read, was in discussions with him
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     probably to simply go to Switzerland and do pretty much the
     same thing that Hespie Hurtado did in Miami, which was to
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     inspect the notes. There were some notes in Miami and some
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     notes in Switzerland. Hespie inspected the notes in Miami,
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     Delgado inspected the notes in Switzerland.
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       Q.
            And Skye's notes were in which location?
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       Α.
            Miami.
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            Could you turn to Exhibit 21, please?
       Q.
              THE COURTROOM DEPUTY: Plaintiff's Exhibit 21.
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       BY MR. C. COOPER:
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       Q.
            Do you still have Exhibit 3 handy, Mr. Alcalde?
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            Yes.
       Α.
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            Could you look at I think it's the third page of
       Q.
     Exhibit 3?
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19
       Α.
            What's the bates number?
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            Looking for a paragraph with the reference to a date of
       0.
21
     April 29th, 2003.
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              THE COURT: Mr. Schwartz?
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              MR. SCHWARTZ: Are we within Exhibit 21 now?
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THE COURT: It's my understanding.

THE WITNESS: Are you asking me to look at 3 or 21?

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MR. C. COOPER: I've toggled back to the Attorney
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     General opinion in Exhibit 3.
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              MR. SCHWARTZ: When 21 re-emerges, if it does, I'll
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     have something to say. Three I'm okay with.
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              THE WITNESS: I'm sorry. I didn't hear that.
              MR. SCHWARTZ: If and when Mr. Cooper returns to
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     Plaintiff's Exhibit 21, I'll have a document-specific
     objection.
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              THE COURT: All right.
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       BY MR. C. COOPER:
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            On page 4, Mr. Alcalde, do you see a reference to the
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     date of April 29, 2003?
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       Α.
            Yes.
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       Q.
            Page four of the Attorney General's October 2003
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     opinion.
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            I'm looking at the translation and it says page 3.
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     Where I see April 29, 2003 the Minister of Finance has issued
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     the respective decree. It says 3 at the upper right-hand
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     corner and it's bates stamp SKYE5600.
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       Ο.
            Thank you. Now you see the reference of April 29, 2003
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     in the Attorney General's opinion?
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       Α.
            Yes.
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            Turning to Exhibit 21. Based on your review of the
       Q.
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     Ministry's material and the Attorney General's opinion, do you
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     have an understanding as to what this document is?
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MR. SCHWARTZ: Objection. This document, Your Honor, has a specific authenticity problem associated with it where Mr. Alcalde's lack of personal knowledge presents a serious problem.

THE COURT: Give me a little cue in. What's the authenticity issue?

MR. SCHWARTZ: The authenticity issue with regard to Plaintiff's Exhibit 21 is that there are two different versions of this essential document in circulation and an issue about which, if either of them, is the one that was part of the official file of the Ministry of Finance. And this is something well beyond the competence of Mr. Alcalde. So you may want him to tell a story or permit him to tell the story about what went on in this investigation from his distant perspective but as to this document, he's in no position to authenticate.

THE COURT: Mr. Cooper.

MR. C. COOPER: Thank you, Your Honor.

As the Court probably would expect, during the course of this litigation we asked the defense to produce authentic copies of the Ministry's report and its attachments. The document that's within this exhibit that's bates stamped FS507 and 508 was identified by Defendants as part of the bates range of the authentic copies of attachments to the Ministry's report. I'm happy to provide the Court with --

THE COURT: I'll take your word at this point.

Mr. Schwartz.

MR. SCHWARTZ: I think Mr. Cooper is referring to the wrong version of this document actually.

THE COURT: The FS documents start at the very end.

Make sure I understand this. We've got a JACIR set of

documents and we have a set of Skye documents. Then at the end

we have two pages that are FS documents.

MR. SCHWARTZ: Yes. Herein lies the problem. And this is an issue well beyond the competence of Mr. Alcalde and this dispute here is something of a story unto itself and it may take a few minutes to go into. But this is a good reason why Mr. Alcalde, he couldn't tell you possibly which of these two documents —

THE COURT: Let me ask you because I'm a little confused. In this exhibit there are three parts. Why don't we take a look at these. The last two pages, let me make sure I'm clear, this is what has been represented to be what your client submitted. Those two pages aren't the issue? Am I correct in assuming that?

MR. SCHWARTZ: That's part of the issue.

THE COURT: All right.

MR. SCHWARTZ: If you'll indulge me for a moment, I'll try and give you the history of the issue. The document with the FS bates numbers at the end.

THE COURT: These are the last two pages, for the record.

MR. SCHWARTZ: Correct. Was produced by our predecessor counsel early in the process. If this will be helpful to you, because there will be different designations on documents where history matters, the FS documents were among the original documents produced by the defendants many years ago. And those were produced. Mr. Cooper is right to that extent. However, much later -- and by the way, you'll notice the FS version of this, not signed. That's important.

The version at the beginning, which is also translations, is the version produced by Miguel Jacir, the Gruppo Triad lawyer, who was involved in the administrative investigation of 2003. And you need to evaluate the bates here in the context of our position that this entire investigation was --

THE COURT: You're saying the first two pages are simply not accurate and ties into your case. Essentially they're forgeries at play here?

MR. SCHWARTZ: Not necessarily. Let's look at the Spanish origins. Page JACIR57001 and 002.

THE COURT: I'm sorry. The first two pages.

MR. SCHWARTZ: But you have to look at the Spanish originals to track this complex argument. If you look at the Spanish original, it is signed or appears to be signed by

Tobias Nobrega Suarez, the Minister of Finance. If you look at the first page in the upper left-hand corner it has number 1335 on it. Then there's a list of notes here which you're going to see in a moment is not the same as the list —— I'll make this easy to follow.

If you look at the first block of notes on the signed Spanish Jacir version, first block ends note 8/12.

THE COURT: All right. But let me. So long story short, you dispute these, the authenticity and the accuracy of the first two pages especially; is that right? Just is that right?

MR. SCHWARTZ: Yes.

THE COURT: So here's my point. If these are contested documents, I'm going to be much more cautious here. This is a bench trial. I don't want to be sloppy but if this is important then I want to hear from you on this. This is the meat of the case it sounds like.

MR. SCHWARTZ: It's part of it.

THE COURT: And this is not going to be the witness who's going to resolve this for us. He's a document identifier as far as this document goes. That's your whole point, right?

MR. SCHWARTZ: Yes. And the plaintiff is relying on the unsigned version at the end. I'm telling you there's a discrepancy between these two documents and it may be neither is authentic. But more importantly, this was the subject of

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     questioning of the witness who would know.
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              THE COURT: So jumping ahead, in the event that I find
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     a discrepancy, is it material to your position?
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              MR. SCHWARTZ: Absolutely.
              THE COURT: All right. Just briefly give me a heads
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     up as to why I should -- what makes it material?
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              MR. SCHWARTZ: Because the version in the Ministry of
     Finance files, the unsigned version without the number, has a
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     different list of notes.
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              THE COURT: So you're talking about the last two pages
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     here?
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              MR. SCHWARTZ: Yes. The FS version.
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              THE COURT: Different notes. Does it exclude the two
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     at issue here?
              MR. SCHWARTZ: I don't believe so but there's more
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16
     than two at issue here, as you're going to hear. It includes 7
17
     of 12 and 8 of 12. It's unsigned and lacks a number.
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     Mr. Alcalde would have no idea who created these documents when
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     unsigned. But the first version --
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              THE COURT: Again, I understand your position. A big
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     fraud that's taken place here. I want to get to that. But I
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     want to brush away what we don't need to get there. Somewhere
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     does this document support your theory of fraud?
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              MR. SCHWARTZ: Yes.
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THE COURT: But if the notes are in the version you

1 say is correct, if the notes were included that are at issue in 2 this case, then where does that take us? 3 MR. SCHWARTZ: You'll see that there are some others 4 that aren't included in this list that are material to this 5 case, and it would take me a while to explain why, and there are other discrepancies between these two documents. Here's 6 7 the point for now. You really don't have to resolve this now. But this witness should not be resolving it for you. 8 9 The question you'll have to ask yourself when Dr. Jacir is testifying is what is he doing in his files, having in his 10 11 files a signed version of this document when the version the 12 Ministry of Finance file is unsigned and it has different information on it? 13 14 THE COURT: But you've agreed this witness is not the 15 person to resolve any of these. Let's start with that. 16 In terms of the rest of this case, Mr. Cooper, this is 17 an important document; you'd agree, right? 18 MR. C. COOPER: I agree. 19 THE COURT: And Mr. Alcalde is not the best person to 20 identify this other than say he passed it along? 21 MR. C. COOPER: Exactly. 22 THE COURT: We'll just leave it at that. 23 continue.

Mr. Alcalde, as you review the materials that you'd been

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Q.

BY MR. C. COOPER:

provided, the Ministry of Finance materials and the AG opinion, do you have an understanding as to the significance, if any, of the document dated April 29th, 2003?

- A. Well, the Minister the Ministry of Finance was reviewing a specific tranche of notes, some of which were in Miami, some of which were in Switzerland and sent, as we just went over, two members of the Ministry of Finance staff to look at those notes and identify those notes, render opinions or views about them and the notes that were at issue were identified in the Ministry of Finance report.
- Q. And in the April 29, 2003 document, from what you read, did the Minister issue any orders? I direct your attention to page 2.
- A. Yeah. The orders are listed there in the translation to create an administrative file, to certify originals, get legible copies of matters that are relevant, add them to the file, to interview relevant person people with knowledge, to comply with the formalities that are required for an investigation, and to notify the Attorney General of the Republic of the investigation.
- Q. I'm going to send you back to Exhibit 3 now, the
  Attorney General's October 2003 opinion. We were at page 3 and
  you were addressing what information you found to be
  significant in forming your views of the effect of the Attorney
  General's opinion and ultimately the opinion that you rendered

to Skye Ventures. We've kind of tracked down through the paragraph addressing the April 29th, 2003 document that we've just looked at. Could you continue down through there and identify any information that was significant to you as you continued your investigation and formed your opinions?

A. Well, you know, let me explain the process that I ultimately used was at some point in time I had the opinion of the Attorney General. Of course I had had that for a while. I had the Ministry of Finance documents and I would go through the Attorney General's opinion and look for documents that were in the Ministry of Finance file as I read the Attorney General's opinion with respect to what been done. And that process of course helped me to make my ultimate informations to Mr. Richards and Skye.

Noteworthy here is a rendition the Attorney General was sort of summarizing and pointing out to what was in the Ministry of Finance -- what the Minister of Finance did which if we start after when you mention the April 29, 2003 document that we just talked about, it goes on to say that the Ministry of Finance proceeded to compare documents that the Claimant had submitted, meaning Gruppo Triad, to documents that were in various different offices of the government of Venezuela. And those were listed.

Public Credit, Auditing, the Director General of
Internal Security legal department and files in the Minister's

office, originals of the Official Gazettes published at the time were reviewed. That records and files and court proceedings that were authenticated by Notary Publics were reviewed.

Going on to page 4 --

- Q. Let me stop you. Why was that important to you, if it was?
- A. Well, it was important because it was important to understand that the Minister of Finance had looked at all these issues and that the Attorney General had looked at all these issues or acknowledged them. It was important to me, I mean I have to back up.

I'm dealing with, as I'm learning, an investigation, at least in what I was learning in conveying to Mr. Richards, that we're dealing with an investigation that was, in essence, requested by the Office of the President of Venezuela and an important member of the General Assembly. That's where I started out from. This is an important and a very serious investigation giving me the assumption that the Minister of Finance took this seriously and that the Attorney General took this seriously. We're dealing with an important and significant amount of money, a billion dollars, acknowledged by the Attorney General in her opinion, acknowledged by the Minister of Finance in his investigation.

So within the framework of that understanding, it's

important to understand what all they did, who all they checked with, and the importance which they took this investigation because I have a client that is looking to invest in this matter, right, and wants to know if this is a final and binding opinion. So all of these issues are important to understand how important it was to Venezuela.

- Q. The next page is a reference to an entity it's on the screen now called -- the initials are F-O-G-A-D-E.
  - A. FOGADE, which is an entity that sort of insures banks.
- Q. What was your understanding as to the significance, if any, of FOGADE to this matter?
- A. Well, there was a request for their cooperation and to review what Bandagro files they may have had. As you know, the Bandagro bank, from our prior discussions, had required an intervenor basically, had gone into bankruptcy. So an intervenor had been appointed. So it would be logical that the Minister of Finance would look at what files may be there. Then we have the -- it goes on to list that they requested the cooperation of the Central Bank of Venezuela.

MR. SCHWARTZ: Excuse me just a second, Your Honor.

Mr. Alcalde is now asking and answering the questions. There
was just a question about FOGADE. He's on to the Central Bank.

THE COURT: Let's leave it there. You can go ahead and phrase the next question.

BY MR. C. COOPER:

Q. Mr. Alcalde, you were addressing the information that from your perspective was significant because it indicates, to paraphrase, the seriousness of the investigation. Are there other aspects to the information on this page, on page 4, that led you to that same conclusion?

A. Sure. That the Central Bank had been consulted, that a criminal — Scientific and Criminal Investigation Corps had been consulted with respect to handwriting and expert analysis of 47 promissory notes that presumably had been issued. This report will discuss that there had been four prior investigations of the Bandagro notes. This part of the prior investigation. I don't know if they considered part of four or not. But this is a prior review of Bandagro notes.

So the Ministry of Finance and the Attorney General recognize and list four prior investigations in which the Ministry of Finance, for a variety of other reasons, had rejected claims and had alleged that some of these notes were counterfeit.

The reason that was important to me, because as I'm evaluating this opinion in the matrix of everything I've just said, the importance that they found these specific notes valid and different was overwhelmingly significant. Because if they were looking for a reason to deny these notes, they certainly had them. And they didn't. And they made the decision that

these notes were legitimate and valid obligations. So it was significant to me, all of these things that they reviewed, including the four prior investigations where they had rejected the notes. MR. C. COOPER: Your Honor, I'm at a good stopping point and I'm mindful of the Court's schedule. THE COURT: We're right up to the noon hour. We'll be in recess for one hour. (A recess was taken at 12:00 p.m.) 

Monday Afternoon Session 1 2 February 1, 2016 3 1:00 p.m. 4 5 THE COURT: And, Mr. Cooper, you may continue. MR. C. COOPER: Thank you, Your Honor. 6 7 BY MR. C. COOPER: Mr. Alcalde, if you turn back to Exhibit 3, which is the 8 Q. 9 Attorney General's October, 2003, opinion, Mr. Alcalde, and 10 directing your attention to page 5? 11 Just so I can follow you when you say 5, you mean the 12 number in the upper right-hand corner? 13 Q. Exactly. Do you see a reference on this page to a Bruno 14 -- and it's spelled here Fabini, but I think the parties would 15 agree it's Fabbiani. Do you see a reference there? 16 Yes, in the third paragraph. 17 Yes. When you were evaluating the Bandagro matter, did Q. 18 you have an understanding as to who this Bruno Fabbiani was? 19 He was a document -- He was an Italian document expert 20 that was my understanding had issued some opinions regarding 21 handwriting analysis and signatures with respect to the 22 signatures that appeared on the promissory notes. 23 And of what significance was that, if any, as you saw a 24 reference to him in the Attorney General's October, 2003, opinion? 25

Well, the Attorney General's opinion discussed the fact Α. that there was evidence in the files, meaning the Ministry of Finance investigation, which, of course, was based on other documents, that the signators to the notes, meaning the three principal individuals of the Bandagro Bank, had denied signing the notes. There was reference in both the Ministry of Finance investigation and the Attorney General's opinion acknowledging those denials. 

But in addition to that in the files of Notary Publics in Venezuela, at least in one Notary Public, a document had been found, a notarized document, in which the three signators to the Bandagro notes had admitted signing the notes.

Then there was the investigation that Bruno Fabbiani had done which included, in my understanding, going to Caracas and looking at documents in Caracas, comparing notes, doing other types of forensic analysis of the paper and those sorts of things, in which he opined that the signatures on the notes were the signatures of the three principals of Bandagro.

So the significance was, you know, basically two fold.

Number one, that there was an acknowledgement in the investigation that there was an issue about the signatures, that there was an acknowledgement of a denial of the signatures, that there were documents in Venezuela that carried legal weight that acknowledged the contrary, that they had signed notes. And then there was an investigation of Bruno

Fabbiani giving his opinion about the genuineness of the signatures and other indicia with respect to the notes.

MR. SCHWARTZ: Your Honor, I will move to strike
Mr. Alcalde's description of what Fabbiani is alleged to have
done and determined. He's not here. This is -- Mr. Alcalde is
a conduit for an alleged expert opinion.

THE COURT: He's -- This is not substantive evidence as far as I can hear. He's just relaying what's in here, what's passed along to the client. On that basis, it would be -- I will listen to it, but it doesn't go to prove what's asserted.

MR. SCHWARTZ: All right, I will try to resist the impulse to object for the remainder of the afternoon session.

I just thought I should get one on the record at the beginning.

THE COURT: And I will note, we'll probably have some more of this on the way, but it will not be substantive proof of what's being stated here. It's simply what's being transmitted.

MR. SCHWARTZ: Your Honor, I hope you can appreciate I'm trying to strike the right balance between making sure my client's rights on this issue are preserved and not making myself --

THE COURT: I can assure you I would not be making a finding about what the handwriting expert said based on his testimony. I don't think Mr. Cooper asked me to either. We

1 are on the same page.

2 MR. SCHWARTZ: Thank you.

BY MR. C. COOPER:

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- Mr. Alcalde, turning to page 5 and carrying over to page 4 9, there are references to four reports. 5
- Yeah. I might add that I also met Fabbiani in Italy and 7 talked to him.
  - Q. Okay.
  - And I conveyed that to the client as well. Α.
- 10 MR. SCHWARTZ: I'm going to move to strike. He's 11 asking and answering questions. This is a real trial, not a 12 dialoque.
- 13 THE COURT: And I don't think that there's any harm 14 here. Let's just move forward, if we could.

BY MR. C. COOPER: 15

- If we look at the bottom of page 5 and carrying over to Ο. page 9 of the Attorney General's October, 2003, opinion, there is a reference to a series of four reports. I think on page 9 finally gets to the fourth report. As you considered the Ministry of Finance's materials, and it's in its report, and the Attorney General's opinion, you have had -- you've testified a little bit about four reports. Of what significance were the four reports and the fact that they are addressed in the Attorney General's opinion?
- Α. Well, the significance to me -- and as I conveyed that

to Mr. Richards -- was that as we learned about issues with the allegation that there were Bandagro notes floating in the international market that were counterfeit, as we learned that there were allegations -- as I learned that there were allegations against James Pavanelli, okay, as to whether or not he was involved in those prior notes or not, it was very significant that the government of Venezuela was, in essence, aware of these issues. They were noted in the Ministry of Finance investigation, particularly that there had been Bandagro notes that people had attempted to collect on in the past and that the Ministry had rejected as being counterfeit, that many of these allegations and claims that are -- that were being raised that, number one, that Bandagro never issued notes, that these people never signed the notes, all of these types of allegations were well known to the Ministry of Finance, acknowledged in their investigation, communicated to the Attorney General, acknowledged by the Attorney General, written down in her opinion, the reasons therefore, and nevertheless concluded that these notes were different, were genuine, there was no proscription to paying them, and that the claim was valid.

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So when I was evaluating this for Mr. Richards -- and I go back to what I said at the very beginning, that this was an investigation ordered by the highest levels of the Venezuelan government, that acknowledged all the warts, let's

say, that had -- were in existence and everyone knew about it, declared these notes to be valid and an obligation of the Republic, under a procedure that was tasked to determine if it was final and binding.

So it was very significant for those reasons.

- Q. If you would turn to page 12 of the opinion.
- In the Attorney General's October, 2003, opinion, did the Attorney General indicate in any way whether -- anything about the significance in the Attorney General's view of the matter?
- A. Yes. The Attorney General acknowledged that this was a matter of great importance. And if we look at the English translation --
  - Q. Where are you on page 12, please?

- A. The first full paragraph, that it is evident that the documents related to this case deemed as of great importance due to their amount, the circumstances that surrounds securities claims They are addressing the issue that I just mentioned and because the nation's patrimony is involved which is what her duty is to defend and represent are dispersed in various files So, in other words, in my opinion, reading this, in all the circumstances that I have relayed, no doubt in my mind that everyone understood all the facts and that this was a very, very serious issue they were paying attention to.
  - Q. Did the Attorney General in her October, 2003, opinion,

indicate what she -- according to her opinion, what she understood the Ministry's conclusion to be, the Ministry of Finance conclusion to be? I direct your attention to page 15.

- A. So on page -- Starting really on page 14, she's starts addressing the representations of the legal department of the Ministry of Finance. And on page 15 she gets to the conclusion, which she is essentially quoting the conclusion from the Ministry of Finance report. And if we look at the third full paragraph there that's in italics, having reviewed and analyzed, as we have, all of the elements, arguments and evidence appearing in the documents that have been described throughout the present investigation, it appears evident that there is an irregular situation with some of the promissory notes that were subject to the judgment handed but which together create an array of opinion -- Is that what you're referring to?
- Q. Well, let me direct your attention to the bottom paragraph.
  - A. Yes.

Q. Does the Attorney General indicate what she understands the Ministry of Finance's legal department to be concluding?

MR. SCHWARTZ: Your Honor, now we're moving into the problem of the leading nature of the questions. And Mr. Cooper has certain parts that he likes. The documents are going to be evidence. He can argue about it in post-trial briefs.

THE COURT: Let's go back. The objection is leading.

2 Rephrase the question, if you would.

BY MR. C. COOPER:

- Q. Mr. Alcalde, does the Attorney General indicate in her opinion at any point --
  - A. Yes.

- Q. -- what she understands the Ministry of Finance's conclusions to be?
- A. Yes. So the last paragraph on page no. 15 in the upper right-hand corner, starts out with the fact that the existence of the notes have been established in Miami and in Switzerland. And the conclusion is, she quotes, this Legal Department concludes that the claimants of the promissory notes submitted to the present inquiry have the legitimate right to have them processed in order to cash them in accordance with the rules and procedures governing this activity.

So she's quoting the Ministry of Finance's recommendation.

- Q. Turn your attention to the next page. Does the Attorney General indicate in her report what she understands her role to be in this matter?
- A. Yes. She understands her role to be as -- that the investigation has been submitted to her by the Ministry of Finance in accordance with the provisions of the Organic Law of the Attorney General's office as it is that agency, meaning her

agency, that has the authority to provide a definite opinion on the mandatory compliance for which reason these proceedings must be sent to it, meaning the Attorney General, for the pertinent legal purposes.

- Q. Beginning on page 16 there is a section titled The
  Opinion of Attorney General's Office. I'm not going to go
  through each point, but did you review this section of the
  Attorney General's Office's opinion understanding as to what,
  if anything, the Attorney General might have found significant?
- A. I mean I read the opinion of the Attorney General a number of times. So I have already talked about a lot of the things that the attorney -- that I thought the Attorney General found significant that were significant to me.

But I don't know where it is right now, but significant to me were the fact that the Attorney General ruled that there was no proscription, for example, no lapse, no statute of limitations issue, no legal impediment under the laws of Venezuela to have these notes paid and that she -- you know, she concluded that it was a valid claim.

- Q. On the bottom of page 19, there is a reference to something called a Judicial Inspection. Do you see where I'm referring to under the paragraph numbered 12?
  - A. Yes.

Q. During the time that you were evaluating the Attorney General's October, 2003, opinion and providing information to

Skye, did you have an understanding as to what a Judicial Inspection was under Venezuelan law?

- A. That a judge and some other functionaries would have physically inspected a document.
- Q. The reference to the Judicial Inspection at the bottom of page 19, carrying over to page 20, during the course of your assessment of the Attorney General's October, 2003, opinion, did you -- were you able to obtain a copy of any of the documents that were referred to as a Judicial Inspection -- that were referred to in the Attorney General's opinion?
- A. Well, I obtained a copy of the Ministry of Finance investigation and whatever documents were therein. From time to time other people would provide me documents or I would obtain documents. But I don't know if you are referring to a specific document. I mean I obtained a lot of documents.
- Q. Okay. If we look at the text at the bottom of page 19 and carrying over to page 20, of what significance, if any, was that to you of the description of the Judicial Inspection that was recounted in the Attorney General's October, 2003, opinion of what significance of any opinion was that to you as you decided what advice to give to Skye?
- A. Well, I mean I -- Let me be clear. You know, I didn't pick and choose documents. Okay? That the Attorney General of Venezuela necessarily -- I mean I didn't go around picking and choosing what I thought was important in what the Attorney

General and the Ministry of Finance thought was important, okay? You know, I studied very closely what they looked at, okay, what they reviewed, what they discussed good and bad, and studied their conclusions within the legal framework of Venezuela, right? And their conclusion was that the notes --that it was a valid claim, all right? So I didn't -- I didn't particularly necessarily think that this document was more important than some other document, okay, because that was their job to do. That was their job to decide what was important or not.

With respect to this particular document, you know, which -- They're deciding that the document, you know, is in existence someplace. But you'll have to give me the actual document.

- Q. Let me -- Actually, let me move to this. You have mentioned several times now that your focus was on the conclusion of the Attorney General. Did you -- In her October, 2003, opinion, does the Attorney General reach a conclusion?
  - A. Yes.

- Q. And where does she reach that conclusion? Can you direct the Court to that?
- A. If we look at the English translation, it starts on page 37, which is SKYE5634, the last paragraph. It accepts the -I'll read, It accepts the evaluation and opinion maintained by the Finance Ministry's legal department in the terms set forth

above and, in this regard, the Attorney General pronounces itself in favor of the admissibility of the aforesaid claim filed.

And, again, I raised my objection to that as I stated before.

The present opinion addresses only the admissibility of the claim and does not encompass an estimate of the amounts and sums claimed, the calculation of which falls to the respective Ministry, nor the form or methods of payment.

Then she goes on saying, all other claims and compensation sought by individuals in these administrative proceedings which gave rise to the claim including but not limited to the payment of any type of interest claimed or damages adjustments for inflation, etcetera, are expressly dismissed.

So that's her conclusion.

- Q. Were you ever provided with a certified copy of the Attorney General's October, 2003, opinion?
  - A. Yes.

MR. SCHWARTZ: I'm going to object to the form of that question, if I can, Your Honor. I don't know if he means whether if a copy was, an official certified copy, was given to Mr. Alcalde or a copy of a certified copy.

THE COURT: I want you to clear that up.

MR. C. COOPER: Let me clear it up with a document, if

- 1 I could, Your Honor.
- BY MR. C. COOPER:
- 3 Q. If you turn to Exhibit 133 in Binder 6, please.
- 4 Mr. Alcalde, do you have Exhibit 133?
- 5 A. Yes.
- 6 Q. Do you recognize this document?
- 7 A. Well, the first page is an e-mail that I sent to Dave
- 8 Richards on May 17, 2004. With this is a copy of the opinion
- 9 of October 3, 2003, of the Attorney General of Venezuela with a
- 10 | notarization in front of it.
- 11 Q. The e-mail on the first page indicates under the subject
- 12 | the line forward Dictamen.
- 13 A. Yes.
- 14 Q. What does dicta mean?
- 15 A. That's the -- In Spanish, the Spanish opinion says Dicta
- 16 Fiscal General. We have been referring to it as the Opinion of
- 17 | the Attorney General.
- Q. And then it indicates there is an attachment, it says
- 19 3-10-2003, which in the western world would indicate March 10,
- 20 2003. Can you explain that date, please?
- 21 A. October 3, 2003.
- 22 Q. Okay. So in Venezuela, are the months and dates
- 23 transposed?
- 24 A. Yes.
- 25 Q. And then does this e-mail indicate where you obtained or

received this attachment?

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- Well, I don't know -- Well, it looks like -- I was going to guess Jacir, but it is Jacir. So I think Gerardo Jacir may be one of his sons. 4
  - And does the e-mail itself below have your signature? Q.
- Α. Yes, it does. 6
  - Does the attachment indicate whether or not this copy of Q. the Attorney General's October, 2003, opinion has been certified by anyone?
- 10 MR. SCHWARTZ: Objection, Your Honor. Mr. Alcalde is 11 just not competent to answer that question.
- 12 THE COURT: Well, let's get to his knowledge first. 13 But at this point, good point.
  - MR. SCHWARTZ: I don't want to make a big deal out of this. If the question is whether Jacir sent him a copy of this document with what appears to be a certification on it, I am not going to make a problem for you. He couldn't know what somebody did in Venezuela --
- 19 THE COURT: I don't know. Maybe he does. Let's ask 20 him, Mr. Cooper.
- 21 MR. C. COOPER: I am simply trying to ask what Mr. Schwartz indicated. 22
- 23 BY MR. C. COOPER:
- 24 Did the copy you received indicate to you whether it has Q. 25 been certified or not?

- A. What this document states is that Gerardo Jacir, okay,
  with the following document that is found in a Public Notary,
  okay? And the Notary, it is noted up in the upper right-hand
  corner, okay, is submitting a document -- is -- has a certified
  - Q. Then if we turn to the page marked SKYE6068?
- 7 A. 6068?

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Q. In the lower right-hand corner.

copy of this document.

- 9 A. Okay. My documents read like 6027, 6028, 6029.
- Q. I'm sorry, what's the last page of the document in front of you?
- 12 A. 67.
- Q. Okay. There may be a copying error. That's the last page you have, 67?
- 15 A. Yeah, SKYE67.
- MR. C. COOPER: Let me see if we can fix this copying
  error. May I ask counsel if they have a full set as well? I
  want to make sure that --
- 19 THE COURT: Sure.
  - MR. SCHWARTZ: Mine looks like this, it starts at 6026, and it goes to -- Mr. Alcalde, 67. But there are a few documents in here.
- 23 MR. C. COOPER: I don't believe his went to 67.
- MR. SCHWARTZ: I am not sure he enunciated it clearly.

  It might be the same thing that you are saying.

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       Mr. Alcalde, 6070. Is that the last page that you have?
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              THE WITNESS: The last page that I have is 6070.
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              MR. SCHWARTZ: I don't know that Mr. Cooper heard
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     what you said.
       BY MR. C. COOPER:
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            I didn't hear what you said the last time. Could you go
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     in two pages from the end, or three, to 6068?
            Yes. 6068.
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       Α.
            Yes. When you received this copy, did you have an
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       Q.
     understanding as to what this page represented?
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            Yes, a certification by Marisol Plaza Irigoven, the
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     Attorney General, that this was a copy of her opinion.
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            Did this page indicate to you when the certification
       Q.
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     occurred?
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              MR. SCHWARTZ: Objection. Again, if the only point is
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     that he received a copy of this from Venezuela, no problem.
                                                                   Ιf
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     he is going to be trying to testify as to the underlying
     documents he didn't receive, I have a problem.
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              THE COURT: Well, you know, I am not sure what the
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     certification does. And that might help. But in terms of what
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     the witness's knowledge is, that would help also.
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              THE WITNESS: Well --
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              THE COURT: Let Mr. Cooper frame the question.
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       BY MR. C. COOPER:
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       Q.
            That's what I am asking. What is your knowledge as to
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when this certification took place?

A. On --

MR. SCHWARTZ: Objection. No foundation.

THE COURT: We're back. First of all, I distinctly remember in the course of the motions there is something about notarization that you both referred to. If the witness can clear that up, that would be helpful to me as the trier of fact. In other words, we have Notaries here, but that doesn't make it a public document. If there is something about notarization in Venezuela that was different.

MR. C. COOPER: Thank you, Your Honor.

BY MR. C. COOPER:

- Q. Mr. Alcalde, before we get to that page then, during the course of your evaluation of the AG opinion for Skye, did you gain any understanding as to the role or function of Notary Publics in Venezuela?
- 17 A. Yes.
  - Q. What did you understand the role of the Notary Public in Venezuela?
  - A. I also have the knowledge of Notary Public because of my work as an attorney that does work in Latin America as well.
  - Q. Perhaps can you compare it to the Notary Public in the United States.
- A. Notary Publics in Venezuela and many other countries serve as a -- They are not just a Notary that stamps like

something here. They also serve as a depository sometimes of documents. Okay? In this particular case, this document appears — and it's a copy, I don't have an original — but it appears to have been notarized by Marisol Plaza, okay? But the significance to me of the document was the date of 17 November 2003.

Q. Why was that significant to you?

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- Well, it was significant to me because in my Α. investigation of the Bandagro matter, prior to the purchase of the notes, I, of course, read newspaper articles of what was occurring in Venezuela with respect to the opinion of the Attorney General of October 3, 2003. And I had become aware through my research, not just in reading but also traveling to Caracas, that, of course, her opinion had created quite an uproar in Venezuela. Major newspapers at the time as well as minor newspapers, many of them one could characterize as not friendly to the government, were heavily criticizing the October, 2003, opinion. The Ministry of Finance had been reported as supposedly refusing to pay and perhaps taking some steps to not pay. And so it was significant to me that not just that in November of 2013, the Attorney General was standing by her opinion --
  - Q. Did you say 2013?
  - A. 2003, I am sorry. And all throughout the time that I was traveling to Caracas and prior to the notes being purchased

and prior to the demand being made and prior to the litigation being filed, the Attorney General, to my knowledge, publicly defended her October opinion.

MR. SCHWARTZ: Objection. Motion to strike that, the last segment of the answer, to the extent that it went beyond the date that appears in the document and is not responsive to the question.

THE COURT: Well, again, he's relaying what he read in the newspapers, first of all. So I will take it for that and nothing more. But also what this document then winds up being -- I still want to get us back to the notarization process.

## BY MR. C. COOPER:

- Q. So you have explained why the date was important. You have explained a little bit about the Notary Public process. Did you develop an understanding what legal significance, if any, that a document filed with a Notary Public took on in Venezuela?
- A. Yes. A document filed in a public office carries legal significance as -- you know, for the truth of the matter contained therein. And it has to be, my understanding was that one had to go through a formal process to remove or strike the document if one were claiming that there was some falsity about it.

Those same sort of issues were addressed in the

1 Attorney General opinion when I testified earlier that there 2 had been -- there was evidence that the signators claimed that 3 they had not signed the Bandagro notes but then there were 4 documents in a Public Notary where they acknowledged those signatures in front of a notary. I mean it's discussed in the 5 Attorney General's opinion that that carries weight. 6 7 MR. C. COOPER: If I may address the bench directly, I want to make sure we answered the Court's question. 8 9 THE COURT: I have got it. Thank you. 10 BY MR. C. COOPER: 11 Mr. Alcalde, you have testified about the Attorney

Q. Mr. Alcalde, you have testified about the Attorney
General's October, 2003, opinion and its review and the review
and the conclusions that were reached regarding the Ministry of
Finance report. During the course of your evaluation of the
Bandagro matter, did you obtain a copy of the Ministry of
Finance report, the Ministry of Finance report that's
referenced in the Attorney General's opinion?

A. Yes.

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- Q. Do you recall approximately when you obtained a copy of the Ministry of Finance's report?
- A. I think it was -- I don't know if it was -- I don't
  think it was in April when I first met Jacir. I think it was
  after that. But I don't recall the exact date.
  - Q. Did you review the Ministry of Finance report?
- 25 A. I reviewed the Ministry of Finance report in conjunction

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     -- At one point in time I went through the Attorney General's
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     opinion. When a reference was made to something, I would try
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     to find it.
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              MR. C. COOPER: If we could turn to Exhibit 6, which I
     believe is in Binder 2.
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              THE DEPUTY CLERK: Exhibit 6.
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       BY MR. C. COOPER:
            Mr. Alcalde, do you have Exhibit 6?
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       Q.
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       Α.
            Yes.
            Do you recognize Plaintiff's Exhibit 6?
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       Q.
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       Α.
            It's a -- purports to be the final report of the
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     Ministry of Finance regarding these specific Bandagro notes.
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            When you reviewed the Ministry of Finance report, did
       Q.
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     the report you reviewed have any attachments? Was it
     accompanied by any documents?
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            Yes, there were a lot of documents.
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              MR. C. COOPER: If we could provide the witness with
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     Exhibit 6A? It's in the same binder.
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              THE DEPUTY CLERK: 6A.
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       BY MR. C. COOPER:
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            Mr. Alcalde, do you recognize this document?
       Q.
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       Α.
            These are the annexes to the Ministry of Finance report.
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              MR. C. COOPER: And if you can provide the witness
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     with Exhibit 6B, please?
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              THE DEPUTY CLERK: 6B.
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BY MR. C. COOPER:

- Q. Do you recognize Exhibit 6B?
- A. A second set of annexes to the Ministry of Finance report.
- Q. When you say first set of annexes and second set of annexes, just so the record is clear, what does that mean?
- A. The first one is titled the first set of annexes. And it says from A to U and then -- that's 6A. And then behind that are a number of documents that constitute this first set of exhibits.
- 6B is titled the second set of annexes. And it, you know, goes from A to -- it says here from A to O, but it basically contains several other -- a number of other documents.
- Q. Let me turn to the report itself so let's go back to Exhibit 6, if we could.

And I want to take you back to when you reviewed the Ministry of Finance report as you were assessing the Bandagro matter on behalf of Skye and deciding what opinions to provide Skye, if we look at the -- starting with the first page, what, if anything, was significant about the text on the first page as it related to your review of the Bandagro matter?

A. I'm not sure that I -- I just want to make sure I'm clear here. I'm not sure that I reviewed the English translation. I would not have had -- I am pretty sure what I

1 initially reviewed would have been a copy of the Spanish. All 2 right? So this appears to be here on the first page of 6A --3 well, a translation, let's say. Okay? 4 Well, so --What is the date of the report? 5 Q. The date of the report is August 8, 2003. 6 Α. 7 Do you see above the date a reference to a file number? Q. 8 Α. Yes. 9 Do you know how that file number -- whether that file Q. 10 number matches the file number that was referenced in the --11 I would have to look at the letter that we identified, 12 which was the opening of the administrative procedure. I don't 13 have it memorized. But to the extent that that number matches 14 with the exhibit of the administrative procedure that was 15 opened. 16 MR. SCHWARTZ: Just one second. There appears to be a 17 potential discrepancy in the exhibit that I have in my binder 18 is not quite the same one on the screen. Are we looking at the 19 one that we're looking at the screen and the one under mine? 20 THE COURT: Where is the discrepancy, what part? 21 MR. SCHWARTZ: I have a Plaintiff's Exhibit 6 that is 22 not quite the same document as Plaintiff's Exhibit 6. 23 THE COURT: Well, where? 24 MR. SCHWARTZ: On the first page. 25 THE COURT: What part?

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1
              MR. SCHWARTZ: I'm being told by Ms. Rodriguez the
 2
     plaintiffs have may have added a translation which they didn't
 3
     get into the binders here.
 4
              MR. C. COOPER: I have the Spanish. You don't have
     the English translation on top.
 5
              MR. SCHWARTZ:
                             That appears to be the case.
 6
 7
              MR. C. COOPER: I will give you mine.
 8
              MR. SCHWARTZ: Do you have the English on top of the
9
     Spanish or the second.
10
              THE COURT: I'm looking at Plaintiff's Exhibit 6.
11
     It's exactly as the one on the screen.
12
              MR. SCHWARTZ: I am the only one that's different.
13
     Mr. Cooper has given me his copy so I'm all set.
14
              THE COURT: You may continue.
15
       BY MR. C. COOPER:
16
            Mr. Alcalde, how was this report titled?
       Ο.
17
            Well, the English translation titles it final report on
       Α.
     the results of the internal administrative investigation
18
19
     related to promissory notes Caroni Code series IIC-290,
20
     ICC-322, allegedly issued by the extinct Banco de Desarrollo
21
     Agropecuario, Bandagro.
22
       Q.
            Does the first page indicate who the notes are being
23
     claimed by?
24
            Yes, down at the bottom, claimed by Lawyer Miguel Jacir
25
     in representation of Gruppo Triad-FCC.
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1 Q. I'm going to move to page 6 of this, which has a number 2 in the lower right-hand corner, VZ15639.

A. Okay.

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- Q. As you reviewed the report, did you try to develop an understanding of the methodology, if any, that the Ministry of Finance had undertaken to conduct its investigation?
  - A. I would say that, yes, in the sense that it's, you know, described the methodology used was described both in the Attorney General opinion and as described here. And I spoke to Mr. Guzman as well.
  - Q. In the first paragraph under the section Presentation of the Case, there is a reference to determining the truthfulness of some security. Do you see the English translation there?
- 14 A. Yes.
- 15 Q. What did you understand that to mean?
  - A. I understood it to mean that they were pursuing an investigation as had been requested by the claimant as had been requested by Luis Alvaray to determine if these Bandagro notes were genuine and if they were a legitimate obligation to the Republic of Venezuela.
- 21 Q. If you would turn to page 9?
- 22 A. What's the Bates number.
- 23 Q. VZ15642.
- 24 A. Okay.
- 25 Q. I'm going to just note that -- or ask you, there's

1 references on page 9 near the top that something was attached

- 2 and identified as D and something attached and identified as E.
- 3 Do you know if those are references to the annexes that you
- 4 have identified?
- 5 A. Yes.
- 6 Q. If you would turn to page 11, please.
- 7 A. Is that 44?
- Q. Let's start at page 10 of VZ. Do you see the section
- 9 | titled Field Research?
- 10 A. Yes.
- 11 Q. Now let's go to page 11. Within this section entitled
- 12 | Field Research, there's a subparagraph 3.3. Do you see where
- 13 I'm referring?
- 14 A. Yes.
- 15 Q. In this paragraph it indicates that Hepsie Hurtado, who
- 16 you have already addressed, together with Ludmila Soto traveled
- 17 | to Barquisimeto to interview Elbano Fontana Nieves. Did you
- 18 | have an understanding while you were evaluating the Attorney
- 19 General's opinion who Elbano Fontana Nieves was?
- 20 A. Yes, he was one of the principals of the Bandagro Bank.
- 21 Q. Did you have an understanding what, if any, relationship
- 22 he had to the notes under investigation?
- 23 A. A signator.
- Q. Of what significance, if any, was it to you that
- 25 according to the Ministry of Finance report under Field

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Research, the Ministry had sent some individuals to go

interview Mr. Fontana?

- A. That the significance was that it appeared they were doing good investigative techniques.
- 5 Q. If you would turn to the very next page, page 12.
- There's a heading titled Analysis of the First Report. What do you understand that to be?
- 8 A. I am sorry, you will have to direct me by Bates number.
- 9 Q. VZ15645.

3

- 10 A. What section now?
- Q. There's a heading that says Analysis of the First
  Report. Did you have an understanding of what was meant by the
- 13 | first report?
- 14 A. I am assuming we're talking about one of those four reports that had rejected the Bandagro notes.
- Q. During the course of your evaluation of the Bandagro matter, did you review the four reports?
- A. I would not have reviewed four reports to the extent
  that those documents were not contained in the Ministry of
  Finance documents. I don't know that I independently obtained
  the four reports.
- Q. Did you see any need to try to independently obtain them?
- 24 A. No.
- 25 Q. Why not?

A. Because I wasn't reinvestigating what the Ministry of
Finance had done or what the Attorney General had done. They
had done their investigation. My job was to decide to the best
of the ability that we could with my understanding and my
research and the experts that I hired whether the opinion of
the Attorney General of Venezuela was final and binding. I
wasn't reinvestigating their investigation or redoing their
investigation.

Obviously, I wanted to understand it because I wanted to understand how serious this matter was and what they had done, but I wasn't there to reinvestigate what they had investigated.

- Q. After about five-and-a-half or six pages, if you get to VZ15650, there's now a section entitled Analysis of the Second Report. Let me know when you're there.
  - A. Yes.

- Q. If this -- In the initial language, it refers to a report by Marta Isabel Gomis Amendola. During the course of your evaluation of the Bandagro matter, did you gain any understanding of who this person was?
- A. My understanding was that she had done a prior investigation and may have -- I think she was still perhaps part of the Ministry of Finance in the early 2000s when this additional -- when the report we're talking about came into being.

Q. And still within this Analysis of the Second Report, if you would turn to page VZ15653, which is page 20, in the middle of this page you will see a reference to an analysis of authenticated documents. Do you have see that?

A. Uh-huh.

- Q. And there's a bold section that refers to the fact that an authenticated document, that is a public document that has legal consequence, that such signature cannot be annulled by unknowing it. What did you understand it to mean?
- A. What I testified to earlier, that one cannot simply, let's say, contradict the document that has been authenticated and, you know, filed. That one has to go through a specific process to strike it.
- Q. Was that ever a topic of conversation between you and Mr. Jacir?
- A. I think that the question -- It was of interest to me because the -- There were some things about this Venezuelan law that are dissimilar to our American system where, you know, one could disavow a document that has been notarized. But since we don't have this particular depository, let's say, of a Public Notary or something like that, it was of interest to me. But it's it's kind of akin to a, let's say, more of an official document or birth record or something that -- a document that is in a public office, right, that makes a statement about a fact in the U.S.

And, of course, denying him that, that doesn't mean one can't deny it, and it may be a question of weight in denying it, but in Venezuela it seemed that this was more than just a question of weight, that you really just couldn't deny it without going through a specific process of actually striking it because the document itself despite a verbal denial, let's say, or some other denial, that document had an independent legal weight.

MR. SCHWARTZ: Objection, move to strike, Your Honor. The question was whether he discussed this document with Mr. Jacir.

THE WITNESS: I'm sorry, yes, I discussed it.

THE COURT: One moment. There's an objection. You're the witness, Mr. Alcalde.

MR. SCHWARTZ: The answer went off on some excursion about Mr. Alcalde's understanding of notarization regimes comparatively in Venezuela and the United States.

THE COURT: Well, again, we are going to get testimony from this I assume from your expert, right?

MR. SCHWARTZ: It's certainly not a subject a United States lawyer should be opining about.

THE COURT: Well, who has been dealing with Venezuelan law. But we have two people you have each selected, and that will be the primary source, if not the exclusive source, of Venezuelan law that I will take. At this point

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     we're still in the area about what was known by the client.
 2
     The objection is noted, but you may continue, Mr. Cooper.
 3
              THE WITNESS: Yes, we -- I did discuss it with
     Mr. Jacir.
 4
       BY MR. C. COOPER:
 5
            Did you try to develop an understanding of the legal
 6
 7
     significance of publicly filed documents and how they can be
     overcome?
 8
9
       A. Yes.
              MR. SCHWARTZ: Objection. We have been over this
10
11
     twice.
              MR. C. COOPER: Well, I was trying to correct what
12
     Mr. Schwartz's -- That's fine.
13
14
              THE COURT: I think we are getting bogged down, to be
15
     honest.
16
              THE WITNESS: Yes, and I discussed, you know, lost in
17
     this is the fact that Mr. Richards is a lawyer. Okay? So
     Mr. Richards and I, you know, would have these sort of
18
19
     discussions as well because, you know, he's also a lawyer. And
20
     when these issues came up about contradictions, let's say, you
21
     know, we had these discussions as well.
22
       BY MR. C. COOPER:
23
       Q. Can you turn to page VZ15662, which is page 29 of the
24
     exhibit. There's a little bit of a heading in the middle of
     this Announcement to the Public Opinion, and then a recitation
25
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of a notice, a Public Notice.

During the course of your evaluation of the Bandagro matter, did you receive any information about any Public Notices that had been filed concerning Bandagro ICC promissory notes?

A. Yes.

- Q. What did you learn?
- A. I learned that the -- in addition to the four investigations that had rejected the prior claims, that the government of Venezuela, specifically the Ministry of Finance, had issued by public announcements, sometimes posted on their website and also, perhaps, issued them to international banks, about the fact that there were counterfeit Bandagro notes in the international markets.
- 15 Q. Was that of concern to you?
  - A. It would have been a concern to me had the Attorney

    General not taken note of all of these and the Ministry of

    Finance not taken note of all of this and issued an opinion

    deciding that these notes were different and that these notes

    were valid and had to be paid.
  - Q. Turn to page VZ15656 on page 33 of the Ministry's report. You will see at the bottom the heading Analysis of the Third Report. Do you see that?
  - A. Yes.
- 25 Q. If you would turn to the very next page, stamped

VZ15667, there's some -- there's a paragraph next to a number 2 2.

A. Yes.

Q. That indicates the existence of a public document where citizens Waldemar Cordero Vale, Elbano Fontana Nieves and Pascual Puigbo Morales appeared declaring that they were the authors of the promissory notes and that their signatures were those set on such instruments.

Of what significance, if any, was this to you as you read the report?

- A. It was significant to me because this was noted in the Ministry of Finance investigation and in the Attorney General as part of the evidence that they both of those ministries considered in light of the fact that there was other evidence where the signatories had denied signing the notes.
- Q. Can you turn to the page marked VZ15672, please? There's a paragraph J near the top of the page.
- 18 A. Yes.
  - Q. And it refers to a graphotechnical assessment. What is a graphotechnical assessment?
  - A. A forensics analysis of, in this case, documents.
    - Q. This paragraph indicates that a graphotechnical assessment was paid to 47 alleged promissory notes in the session apparently made in Geneva, Switzerland, and determined that such promissory notes were not genuine. When you read

that in the Ministry of Finance's report, did that cause you any concern?

- A. It did not -- Well, it did not cause me concern. What it did was gave me more faith and confidence in the decision of the Attorney General and the Ministry of Finance.
- Q. If you would turn to page VZ15676, please? There's a title Other Elements Arising From Our Investigation. What do you understand this section to represent?
- A. Well, this -- It represents -- The investigation, in my understanding, had several phases. Number one, it had a phase that we might say a review of the documents, a review of the documents that were found in a variety of different public offices, a review of the documents submitted by the claimants, a review of the notes themselves, a review of the prior investigations. And so other elements, as was pointed out earlier, there were interviews that were conducted. This is part of -- this is essentially the history of some of the players, Cordero, Jacir, their sort of involvement in this.

MR. SCHWARTZ: Excuse me for a second. Your Honor, that mis-characterizes the prior testimony in the report, that there were not interviews, plural --

THE COURT: I am sorry, I'm not hearing you too well.

MR. SCHWARTZ: I am sorry. I am sure it was unintentional, but where Mr. Alcalde makes reference to interviews plural, it's both inconsistent with his prior

testimony and with the report itself. So to the extent he's being permitted now to be a summarizer of what is documented, at a minimum he's going to have to be accurate in doing so.

THE COURT: You may wish to readdress.

BY MR. C. COOPER:

- Q. Mr. Alcalde, you saw reference in the Ministry's report to field research?
  - A. Yes.

- Q. What did you understand that field research to be?
- A. Well, there was an interview of Fontana. We discussed that. There were trips to Switzerland and Miami. I'm assuming -- perhaps I'm wrong -- but I'm assuming that there were discussions with people at banks that said, are there notes here? Where are the notes? Can you show us the notes? Can you produce the notes? If I am wrong on that assumption, perhaps things happened in a way that I don't understand. But assuming that was a logical assumption, there would have been interviews to identify the notes physically and find them.

When I read sections of the Attorney General's opinion, notes were -- it was noted in there that there were requests made of FOGADE, that there were requests made of criminal corps. There were all kinds of requests made of other ministries.

If I am incorrect in my assumption that people would have been interviewed and showed up, shows us documents and

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Vol.
 1
     show us what there were, I stand corrected.
                                                  But that's what I
 2
     meant.
 3
              MR. SCHWARTZ: I'm going to move to strike the
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     conjecture. He can't be making assumptions about what's --
              THE COURT: I am going to sustain the objection.
 5
              MR. SCHWARTZ:
                             Thank you.
 6
 7
              THE COURT: Rephrase the next question, if you would,
 8
     please.
9
       BY MR. C. COOPER:
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            Mr. Alcalde, could you turn to VZ15682, please?
                                                              There's
11
     a section titled Opinion. Do you see that?
12
       Α.
            Yes.
13
            All right. If you turn to the next page, the very last
       Q.
14
           Did you, as you assessed the Bandagro matter on behalf
     of Skye, did you read the Ministry's opinion?
15
16
            Yes.
       Α.
17
            What did you take away from it?
       Q.
            Well, this was essentially the opinion that we discussed
18
19
     earlier that was contained within the opinion of the Attorney
20
     General where the Attorney General is relaying what the
21
     recommendation of the Ministry of Finance was and that it needs
22
     to go to the Attorney General for a final and binding decision
23
     because this is the office that is empowered, meaning the AG.
24
            Where does it say that in the Ministry of Finance's
       Q.
25
     conclusions?
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A. It says, if we look at page VZ15683, if we start with the paragraph that says, once verified, the existence of the promissory notes claimed in custody of institutions in Miami and Switzerland.

And if we go down, it is here understood that this is the opinion of the Legal Advisory Office of the Ministry of Finance, but that pursuant to provisions of Article 2 of the decree having the force of Organic Law of the Office of the Attorney General, that is the Organic Law of the Attorney General that we discussed earlier, it is that entity which has the competence to give a final opinion of compulsory performance; therefore, these proceedings need to be referred to the corresponding legal purposes.

- Q. Does the author of this report appear at the bottom of this page?
- 16 A. Yes, Oscar Guzman.
- Q. I believe earlier in your testimony you indicated that you met with Mr. Guzman?
- 19 A. Yes.

- Q. Why did you meet with him?
  - A. Dr. Jacir had arranged a meeting with Dr. Guzman when I was in Caracas, and so I met with Dr. Guzman to get a -- you know, to get an understanding of a couple of things that were, first of all, who he was, what his background was, what his job had been at the Ministry of Finance, how it was that he was

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1
     tasked to do this investigation. And it was my understanding
 2
     at the time that he had been either fired or asked to resign
     from the Ministry of Finance. So I, of course, was also
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 4
     interested in understanding that.
            Did you try to obtain from Mr. Guzman any view of -- his
 5
     views about the effect of the Ministry's report or the Attorney
 6
 7
     General's opinion?
            Well, he was -- His opinion was that it was final and
 8
       Α.
9
     binding, but I wasn't really --
              MR. SCHWARTZ: Objection.
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11
              THE COURT: He's not giving the opinion as final and
12
     binding. He's giving a recitation of what Guzman said. That's
13
     all I am taking it for and what was ultimately relayed to the
14
     client.
15
              MR. SCHWARTZ: As long as it's not coming in for a
16
     hearsay purpose --
17
              THE COURT: It's not.
18
              MR. SCHWARTZ: Understood.
19
              THE WITNESS: But I didn't hire him as an expert -- I
20
     mean I was looking for independent experts on that issue.
21
       BY MR. C. COOPER:
22
       Q.
            You testified earlier that you met with Professor Bruno
23
     Fabbiani.
24
       Α.
            Yes.
25
       Q.
            Where did you met with him?
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1 A. Probably in Lake Como. It could have been in Milan.

- 2 | Certainly in Italy. But I don't know if he came to Lake Como
- 3 when I was on a trip to Lake Como meeting with James Pavanelli.
- 4 But I met with him in Italy.
- 5 Q. Okay. And why did you meet with Professor Fabbiani?
- A. Because he had submitted this report, this forensic report, on the signatures and the notes, and I wanted to get an
- 8 understanding of who he was and what his background was.
- 9 Q. Did you obtain a copy of reports from Professor
- 10 Fabbiani?
- A. I did. I think it was in Italian, but I did obtain a
- 12 report, yes.
- 13 Q. Do you read or speak Italian?
- 14 A. I don't read Italian. It's amazing you can -- a Spanish
- 15 | speaker and an Italian speaker can communicate. But it's
- 16 harder to read it than it is to speak it, unlike, for example,
- 17 | it's a lot easier for me to read Portuguese than it is to read
- 18 Italian, but no, I don't read Italian.
- 19 Q. Did you gain an understanding of what the report said?
- 20 A. Yes.
- 21 Q. How did you do that?
- A. Well, he and I talked. We also had an individual there
- 23 | that spoke Italian and English.
- 24 MR. C. COOPER: Could you provide the witness with
- 25 | Exhibits 45, 45 and 46, please, in Binder 4?

THE DEPUTY CLERK: 45, 46 and 47.

MR. SCHWARTZ: Your Honor, while we're shuffling exhibits, to save time, can I just have a standing objection to the hearsay problem that they're going to present?

THE COURT: All right. Again, this is not being offered as substantive evidence, as I understand, Mr. Cooper.

MR. C. COOPER: That's fair.

THE COURT: All right.

BY MR. C. COOPER:

- Q. Mr. Alcalde, do you have Exhibit 45 in front of you?
- 11 A. Yes.

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- 12 Q. There's an English translation on top. Behind it is the
- 13 -- a different document. Do you recognize Exhibit 45?
- A. Yes. This was part of Fabbiani's study with respect to the signature of Waldemar Cordero.
  - Q. Of what significance, if any, was this to you as you assessed the Bandagro matter?
  - A. Well, it had two significances. The primary significance was that it was a report I understood that had been relied upon by the Ministry of Finance of Venezuela in their investigation, and also relied upon by the Attorney General or at the very least commented on by the Attorney General in her legal review of the investigation.

And really meeting with Fabbiani was more of a fleshing out, let's say, of how this report had come about.

2 was part of the Ministry of Finance investigation and the 3 Attorney General's opinion.

- Could you turn to Exhibit 46, please? What is 46? Q.
- Again, it's an English translation of a report by 5 Fabbiani. 6
- 7 As we looked beyond the English into the next section, Q. there's a -- the front page of the report has the words "Skye Ventures" kind of stamped diagonally across the document. 10 says SKYE705?
- 11 Α. Yes.

4

8

- 12 What is the significance, if any, of that stamp? Why Q. 13 does that appear on this document?
- 14 Well, I mean I didn't have a Skye Ventures stamp so I'm 15 assuming that Mr. Richards stamped this. But it was provided 16 to us.
- 17 MR. SCHWARTZ: Again, there shouldn't be any 18 assumptions as to what happened. So I'm going to move to 19 strike.
- 20 THE COURT: That will be sustained.
- 21 BY MR. C. COOPER:
- 22 Q. Was Exhibit 46 the report of Fabbiani provided --
- 23 Α. Yes.
- 24 -- to you --Q.
- 25 Α. Yes.

1 Q. -- during the course of your assessment of the Bandagro 2 matter? 3 Α. Yes. 4 Q. And before Skye purchased 7/12 and 8/12? Yes, and I had a copy of that report and so did 5 Α. Mr. Richards. 6 7 Exhibit 47, please? Do you recognize this document? Q. Yes, it was a report that Fabbiani presented in a case 8 Α. 9 that had been filed against Pavanelli regarding the -- that in 10 some way involved the notes. 11 MR. C. COOPER: And if we could provide the witness 12 with Exhibit 48, please? MR. SCHWARTZ: For the record, Your Honor, the same 13 14 objection to this one as the prior three. 15 THE COURT: Noted, and the same decision. Thank you. 16 BY MR. C. COOPER: 17 During the course of your evaluation of the Bandagro matter, did you provide any information to Professor Fabbiani? 18 19 I will direct your attention to the page marked

MR. SCHWARTZ: Was there an answer to the prior

MR. C. COOPER: I don't know that he answered the

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25

SKYE1741.

question.

question? I didn't hear one.

THE COURT: Mr. Cooper?

THE WITNESS: I don't recall that I provided anything to him.

BY MR. C. COOPER:

- Q. What is Exhibit 48, please?
- 5 A. It's an analysis, a testing, of the originality of some of the Bandagro securities.
  - Q. You testified a moment ago that you met with James Pavanelli.
- 9 A. Yes.

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- 10 Q. When did you meet with Mr. Pavanelli?
- 11 A. In July of 2004.
- 12 Q. And why did you meet with Mr. Pavanelli?
- A. In July of 2004, I went to Lake Como to meet James

  Pavanelli and two other individuals from Venezuela that were

  involved with the company called Woodstrite, Manfredi and —

  the other gentleman's name escapes me and their attorney.
  - Q. And why did you travel to Europe to meet with them?
  - A. There was a dispute between the principals of Woodstrite and James Pavanelli regarding an agreement that the principals of Woodstrite had with Pavanelli respecting the -- some notes they felt Pavanelli needed to assign to them.

While I was there -- I mean I was there for, I think, several days, and I may have met Mr. Fabbiani at that time as well and, you know, done some other interviews and investigations.

- Q. During your due diligence, did you obtain any documents other than the documents we have addressed so far, the Attorney General opinion, the Ministry of Finance final reports attached to the Ministry's final report and the newspaper articles, of course?
  - A. I'm sure that I did. I was doing a lot of research.

    There were people contacting me about matters. But nothing really jumps to mind right now that I may have obtained that I put a great reliance upon.
- MR. C. COOPER: Could we provide the witness Exhibit
  61, please, in Binder 5?
- 12 BY MR. C. COOPER:

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- Q. Mr. Alcalde, do you recognize Exhibit 61?
- A. Well, I think I've seen the document before, but nothing jumps to mind right now that this was --
  - Q. Okay. You testified earlier about coming across a newspaper article that referred to Atlantic Bank and Bandagro.
- 18 A. Yes.
- Q. Did you undertake any steps to get more information about Atlantic Bank or its involvement with Bandagro?
  - A. At one point in time we hired a private investigator,

    PICA Corporation, to look for more records and maybe to try to

    find out who had been involved in that transaction.
    - MR. SCHWARTZ: Your Honor --
- 25 THE COURT: Is there an objection?

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MR. SCHWARTZ: Yes. There is an objection as to the vagueness of the temporal scope of the question. We have a witness here who was trial counsel for a period of time and necessarily generated some work product. So I think we need a clarification as to when he did this --

THE COURT: A date would be helpful.

7 MR. SCHWARTZ: -- whether it was before or after the litigation.

9 THE COURT: All right. Go ahead.

10 BY MR. C. COOPER:

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- Q. Mr. Alcalde, do you recall when this effort was made to obtain more information about Atlantic Bank?
- 13 A. I am sorry, don't recall that.
- MR. C. COOPER: Could we give the witness Exhibit 130, please? In Binder 6.
- 16 BY MR. C. COOPER:
- 17 Q. Mr. Alcalde, do you have Exhibit 130?
- 18 A. Yes.
- 19 Q. Do you recognize Exhibit 130?
- A. Well, the beginning of it is in -- sorry, it looks like
  e-mails that David Richards sent to Miguel Jacir in April, on
  or about April -- well, in April of 2004 regarding our upcoming
  visit to Caracas.
- 24 Q. Okay.
- 25 A. It looks like the first one is. And it looks like the

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1
     second one is -- Well, there's an April 4 e-mail at the bottom,
 2
     okay, that seems -- that addresses our trip to Caracas. And
 3
     then it looks like an e-mail from Jacir after we returned.
 4
       Q.
            Let's focus on the e-mail, the April 21, 2004, e-mail.
     Through this e-mail did Mr. Jacir provide you with any
 5
     information?
 6
 7
       Α.
            Yes.
 8
              MR. SCHWARTZ: Objection, hearsay.
              THE COURT: Again, it's offered as background for
 9
     what's passed on to the client?
10
11
              MR. SCHWARTZ: Well, fair enough. But there's a fine
12
     line at this point which Mr. Cooper is treading here by loading
13
     up the questions with documents that are pervaded by hearsay,
14
     this being a conspicuous example.
15
              THE COURT: So we're talking specifically about the
16
     e-mail from Mr. Jacir again?
17
              MR. SCHWARTZ: Well, I'm focused on the e-mail from
     Mr. Jacir that's dated April 21, 2004.
18
19
              THE COURT: So this has his opinion about somebody's
20
     veracity. I will tell you that's not going to weigh into my
21
     decision making. I think at this point, as I understand
22
     Mr. Cooper's questioning, he is going through with some
23
     thoroughness, with what this witness passed on to the client.
24
              MR. C. COOPER: Yes, Your Honor.
25
              THE COURT: That's the whole point?
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1 MR. C. COOPER: That is.

THE COURT: So there will be some things in here that you can be assured, particularly the part about this other witness's view of somebody lying, that will be discounted.

MR. SCHWARTZ: Thank you, Your Honor.

BY MR. C. COOPER:

- Q. Mr. Alcalde, what I want to focus on is the attachment that was apparently attached to this e-mail. Do you see under the e-mail header where it says Attachments?
- A. Yes.

- Q. Do you see the document that follows this e-mail?
- A. I am sorry, let me get to the Spanish. So I'm looking at the Spanish e-mail now. And attached to the Spanish e-mail is a photostatic copy of a document that appeared in the Notary of Venezuela that Dr. Jacir is sending.
- MR. SCHWARTZ: My objection applies equally to this portion of the exhibit just so the record is clear.

THE COURT: So noted.

MR. SCHWARTZ: The foundation of which is on top of the hearsay issue. It's the same weight.

BY MR. C. COOPER:

Q. Mr. Alcalde, you've testified about trips you took, documents you reviewed, opinions you assessed. Did you provide any opinions to Skye Ventures about the October 3, 2003, Attorney General opinion?

1 A. Yes.

- Q. When did you provide opinions to Skye about the effect of the October, 2003, opinion?
- A. Mr. Richards and I worked very closely throughout this entire period of time, and so the whole and I'm talking a period of around eight months. And so it was an evolving process. But before Skye Ventures purchased the notes, I took all of the information that we have discussed, my reviews of the law, my discussions with the Venezuelan lawyers that I have identified, the research that we noted, and the newspapers and all of that, and I told Mr. Richards that in my opinion, as well in the opinion of the Venezuelan attorneys that we had consulted, the opinion of the Attorney General of October 3, 2003, was final and binding under the law of Venezuela.

MR. C. COOPER: If we could provide the witness with Exhibit 85, please, in Binder 6?

THE DEPUTY CLERK: 85.

BY MR. C. COOPER:

- Q. Mr. Alcalde, this document is obviously redacted. Do you recognize through the redactions this document?
- A. It appears to be a memorandum that I prepared for Skye Ventures analyzing the issues related to the opinion of the Attorney General.
  - Q. Through this memorandum the  $\ensuremath{\text{--}}$

25 THE COURT: Wait one moment.

MR. SCHWARTZ: I was going to object. It could have been due to the question or to the answer, but -- or the next question, so here we arrive, Your Honor.

THE COURT: Let me just set the stage here. You filed a motion in limine that I held in abeyance pending his testimony. How much longer do we have with Mr. Alcalde on direct? Because I am assuming you are going to reargue the motion in limine?

MR. SCHWARTZ: Well, I was going to propose is something slightly different which was that I stand up, record the objection, reserve the right to assert it after cross-examination or during cross-examination --

THE COURT: That's fine.

MR. SCHWARTZ: I expect to develop more of a record than Mr. Cooper will to support my motion --

THE COURT: I told you on Friday the motion is out there. And we would determine that after we saw the scope of Mr. Alcalde's testimony, which we are about -- I will give you the opportunity for some cross before we address it.

MR. SCHWARTZ: Yes, I just didn't want my silence to be acquiescence or abandonment of that motion.

## BY MR. C. COOPER:

Q. Mr. Alcalde, in this written memorandum, did you provide Skye with your opinion about the effect of the Attorney General's October 3, 2003, opinion?

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1
              MR. SCHWARTZ: Again, Your Honor, this is not
     substantive evidence --
 2
 3
              THE COURT: This is to the knowledge of the client at
 4
     this point. That's all.
 5
              MR. SCHWARTZ: Thank you.
              THE WITNESS: Yes.
 6
 7
       BY MR. C. COOPER:
            Directing your attention to the page marked SKYE6924.
 8
       Q.
 9
       Α.
            Okay.
10
            What opinion did you provide to Skye Ventures about the
       Q.
11
     effect of the Attorney General's October 3, 2003, opinion?
12
            Well, my -- I mean it's set forth here. Do you want me
     to read it?
13
14
       Q. Please.
15
              THE COURT: Just the date on this is not apparent
16
     unless I'm looking right at it and missing it.
17
              MR. C. COOPER: It looks like the date has been
18
     redacted.
19
       BY MR. C. COOPER:
20
       Q. Mr. Alcalde, do you recall when you completed this
21
     memorandum?
22
       Α.
            This memorandum, I don't know exactly when I completed
23
     it. It probably went through several drafts.
24
              THE COURT: To be honest, you probably had the
25
     un-redacted version, right? It's on that. Perhaps you could
```

use that to refresh. Just for the date, nothing else. You have no objection to that, I'm sure.

MR. SCHWARTZ: No. In fact I think you ordered the plaintiff to have the un-redacted version in the courtroom.

THE COURT: Yes. At least here. It didn't have to be in the courtroom. So if you want to go get it?

MR. SCHWARTZ: If you want to leave it in our lunch room, that's fine. Then we can look through it --

THE COURT: That's all right. We can get back to the date when the documents are retrieved.

## BY MR. C. COOPER:

- Q. So, Mr. Alcalde, what opinion did you provide in this written memorandum? About the effect of the Attorney General's 2003 opinion?
- A. So if we look at the last full paragraph on SKYE6924, it reads, The administrative procedure prescribed by Title 4,

  Chapter 1 of the -- I will read it in English -- the Organic

  Law of the Attorney General of the Republic is according to the Venezuela legal experts consulted, the procedure enacted by Venezuela to determine the validity of the claims against its assets. Moreover, once the claim is determined to be a legal obligation of the Republic by the Attorney General, the decision is final and binding upon the Republic. As such, the decision of the Attorney General of Venezuela is a final and binding administrative and executive judgment on the issue of

the validity of the Bandagro promissory notes presented by
Dr. Jacir and his claim and the fact that said notes are
guaranteed by the Republic.

- Q. Now, Mr. Alcalde, this opinion you indicated is in writing, is in written form. Is this the first or only time that you gave Skye Ventures that opinion?
  - A. No.

- Q. When did you first give Skye Ventures your opinion that the Attorney General's October 3, 2003, opinion was final and binding?
  - A. Well, as I mentioned, Mr. Richards is an attorney.

    Mr. Richards and I were working extremely closely during this period of time. Mr. Richards went to Caracas with me.

    Mr. Richards and I spoke often on this matter. At some point in time it probably became what I was working on the most, if not sometimes the only thing that I was working on. So he and I spoke constantly about what I was learning, what research was being developed. I mean I'm sure that if I found a newspaper article that said, you know, in The Wall Street Journal that Venezuela was guarantying the debt, then I would have picked up the phone and spoken to Mr. Richards. It was that kind of very close sort of working relationship.

So he and I as lawyers probably came to -- I won't speak for him, but me, I came to conclusions that the opinion of the Attorney General were final and binding I'm sure before

I was prepared to put it down in writing. You know, attorneys, once we put something in writing, it becomes something different, right? So by the time I was willing to put it in writing, I felt that I had done a pretty exhaustive analysis of that issue. But that doesn't mean that I didn't come to that conclusion earlier. But that doesn't mean that I would not have shared it with Mr. Richards earlier. That does not mean that Mr. Richards would not have been taking actions earlier based on those discussions.

MR. SCHWARTZ: Your Honor, I am going to move to strike. It's not a responsive answer to the question which was: When did you first provide the opinion orally --

THE COURT: It was a long answer, but I think it was responsive. The objection is overruled. It all had to do with the timing.

MR. SCHWARTZ: It would be, perhaps, helpful if we knew what the date was of this document.

MR. C. COOPER: The document does not bear a date. I can show it to the Court.

THE COURT: Or to the witness. If he can look at that, if that would help you to determine a date. Maybe it won't. But see if that refreshes. Perhaps at the end if not the beginning.

And, counsel, would there possibly be a cover letter that went with this, that might have went with this? Nothing

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153
 1
     that you found? That has been found?
 2
              THE WITNESS: I am sorry, Your Honor, I just don't
 3
     recall the date.
              THE COURT: Thank you. That's the best we can do.
 4
              MR. SCHWARTZ: Actually, if I may suggest, there might
 5
     be something better that can be done, and that is consulting
 6
 7
     the time records of Crabbe, Brown & James for the period in
     question. We have been produced some of those, but they have
 8
9
     been redacted. So we don't know, but --
10
              THE COURT:
                           I think -- Tell me if you disagree --
11
     there is significance to the date, you both agree.
12
              MR. C. COOPER: Certainly.
13
              THE COURT: Are those the time records, by any chance?
14
              MR. C. COOPER: I don't have those.
15
              THE COURT: You don't have those with you.
16
              MR. SCHWARTZ: This has to be a knowable fact, that
17
     law firms write down what they do --
              THE COURT: I am sure it is retrievable somehow.
18
19
     there any reason we can't cover this on cross and keep moving
20
     forward?
21
              MR. SCHWARTZ: I have no problem with doing that as
22
     long as they figure it out in the meantime.
23
              THE COURT: I think the date has to be determined.
24
     You may continue.
25
       BY MR. C. COOPER:
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Q. To the date issue, let me ask you a question,

Mr. Alcalde. Did you provide your opinion to Skye Ventures

that the Attorney General's October 3, 2003, opinion was final
and binding before or after Skye Ventures purchased Bandagro
notes?

## A. Before.

THE COURT: You don't recall whether that was in writing or orally? We just saw the writing. Do you have any recollection as to whether this was before that document that's on the display right now?

THE WITNESS: Oh, yes. I mean as I said, Your Honor, Mr. Richards and I worked very closely during this period of time. I'm confident that throughout the process — and just to frame it for you, between when I first got involved in October or November of 2003 to, let's say, June of 2004, that as we've seen, you know I was working on analyzing all these laws and talking to all these experts. I have met with Mr. Badell. And I'm confident during that time period, Mr. Richards and I would have discussed that I was fairly confident that this was a final and binding decision. The experts that we had consulted said it was a final and binding decision.

The memorandum in my mind didn't really have so much of a legal significance with respect to whether or not I had communicated to Mr. Richards that I felt it was final and binding. He wanted it -- you know, we wanted to do a

```
1
     memorandum for him because we were analyzing a number of issues
 2
     besides whether it was final and binding.
 3
              THE COURT: Thank you. I appreciate that. Thanks.
 4
              MR. C. COOPER: Could we provide the witness with
 5
     Exhibit 151, please, in Binder 7?
       BY MR. C. COOPER:
 6
 7
            Mr. Alcalde, do you have Plaintiff's Exhibit 151?
       Q.
 8
       Α.
            Yes.
 9
            Do you recognize this?
       Q.
10
            Yes, I do.
       Α.
11
            What is Exhibit 151?
       Q.
12
            It's a letter that I sent to Tobias Nobrega with respect
       Α.
13
     to seeking payment of two promissory notes, Bandagro promissory
14
     notes 3/12 and 4/12.
15
       Q.
            Bandagro notes 3/12 and 4/12?
16
            Yes.
       Α.
17
            Those are not the notes at issue in this case. Why were
       Q.
     you demanding payment of notes 3/12 and 4/12?
18
19
            Because those were the original notes that Skye Ventures
20
     was going to obtain and in fact had obtained.
21
              MR. C. COOPER: Could we hand the witness 153, please?
22
     Also in Binder 7.
23
       BY MR. C. COOPER:
24
            Mr. Alcalde, do you recognize Exhibit 153?
       Q.
25
       Α.
            Yes.
```

- 1 Q. What is Exhibit 153?
- A. It's a letter I sent on August 11, 2004, to Minister

  Nobrega in which I informed him that we were, on behalf of

  Skye, we were amending the demand for payment on notes 3/12 and

  4/12 to notes 7/12 and 8/12.
- Q. Between the date of the earlier letter, June 24, 2004, and August 11, 2004, had you received any response to your first demand letter?
- 9 A. I had not.
- 10 Q. And why were notes 7/12 and 8/12 substituted for notes 3/12 and 4/12?
- MR. SCHWARTZ: Objection, no foundation.
- THE COURT: It's his letter. Why don't we ask for a foundation first.
- 15 BY MR. C. COOPER:

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22

- Q. Mr. Alcalde, in your letter you indicate that you're amending the original demand to apply to notes 7/12 and 8/12, instead of notes 3/12 and 4/12. Why did you write that?
  - A. Because we were substituting -- We had decided to obtain notes -- or Skye Ventures had decided to obtain notes 7/12 and 8/12. There was an issue with respect to notes 3/12 and 4/12 perhaps having a lien against them.
- 23 THE COURT: So I am clear, the notes referenced in 24 151, is what you are talking about, possibly subject to liens?

THE WITNESS: Yes, notes 3/12 and 4/12 could have been

1 | subject to a possible lien perhaps by Woodstrite.

BY MR. C. COOPER:

- Q. To your knowledge, did Skye Ventures undertake any efforts to get physical possession of the notes?
- A. Yes.

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6 MR. C. COOPER: If we could provide the witness with 7 Exhibit 148, please? 148, 149 and 150.

THE DEPUTY CLERK: 148, 149, 150.

9 BY MR. C. COOPER:

- Q. Mr. Alcalde, do you recognize Exhibit 148?
- 11 A. Yes.
- Q. 148 indicates that you were authorized to transport
  certain Bandagro notes to the United States from Europe. Did
  you do that?
  - A. No. I testified earlier that I went to Lake Como, and I met with James Pavanelli, and I also took care of other meetings. A Swiss attorney by the name of Schianchi had possession of Skye's notes pursuant to an escrow agreement, and I met with Schianchi. But I decided that for a number of reasons, perhaps it was better that I not physically transport the two promissory notes back myself. I didn't want to become part of the, number one, the chain of custody. Number two, I didn't want to, you know, be carrying the two notes of such high value.

And so given the fact that the notes were under escrow

1 | with Attorney Schianchi for Skye, I made the decision that what

- 2 | we would do then we would just transport the notes. I would
- 3 have a courier transport the notes to Columbus.
- 4 Q. Did that happen?
- 5 A. Yes.
- 6 Q. What is Exhibit 149, please?
- 7 A. This is a letter from Attorney Schianchi referring to 8 the escrow agreement that I mentioned.
- 9 Q. Were notes 7/12 and 8/12 transported from Europe to the 10 United States?
- 11 A. Yes, they came to my office.
- 12 Q. What is Exhibit 150, please?
- A. Exhibit 150 is my receipt of the notes when I took possession of the notes.
- Q. Mechanically, how were they transferred from Europe to the United States?
- A. They were physically carried by a courier who, you know, had them in a bag, in a box. And I signed for it and handed them over to me. And then we placed them in, I believe, we placed them in a safety security box at, perhaps, Fifth Third Bank.
- Q. Did you ever receive a response to either the June 24, 23 2004, or the August 11, 2004, demand letters?
- A. I did. I received a letter from a law firm in Florida
  that said they were representing the Ministry of Finance.

MR. C. COOPER: Could we give the witness 154, please?

BY MR. C. COOPER:

- Q. Mr. Alcalde, you have Exhibit 154. Do you recognize this document?
- A. Yes, this is the letter that I received from the law firm of Ruden & McClosky, which make reference to my second letter, the August 11 letter.
  - Q. You testified earlier that in addition to conducting due diligence and providing Skye Ventures with a legal opinion on the effect of the Attorney General's October 3, 2003, opinion, you also served as a litigator on behalf of Skye Ventures in this matter. Do you recall approximately when you filed the complaint in this case?

Let me back up. Did you prepare a complaint in this case?

16 A. Yes, I did.

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- Q. Do you recall approximately when it was filed?
- 18 A. Sometime in August or September of 2004.
- Q. At the time you filed the complaint, what was your understanding as to the legal effect of the Attorney General's October 3, 2003, opinion?
- A. That it was a final and binding opinion, that it, in effect, validated the authenticity of the notes and the requirement of Venezuela to pay the notes.
- Q. And at the time you filed the complaint in this action,

what was your understanding as to the status of the Ministry of Finance's August 8, 2003, report?

- A. The Minister of Finance?
- O. Yes.

- A. It was my understanding that that was the only report upon which the Attorney General of Venezuela had rendered an opinion pursuant to Article 56 of the Organic Law of Venezuela.
- Q. Did you later receive information suggesting that the Ministry of Finance had issued another report?
  - A. That the Minister of Finance had issued another report?
- 11 Q. Yes.
- 12 A. With respect to the issuance of a report, I only learned 13 that after I filed the litigation.
  - Q. After you filed the litigation, what did you learn about whether or not the Ministry of Finance had issued another report?
    - A. Well, let me be clear. Before I filed the litigation, I knew that the Minister of Finance had -- was making noises or making claims about not paying, okay? After I filed the litigation, I received a motion to dismiss. Attached thereto was a letter from the Minister of Finance to the Attorney General of Venezuela -- sorry, I don't want to risk an objection, but in which the opinion -- in which the Minister of Finance sought a reconsideration by the Attorney General.
      - Q. To your knowledge, before Skye filed suit, to your

1 knowledge had Gruppo Triad received any Ministry of Finance 2 reports that were supposedly issued after August 8, 2003, 3 regarding Bandagro? MR. SCHWARTZ: Objection, no possible foundation. 4 THE COURT: It would be a hearsay based foundation, 5 wouldn't it? This testimony, as I have been seeing it, has to 6 7 do with what was known to the plaintiff. MR. C. COOPER: Yes. 8 9 THE COURT: For that basis only. So I don't think we 10 are at that level unless this is somehow linked to what the 11 plaintiff knew. 12 MR. C. COOPER: And that's what I'm trying to link this to, Your Honor. Before they had filed, whether they had 13 14 received any investigation indicating the Gruppo Triad had received a different report. 15 16 THE COURT: As long as it is not based on a hearsay 17 foundation, the witness can answer. 18 MR. SCHWARTZ: It's hard to see how it wouldn't be 19 hearsay under the circumstance. 20 THE COURT: They can try. If it's hearsay based, then 21 I agree with you. 22 BY MR. C. COOPER: 23 Had you received any indication before filing suit that 24 the Ministry of Finance had issued any other reports and 25 notified Gruppo Triad of it?

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1
              MR. SCHWARTZ: Same objection.
                                               There is no
 2
     evidentiary bases for that question.
 3
              MR. C. COOPER: I will withdraw the question.
 4
              THE COURT: All right. I am not rushing you, but we
 5
     are right up to the break. If you have a few more questions,
     we will continue. If you are going to take a while, we'll take
 6
 7
     a break.
              MR. C. COOPER: I probably got another 30 minutes.
 8
9
              THE COURT: Then we will take a 15-minute recess at
10
     this time.
11
         (Recess taken from 3:00 to 3:15.)
12
              THE COURT: And, Mr. Cooper, you may proceed.
13
              MR. C. COOPER: Thank you, Your Honor.
14
       BY MR. C. COOPER:
15
            Mr. Alcalde, did there come a point in time where you
16
     received an indication that the Attorney General of Venezuela
17
     had issued another opinion after October of 2003?
18
       Α.
            Yes.
19
            Do you recall how you learned that?
       Q.
20
       Α.
            It was filed in court, in here, in the pleadings.
21
              MR. C. COOPER: Could we provide the witness with
22
     Exhibit 210, please, in Binder 8?
23
              COURTROOM DEPUTY CLERK: 210.
24
       BY MR. C. COOPER:
            Mr. Alcalde, do you recognize Plaintiff's Exhibit 210?
25
       Q.
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- 1 A. Yes.
- 2 Q. And what is this, please?
- 3 A. It is the filing that was done by the Defendant,
- 4 Republic of Venezuela, in this case, attaching an opinion dated
- 5 8 December, 2003.
- 6 Q. When was this filed?
- 7 A. It was filed in April of 2005.
- 8 Q. Before April of 2005, had you received any indication
- 9 | from any source about a December 2003 Attorney General opinion?
- 10 A. No.
- MR. C. COOPER: Could we look at Exhibit 204, please?
- 12 COURTROOM DEPUTY CLERK: 204.
- BY MR. C. COOPER:
- Q. Mr. Alcalde, do you recognize Exhibit 204?
- 15 A. Yes. It's a decision of the Venezuelan Supreme Court in
- 16 a case filed by Woodstrite Investments Limited.
- 17 Q. What is the date of this opinion?
- 18 A. March 9, 2004.
- 19 Q. Did you develop an understanding as to what was at issue
- 20 | in this dispute involving Woodstrite?
- 21 A. Yes.
- Q. What was your understanding?
- 23 A. They were seeking a hearing in the Venezuelan Supreme
- 24 | Court with respect to payment on the Bandagro notes.
- Q. Did you review the decision of the Supreme Court of

1 Justice dated March 9th, 2004?

- A. Yes.
- Q. And is there any reference in this decision to a December 2003 Attorney General opinion?
- 5 A. No.

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6 MR. C. COOPER: Would you hand the witness Exhibit 7 205, please?

COURTROOM DEPUTY CLERK: 205.

9 BY MR. C. COOPER:

- Q. Mr. Alcalde, do you recognize the document marked as Plaintiff's Exhibit 205?
- 12 A. Yes. It's a copy of a newspaper article, July 2004,
  13 from a newspaper in Venezuela.
  - Q. How did you obtain a copy of this newspaper article?
- 15 A. I would have been doing research on the Internet, as I
  16 testified earlier, with respect to anything that was previously
  17 published on Bandagro, both in English and Spanish.
- Q. Do you recall when you obtained a copy of this July 1st, 2004, article?
  - A. I'm sure that I obtained it shortly after it came out.

MR. SCHWARTZ: Your Honor, I'm just going to note that we have objections, through this document, on a variety of grounds set forth in the pretrial order to authentication, foundation, hearsay, relevance, and as to the translation of this particular document.

```
1
              THE COURT: Well, let me just ask Mr. Cooper.
 2
            So, this is not an ancient document, of course.
                                                              This is
 3
     much more recent than 20 years.
 4
            Why isn't this hearsay and without an exception?
              MR. C. COOPER: Well, Your Honor, we would -- I guess
 5
     our argument would be that, when the Attorney General gives an
 6
 7
     interview in which she's asked questions about her opinion and
     she doesn't indicate that she changed her mind at a point in
 8
9
     time when she should have --
10
              THE COURT: I'm not trying to make your case for you.
11
     Would this qualify as an admission?
12
              MR. C. COOPER: I think it would.
13
              THE COURT: Why don't you address that for me,
14
     Mr. Schwartz? How do you see that?
              MR. SCHWARTZ: Well, first of all --
15
16
              THE COURT: She's still the Attorney General when the
17
     statement's made?
              MR. C. COOPER: Yes.
18
19
              MR. SCHWARTZ: I believe she is, yeah.
20
              THE COURT: All right.
21
              MR. SCHWARTZ: But the problem with this document
22
     concerns, in part, authenticity, foundation, and I believe
23
     completeness of the document; but, also, if you were to
24
     consider this -- and you may want to defer ruling on an
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evidentiary objection to this document -- you'd need to read

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1
     this in light of the Attorney General's own testimony
 2
     concerning the interview itself, because she was deposed about
 3
     this.
 4
              THE COURT: All right. Then, why don't we -- we'll
     note this, or we'll hold this for further resolution as far as
 5
     admissibility; but the witness can testify to it. If I strike
 6
 7
     the exhibit, then we'll strike the testimony as well.
              MR. SCHWARTZ: That's fine.
 8
 9
       BY MR. C. COOPER:
10
            And, Mr. Alcalde, after you saw the filing in April of
11
     2005 attaching the December 2003 opinion, what significance, if
     any, did this July 1, 2004, article have?
12
            Well, the significance of this article, in combination
13
14
     with other articles and other information that I had developed,
15
     was that it did not seem probable to me that the Attorney
16
     General of Venezuela really issued an opinion in December of
17
     2003.
              MR. SCHWARTZ: Objection.
18
19
              THE COURT: Yeah. I don't see any foundation at this
20
             The objection's sustained.
21
       BY MR. C. COOPER:
22
            Mr. Alcalde, you testified previously about news
23
     articles in the fall of 2003 that created -- that indicated
24
     there was controversy surrounding the Attorney General's
25
     opinion. Do you recall that?
```

1 A. Yes.

Q. As a result of that controversy, did you undertake efforts to try to find instances in which the Attorney General spoke about, or addressed, the October 2003 opinion?

A. Yes.

MR. SCHWARTZ: Again, we have to have a limitation there. If this occurred during Mr. Alcalde's tour of duty as trial counsel in this case, I don't think that's relevant.

MR. C. COOPER: I can clarify.

THE COURT: Go ahead.

BY MR. C. COOPER:

- Q. Mr. Alcalde, did you conduct this search during the time, well, before you filed suit in this case?
- A. Yes. I testified earlier that part of the investigation that I did was, I saw articles that came out in the major newspapers in Venezuela with respect that was heavily criticizing the October 2003 opinion of the Attorney General.

I looked for articles -- I looked for every article that I could find with respect to what the reaction was of the Venezuelan Attorney General to what was without a doubt heavy criticism in the press.

In addition to that, I knew that the General Assembly of Venezuela had started its own investigation of the October opinion, and --

Q. When did you learn that the --

I learned this while -- between the time that Mr. Richards asked me to start looking at this and the time that I gave him my opinion that the October opinion was final and binding. So, I -- Once I learned that the General Assembly was conducting an investigation, I looked for records and documents regarding that investigation. I spoke to Miquel Jacir, who actually testified during this investigation. And, as I told you, I also had met principals of Woodstrite. Woodstrite -- The two principals of Woodstrite --

THE COURT: If I could, let me just express a concern here.

So, up to this point, up to the time Skye makes the purchase, all of this information from Mr. Alcalde has to do with what did they know, particularly surrounding the Attorney General's opinion. But we're past the purchase point. So, how -- I mean, we're getting into opinion testimony; aren't we?

MR. C. COOPER: Well, Your Honor, if I may --

THE COURT: Go ahead. Sure.

MR. C. COOPER: -- the Defendants in this case contend that a Venezuelan Supreme Court decision issued in 2007 effectively allowed the Attorney General to change her opinion. And it's our contention, and I think what we're trying to present the evidence of, is that that opinion was essentially not changed.

THE COURT: Well, and -- that could very well be a

1 triable issue in this case; but, as someone who started out as 2 counsel and then -- trial counsel, is that the best person, or 3 even a proper person, to establish those claims? 4 MR. C. COOPER: Understood, Your Honor. I think that, with respect to Mr. Alcalde, some of the documents that I am 5 going to have him look at are things like the motion to dismiss 6 7 that would only be known to him as a result of it being filed and him being trial counsel. 8 9 THE COURT: Well, I take notice of anything on the 10 Court's docket. You don't need to have anybody authenticate or 11 testify to that. 12 MR. SCHWARTZ: The things that have been filed in the court on the docket need not be shown to Mr. Alcalde. That 13 14 just doesn't serve any purpose. They're on the Court's docket. 15 THE COURT: Right. In my mind, they're part of the 16 record in this case. 17 MR. SCHWARTZ: I don't disagree. 18 THE COURT: Right. 19 And, again, I think Mr. Alcalde knows it's not about personal knowledge or qualifications. It's about capacity, is 20 21 what we're talking about.

MR. SCHWARTZ: And the Attorney General was deposed

THE COURT: Well, listen, this is a trial. We don't

about this subject. That's what you should be looking at.

take anybody's word at face value, right? The other side has a

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right to contest it; but, certainly, the Attorney General's opinion here would be important.

MR. SCHWARTZ: Well, I'm talking simply as a matter of fact. Mr. Cooper took the Attorney General's opinion and asked about this subject matter. He may suggest you should find her testimony not credible. He can make that argument, but it's not for Mr. Alcalde to be speculating about what did or didn't happen.

THE COURT: I think we understand.

MR. C. COOPER: And, Your Honor, with the recognition that the Court will take notice of filings in this case, Skye will address that, then, in our written summation presented after the court (sic) to try to knit that all together and draw the links between it.

THE COURT: All right. Very good.

MR. C. COOPER: And, so, with that, Your Honor, let me make sure I have -- Your Honor, I do have one document that was -- it's discovery responses served in this case which would not have been filed.

If I can get a stipulation from Mr. Schwartz, I won't need to go into it: That Exhibit 219 are discovery responses filed by the Defendants in this case in 2006.

THE COURT: All right. Mr. Schwartz, take a look, then, and let me know if you have an objection.

MR. SCHWARTZ: I'll take a look if we can find it.

The only objections that we have listed to this document in the pretrial order, Your Honor, are the objections that are stated in the document itself. So, there is no question as to the authenticity of the document. THE COURT: All right. So, the objections haven't been resolved. Subject to those objections, then, you have no concern if I admit this? MR. SCHWARTZ: Right. THE COURT: All right. Then, that's what we'll do. MR. C. COOPER: Very good. Thank you. Then, in that case, Your Honor, I've concluded my questions of Mr. Alcalde. THE COURT: All right. Thank you. Mr. Schwartz, when you're ready, you may cross-examine. CROSS-EXAMINATION BY MR. SCHWARTZ: Good afternoon, Mr. Alcalde. Q. Good day. Α. You signed the original complaint in this case, right? 0. Α. Most likely.

Let's take a look at it and dispel any doubt about it.

It's Defendant's Exhibit 606. Should be in Binder 7.

THE COURT: You need the binders; right?

So, this is our --

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Q.

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Vol. 1 -
 1
              MR. SCHWARTZ: Yes.
 2
              MR. LUCAS: Do you want us to hand the binders to the
 3
     witness? It's up to you.
              COURTROOM DEPUTY CLERK: No.
 4
              MR. LUCAS: Okay. Thank you very much.
 5
              THE COURT: I am assuming this is one we can just show
 6
 7
     to the witness. He can identify his own signature.
              MR. SCHWARTZ: He should be able to do that. This
 8
9
     should be one signature in the case not in doubt.
              THE COURT: Right.
10
11
       BY MR. SCHWARTZ:
12
       Q. All right. Do you have Defendant's Exhibit 606 in front
13
     of you, Mr. Alcalde?
14
              THE COURT: If you need that. You can also follow on
15
     the screen.
16
              THE WITNESS: Yes, I do have it.
17
       BY MR. SCHWARTZ:
       Q. All right. Let me ask you to turn to the last page of
18
19
     that document, please.
20
       Α.
            (Witness complies.)
21
              THE COURT: By the way, that was in Spanish before
22
     this.
           This is on the Court's docket. I think you have a
23
     translation there.
24
             MR. SCHWARTZ: No. I think the translation is
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the -- Oh, yeah. Look at that, actually. We have the

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1
     translation. And there are exhibits to this, of course.
 2
              THE COURT: If you look at the whole document -- it's
 3
     on the screen right now.
 4
              MR. SCHWARTZ: You don't have to go to the end of it.
     It looks like the certificate of service, or something, is
 5
     there.
 6
 7
       BY MR. SCHWARTZ:
            Take a look at the fifth page of this.
 8
       Q.
 9
            Yeah. That looks like my signature.
       Α.
           You signed the original complaint, Docket #1 in this
10
       Q.
11
     long odyssey of a case, right?
12
       Α.
            Yes.
13
              THE COURT: There it is.
14
       BY MR. SCHWARTZ:
15
            And you participated in the drafting of this complaint,
16
     correct?
17
       Α.
            Yes.
            And the complaint names only one plaintiff, DRFP LLC,
18
19
     D/B/A Skye Ventures, correct?
20
       Α.
           Correct.
21
            And let's take a look at Paragraph 11 of this complaint.
       Q.
22
     Do you have that in front of you? It's on the third page.
23
       Α.
            Yes.
24
            And it states: At all times relevant herein, Skye is
       Q.
     the owner, holder, and bearer of the Notes Numbers 7/12 and
25
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- 1 8/12 totaling \$100 million, right?
- 2 A. Yes.
- Q. And, also, in the same paragraph, you pled that Skye obtained those notes from Gruppo Triad-FCC-SPA, correct?
- 5 A. Correct.
- Q. And Skye obtained those notes pursuant to a written agreement with Gruppo Triad, correct?
- 8 A. Yes.
- 9 Q. When you filed this complaint, you did not attach that written agreement, correct?
- 11 A. I think I attached the notes.
- Q. Yes, you attached the notes; but you didn't attach the agreement by which Skye obtained those notes from Gruppo Triad,
- 14 correct?
- 15 A. It doesn't look like I did.
- Q. When you filed this complaint, Gruppo Triad had a potential interest in the litigation proceeds, correct?
- 18 A. I don't know.
- 19 Q. Did you know then?
- 20 A. I don't know that I analyzed it that way.
- Q. So, when you filed this complaint, did you have an understanding of what percentage of the potential recovery in the action Skye Ventures stood to gain?
- A. That Skye? I don't know that I had -- Mr. Richards did
  not share with me the names of all of the investors that were a

- part of Skye or any other agreements he may have had. I don't know that I was concerned about that.
- Q. When you signed this complaint, did you know that Gruppo
  Triad stood to gain tens of millions of dollars from this case
  if the Plaintiff prevailed?
  - A. I don't know that I know that now.

- Q. When you signed this complaint, did you know that Gruppo
  Triad had, by far, the largest percentage share of any
  potential recovery in this case?
- 10 A. No. I don't know that I know that now.
- 11 Q. You were still trial counsel for the Plaintiff in this 12 case in 2006, correct?
- 13 A. I was trial counsel until 2008.
- Q. So, in 2006, you were still the trial counsel, right?
- 15 A. It sounds like it, right.
- Q. And, while you were trial counsel, the Defendants served their first set of document requests on the Plaintiff, right?
- 18 A. I don't recall, but if you say so.
- Q. Do you recall, as trial counsel, responding to a set of document requests in this case in 2006 or at any time?
- 21 A. I may have. I don't know.
- 22 Q. Let's take a look.
- 23 I'm going to show you a document that's an impeachment 24 exhibit designated by us as Impeachment Exhibit 2.
- MR. SCHWARTZ: Is there a copy for the Judge?

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Vol.
 1
              MS. RODRIGUEZ: Yes.
 2
              THE COURT: You gave us two?
 3
              MS. RODRIGUEZ: Yes.
 4
              THE COURT: All right.
 5
              MR. SCHWARTZ: And for Skye?
       BY MR. SCHWARTZ:
 6
            Take a look at this document.
 7
       Q.
              THE COURT: Just to make this easy, could you give us
 8
9
     the docket number on our filing system? That will make keeping
10
     track of this a lot easier.
11
              MR. SCHWARTZ: I can't, Judge, because this is a
12
     discovery response.
13
              THE COURT: That's right. It wasn't filed. Okay.
14
     You're right. I'm mistaken.
15
            Go ahead.
16
       BY MR. SCHWARTZ:
17
            Mr. Alcalde, take a moment and look this document over.
18
     Do you recognize this as responses by Plaintiff to the
19
     Defendant's first request for production of documents?
20
       A. Yes.
21
              THE COURT: While you're looking it over, we need to
22
     give this a designation.
23
              MR. SCHWARTZ: All right. We had designated it here
24
     as Impeachment Exhibit 2, but we can make it the next
25
     Defendant's exhibit in line.
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THE COURT: Well, the first exhibit was the complaint?
 1
 2
              MR. SCHWARTZ: Yes.
 3
              THE COURT: Let's call this Impeachment Number 2.
 4
              MR. SCHWARTZ: Yeah.
 5
            The complaint, actually, is already marked as an
     exhibit, Defendant's 606. But, the way we have this numbered,
 6
 7
     it's our second impeachment exhibit.
 8
              THE WITNESS: I'm going to use the first, also.
 9
              THE COURT: That's fine.
10
       BY MR. SCHWARTZ:
11
            All right. Mr. Alcalde, let's take a look, if we would,
       Q.
12
     at the 19th numbered page of this Impeachment Exhibit 2.
13
     you have that?
14
       Α.
            Yes.
15
            And, so, you signed these discovery responses; and they
16
     were served on the 20th of November, 2006, right?
17
       Α.
            Yes.
18
            All right. Let me ask you to take a look at the
19
     second-to-last page of this document. Actually, to put this in
20
     context for you, you'll see the last five pages of this exhibit
     consist of an index of Plaintiff's responses to Defendants'
21
22
     request for production of documents. Do you see that?
23
       Α.
            Yes.
24
            And this is an inventory, isn't it, of the documents
       Q.
25
     that you were producing in November of 2006? Is that fair?
```

A. Yes. Yes.

- Q. And you've got columns and identification of the document and the response to the request number and then the Bates number, right?
- 5 A. Correct.
- Q. All right. Now, take a look at the fourth of five pages.
- 8 A. (Witness complies.)
- 9 Q. Do you have that page, sir?
- 10 A. Yes.
- Q. All right. Look at the second-to-last entry. Do you see it says: "Agreement dated 4-8-04 between Gruppo Triad and Skye Ventures" --
- 14 A. Yes.
- 15 Q. -- and it lists some Bates numbers?
- 16 A. Yes.
- Q. And it says, after the Bates numbers, "Redacted to remove privileged information." Do you see that?
- 19 A. Yes.
- Q. And then you identify the requests to which this
  agreement was responsive. And those are Requests 16, 17 and 29
  within the document request you were responding to, right?
- 23 A. Yes.
- Q. And when you produced a copy of the agreement, the
  written agreement between Gruppo Triad and Skye by which Skye

1 obtained the notes back in 2006, it was heavily redacted, 2 correct? 3 Α. I haven't seen the agreement since whenever this was 4 filed. So, you'd have to show it to me. I'll be happy to have Ms. Rodriguez do so. 5 Q. This, Your Honor, we've marked as MR. SCHWARTZ: 6 7 Defendant's Impeachment Exhibit 1. BY MR. SCHWARTZ: 8 9 THE WITNESS: Okay. I have it. 10 BY MR. SCHWARTZ: 11 Do you recognize this as the document that you produced Q. 12 in November 2006 to the Defendants? 13 I'll make it easy for you, Mr. Alcalde. Look at the 14 Bates stamp numbers in the lower right-hand corner of 15 Impeachment Exhibit 1 and compare them to the Bates stamp 16 numbers in the inventory in Impeachment Exhibit 2. Do you see 17 they match? 18 Α. Yes. 19

- Q. So, Impeachment Exhibit 1, this is the version of the agreement between Gruppo Triad and Skye that you gave to the Defendants in November 2006, correct?
- 22 A. I presume so, yes.

23

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25

Q. And, looking at this heavily redacted document on the second page, you'll see there's an Article 2, Purchase Consideration. Do you see that?

1 A. Yes.

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- Q. And, looking at this heavily redacted agreement, you can't tell how much or how little Skye paid to Gruppo Triad to obtain the purported notes, right?
  - A. That's correct.
  - Q. You obscured that information, correct?
- 7 A. Either I or someone under my direction.
- Q. And you did so on the ground that that information
  concerning the purchase consideration was privileged, right?
- 10 A. Correct.
- Q. Can you conceive of any colorable basis upon which the amount that a buyer paid a seller for promissory notes would be privileged?
- THE COURT: That's asking for a legal conclusion.

  That's the first issue.
  - MR. C. COOPER: Your Honor, it seems like we've devolving into a discovery dispute.
- MR. SCHWARTZ: On the contrary.
  - THE COURT: Well, I don't want -- There may be some fertile ground here, but asking for a legal opinion isn't going to be the way to get to it.
- MR. SCHWARTZ: Fair enough. Let me ask another question.
- THE COURT: I think all my rulings are fair, but go ahead.

## BY MR. SCHWARTZ:

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- Q. Regardless, you asserted privilege over the purchase consideration, right?
  - A. Yes. I also don't think it was relevant.
- Q. But that --
- A. But, you know, had you filed a motion or your

  predecessor filed a motion on it, I would have responded with

  appropriate arguments.
  - Q. By the way, you didn't say anything about relevance when you indicated why you did the redactions, right? You wrote "Privileged." Is that fair?
- 12 A. Well --
  - THE COURT: You know, let me hear from both of you on this, because the witness knows the answer, or maybe he doesn't. But the real question I have -- Let's start with you, Mr. Schwartz. Why is this information relevant?
  - MR. SCHWARTZ: You'll see --
- 18 | THE COURT: Just -- Let's start --
- MR. SCHWARTZ: Let me move to the next part of this agreement.
- 21 THE COURT: Well, no. Let me get a quick answer to my question.
- Does this have to do with -- I mean, the analogy that is coming to my mind is if you sold me a brand new BMW for \$2,000.

  Is that where you're going with this?

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1
              MR. SCHWARTZ: That's part of it. But, then, I sold
     it to you for $2,000, and I got to drive it.
 2
 3
              THE COURT: All right. Before we go any further, I
 4
     want to get this argument framed.
 5
            Mr. Cooper, do you still object to this being disclosed?
              MR. C. COOPER: No. Actually, Your Honor, this
 6
 7
     agreement was fully disclosed later in the case.
              THE COURT: All right. I don't want to get into a
 8
9
     discovery dispute.
10
              MR. SCHWARTZ: I'm not having a discovery dispute.
11
              THE COURT: And then we'll get into -- Just go ahead
     and ask the question. If he knows the answer, he can give it
12
13
     to you.
14
              MR. SCHWARTZ: That's fair enough.
15
       BY MR. SCHWARTZ:
16
            Let's take a look at Bates stamp page 00861 contained
       Q.
17
     within Impeachment Exhibit 1. Do you see there is a section
18
     entitled "The Terms"?
19
       Α.
            Yes.
20
       Ο.
            And that's completely obscured, right?
21
       Α.
            Yes.
22
       Q.
            So, whatever the terms were were not revealed in 2006,
23
     right?
24
              THE COURT: But did you eventually get all this?
              MR. SCHWARTZ: Yes.
25
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1
              THE COURT: I don't want to fight a discovery dispute
 2
     at trial.
 3
              MR. SCHWARTZ: It's not a discovery dispute, Your
 4
     Honor.
 5
              THE COURT: Well, you say that, but that's what it
     sounds like. I'll give you a little bit of latitude here, but
 6
 7
     that's my concern.
 8
              MR. SCHWARTZ: All right.
 9
       BY MR. SCHWARTZ:
10
            So, you couldn't tell from this Impeachment Exhibit 1,
11
     the redacted agreement, how much or how little Skye paid or who
12
     stood to gain from any litigation proceeds, right, from the
     face of this document? Is that correct?
13
14
            Well, you couldn't tell from the face of this document
15
     the information that was obscured. I don't -- I mean, your
16
     characterization is your characterization.
17
       Q.
            All right. Let's take a look at Defendant's Exhibit
18
           That's in Binder 6. Just let me know when you have that,
     Mr. Alcalde.
19
20
       A. I have it.
21
            You've got it?
       Q.
22
       Α.
            Yes.
23
            All right. Let's take a look at the Purchase
       Q.
24
     Consideration section. It appears on page 00894.
25
       Α.
            Okay.
```

- 1 Q. And it says that Skye has transferred \$250,000 to Gruppo
- 2 or Schianchi, right?
- 3 A. That's what it says.
- Q. And Skye will transfer, in 2004, another \$200,000,
- 5 right?
- 6 A. That's what it says in 2.2, yes.
- 7 Q. That's a total of \$450,000 for a hundred million dollars of notes, right?
- 9 A. So far.
- Q. And, if you do the math, that's less than half a cent on
- 11 | the dollar of the face amount of the notes, right?
- 12 A. I don't know. I didn't calculate it.
- Q. Well, \$450,000 as against a million. If it was one
- 14 | million against a hundred million, it would be one cent on the
- 15 dollar, right?
- 16 A. Are you asking me to validate your math?
- 17 Q. I'm asking you whether one million is one percent of a
- 18 | hundred million.
- 19 A. Yes.
- Q. All right. So, \$450,000 is less than half a cent,
- 21 right?
- 22 A. Yes.
- Q. All right. And now let's take a look at Exhibit A to
- 24 | the fully -- the unredacted version that Mr. Cooper produced in
- 25 | 2014. Do you see page SKYE00898?

1 THE COURT: Is there an objection?

MR. C. COOPER: Your Honor, I'm just going to object to the relevance of the testimony about the agreement between Skye and Gruppo Triad and note that the redacted version was filed, or provided, at a time when the parties were limited to jurisdictional discovery. When that was lifted, Skye provided the full agreement. I guess my objection is one of relevance.

THE COURT: Relevance.

This is my view: I've heard from -- I think I understand your positions. There is some slight relevance here. The purchase price has some bearing on the triable issues here.

MR. SCHWARTZ: As does the waterfall distribution of proceeds, which gives --

THE COURT: You're winning. So, you can proceed.

MR. SCHWARTZ: Fair enough. But I'm not going to spend much more time on this. I just want to establish the parameters we're working within here.

## BY MR. SCHWARTZ:

- Q. So, Mr. Alcalde, let's take a look at this nonrecourse promissory note contained within Exhibit 521. Do you have that?
- 23 A. Yes.

Q. And there is a section on page 899 entitled "Distribution of Funds." Do you see that?

A. Yes.

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- Q. And you can see there, without going through the
  minutiae of this waterfall, that Gruppo Triad is slated here to
  receive \$39 million of potential proceeds in Section 2.1.d,
  right?
  - A. That's what this document says, yes.
- Q. All right. Let's turn to your interest in any potential litigation proceeds.

9 You also stand to benefit financially if Skye wins this 10 case, right?

- A. Well, that depends. I have an oral agreement -- I don't have a written agreement -- with Crabbe, Brown and James. I don't have a written agreement with Skye Ventures. I don't have a written agreement with anyone, with the exception of a small \$50,000 interest that Mr. Richards gave to me sometime in 2003 or '04. So, Mr. Richards has said to me that, if we're successful, that he'll pay me for my work that I did during the litigation; but that's the extent of it.
- Q. So, of the hundred million dollars in face value of
  Notes 7/12 and 8/12, your interest is for \$50,000 of the face
  value, right?
  - A. That's what I have a written document to, yes.
- 23 Q. That's your baseline, right?
- 24 A. That's not my baseline. That's it.
- Q. And, then, David Richards has told you, orally, that, if

this case works out for Skye, he'll pay you something else,
right?

A. Yes.

- Q. And, in fact, while you were preparing for your deposition in this case, you had a conversation with David Richards shortly before the deposition, and he reiterated that promise, right?
  - A. Yes, but I had a prior conversation with one of his partners in which I made clear that I would testify in this case because I'm an attorney and I feel like I have an ethical duty if I'm subpoenaed or asked to testify in this case, but I'm not testifying in this case because anyone has said that I'm going to get paid any money.
- Q. Let's talk about the scope of the due diligence that you conducted in 2004. You did this work in connection with Skye's possible acquisition of the purported Bandagro notes, right?
- 17 A. That's correct.
- Q. And you learned during your due diligence there was all kinds of information in the public domain, dating back to the 1980s, that there were fake Bandagro notes in circulation, right?
- A. Yeah. Well, I first learned that in the Attorney
  General's opinion.
  - Q. And you learned that and had it confirmed during the course of your due diligence, right?

A. I had it confirmed by the Ministry of Finance report and the four prior investigations. Some of the newspaper articles that I read merely repeated what was said in some of those things.

- Q. So, you knew there were fake notes in circulation?
- 6 A. Yes. So did Venezuela.
  - Q. And you learned that Venezuela had issued public statements that warned against fake Bandagro notes, right?
- 9 A. Yes. I testified to that.
- Q. But your investigation, you say, didn't look into
  whether the Bandagro notes at issue in this case were fake,
  correct?
- 13 A. That's right.

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8

- 14 Q. You wanted --
- 15 A. My focus was on the opinion of the Attorney General and its legality.
- Q. And you weren't concerned about whether the notes were fake, correct?
- A. That was the job of the Attorney General and the
  Minister of Finance, to concern themselves with that issue.
- 21 Q. I'm asking you about your job, Mr. Alcalde.
- A. I'm telling you what my job -- My job was to determine if the opinion of the Attorney General was final and binding.
  - Q. And you didn't care if the notes were fake, right?
- 25 A. I don't believe the notes are fake. I believe the notes

have been validated by the Government of Venezuela as a legitimate obligation of Venezuela by a legal process.

- Q. And you told Mr. Lucas in your deposition on May 18th, 2015, that you weren't concerned whether the notes were fake, correct?
- A. But I also -- Well, I'm not concerned by that because that was taken care of by the Attorney General; but I believe I've also stated that I believe that these notes have -- In fact, in my opinion, since you're asking my opinion, these notes are super validated. These notes have gone through a process that no other notes in Venezuela have gone to. They've gone through a process where the Attorney General of Venezuela has validated these notes as legitimate obligations of the Government.
- Q. During the time you did your investigation, you didn't care, one way or the other, whether they were fake. Isn't that what you've testified to? Do I need to pull the deposition out?
- A. You can pull it out. My job was to determine if the opinion of the Attorney General that these notes were legal and binding was a final decision. I couldn't -- I was never going to be able to find out if these notes had been issued by Bandagro or not. There is conflicting evidence in the record as to whether they were issued or not.
  - Q. In your view, whether the purported notes that Skye

obtained from Gruppo Triad are fake is not important to the case that you filed on behalf of Skye, correct?

- A. It's not the issue.
- Q. Now, these Bandagro notes, numbers 7/12 and 8/12 that are at issue in this case, they were allegedly issued in 1981, right?
  - A. Correct.

- Q. And you didn't investigate the circumstances surrounding the alleged issuance of the notes, right?
- A. You mean other than what I've said, other than the fact that I studied what was happening in Venezuela at that time, other than the fact that I found articles that said that Bandagro was issuing notes in millions of dollars, other than the fact that I found an article from the Wall Street Journal that said that Venezuela was backing the debt of Bandagro, other than the fact that I studied the Minister of Finance report and the Attorney General's opinion saying that these notes had been issued by Bandagro? No, I guess I didn't do anything beyond that.
- Q. I think we're going to have to take a look at a deposition transcript, Mr. Alcalde.
- 22 A. Sure.
- Q. I'm sure we have them in the courtroom. We'll pull out
  Volume I of your deposition from May 18th, 2015. It may take
  us a moment to distribute these in the courtroom.

1 Mr. Alcalde, so, we're looking at the first volume of 2 your deposition taken on May 18th, 2015. Please turn to page 3 28.

- A. (Witness complies.)
- Q. Do you have that? It will continue on to 29.
- 6 A. Yes.

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Q. Do you see, at Line 17, Mr. Lucas asked you: Based upon the due diligence that you did in this case, do you have a view as to whether the notes at issue in this case are fake?

Do you see that question?

- 11 A. Yes.
- Q. And do you see you answered, starting on Line 23 of page 28: Well, I do not. I did not conduct due diligence to
- determine what happened in 1981 or '82 when these notes were allegedly issued. Okay. That wasn't the focus of my due
- 16 diligence.
- Did Mr. Lucas ask you that question, and did you provide that answer?
- A. Yes, he did. But I also see, down on Line 10 of page 20 28, I stated to Mr. Lucas what I just stated to you: That I believe that these notes actually have a super indicia of genuineness and validity, if you'd care to read that.
  - Q. The alleged notes at issue are identified as ICC 322, Notes 7/12 and 8/12, right?
- 25 A. Right.

1 Q. And they allegedly were signed by three individuals,

- 2 correct?
- 3 A. Right.
- 4 Q. The names of those individuals are Elbano Fontana
- 5 Nieves -- right?
- 6 A. Yes.
- 7 Q. Do you recognize that name?
- 8 A. Yes.
- 9 Q. Pascual Puigbo Morales, do you recognize that name?
- 10 A. Yes.
- 11 Q. And Waldemar Cordero Vale, right?
- 12 A. Yes.
- Q. During your investigation, you learned that all three of these alleged signers had denied signing ICC 322 notes, right?
- 15 A. I learned that they had denied signing them, and I learned that they had also admitted to signing them.
- Q. Prior to Skye's acquisition of the purported notes, you never attempted to contact any of the three alleged signers to ask them if they signed the notes, right?
- 20 A. That's right.
- Q. And, at any time, you've never spoken to Elbano Fontana
  Nieves, right?
- 23 A. I have not.
- Q. And, while they were alive, you never spoke to Pascual
  Puigbo Morales or Waldemar Cordero Vale, correct?

A. I have not.

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- Q. And you've never spoken to a gentleman by the name of Luis Ugueto, did you?
  - A. I don't think so.
    - Q. Do you have any idea who he is?
- 6 A. I don't recall at the moment.
- Q. And you didn't interview anyone at Bandagro who worked there in the early 1980s to investigate if the purported notes were ever issued by that bank, right?
- 10 A. I did not.
- Q. And, as you've testified, you decided you'd never be
  able to figure out what actually happened in 1981 regarding the
  alleged issuance of these purported notes, correct?
- A. Well, I might have had if I'd have had five or ten million dollars to do it with, but that wasn't my task.
  - Q. Based on the resources and the time you had available to you, you determined you'd never be able to get to the bottom of that, right?
- A. Based on the resources that I had and the task that I had, it was to determine the legality and finality of the Attorney General's opinion.
- Q. So, Skye acquired these purported notes in 2004 from Gruppo Triad, right?
- 24 A. Yes.
- 25 Q. And the leader of Gruppo Triad was someone named James

- 1 Paolo Pavanelli, correct?
- 2 A. Yes.
- 3 Q. Before Skye obtained the notes, you spoke with
- 4 Pavanelli, correct?
- 5 A. Yes.
- Q. And you asked Pavanelli how did Gruppo Triad acquire the purported Bandagro promissory notes, right?
- 8 A. Yes.
- 9 Q. And Pavanelli was talking about having bought not just
  10 these two notes for a hundred million dollars, but over a
  11 billion dollars, in face amount, for these notes, right?
- A. Pavanelli was talking about the notes that were a part
  of the claim or that were the claim that Dr. Jacir filed in
  Venezuela.
- Q. And the aggregate face value of all those purported notes exceeded one billion dollars, right?
- 17 A. I thought it was one billion.
- Q. Okay. And Pavanelli told you he'd paid some 200 to 300 million dollars in some combination of cash, jewels, and maybe negotiable instruments to obtain those million dollars in purported notes, right?
- 22 A. Yes.
- Q. All right. Let's take a look at DEF 564 and DEF 565.

  I'll tell you in a moment what Binder they're in, Mr.
- 25 Cooper. It's eight.

Vol. 1 - 195
It appears I misspoke in my last question, according to

2 my colleagues. So, just to be clear, Pavanelli told you that,

- 3 in order to obtain the \$1 billion in aggregate face amount of
- 4 these purported Bandagro notes, he'd paid some 200 to 300
- 5 | million dollars in cash, jewels, and maybe negotiable
- 6 instruments. That was his claim, right?
- 7 A. I thought that's what you asked me. Yes.
- Q. Okay. So did I, but apparently I misspoke. I think you understood my question anyway.
- All right. So, let's look at DEF 564 and 565. Are those available to you?
- 12 COURTROOM DEPUTY CLERK: Volume --
- MR. SCHWARTZ: It's Volume #7. Sorry.
- 14 THE WITNESS: Which tab?
- 15 BY MR. SCHWARTZ:
- 16 Q. It's 564 and 565, Mr. Alcalde.
- 17 A. Okay.

- 18 Q. These two are of a piece (sic). Just let me know when
- 19 you've got 564.
- 20 A. I have it.
- 21 Q. So, 564 is a copy of an e-mail that you sent to
- 22 | Pavanelli on or about May 26th, 2004, right?
- 23 A. Yes.
- Q. And 565 is a copy of an e-mail from Pavanelli, to you,
- 25 on the same day, right?

- 1 A. Yes.
- Q. And Pavanelli's e-mail to you, which is 565, is a response to questions that you posed in 564, right?
- 4 A. Yes.
- Q. Let's look at page 564 -- I'm sorry -- Exhibit 564, the second page. And, there, you asked Pavanelli a series of seven numbered questions, right?
- 8 A. Yes.
- 9 Q. And Pavanelli provided some responses in 565, right?
- 10 A. Yes.
- Q. Now, before we go through these specific questions, when you first started looking into Bandagro notes, you were representing Skye Ventures exclusively, right?
- 14 A. Correct.
- Q. But, by the time you exchanged these e-mails with
  Pavanelli in May of 2004, you were also representing Gruppo
  Triad, right?
- A. There was a period of time when we were representing

  Gruppo Triad, yes.
- Q. And that period of time included May 26th of 2004, right?
- A. I told you I didn't have a lot of recollection about when I represented him, but that sounds right.
- Q. All right. So, at this time, you're representing both the potential buyer and the potential seller of these purported

- 1 notes, correct?
- 2 A. Yes.
- Q. And Pavanelli is a client of yours when you're having this exchange with him, right?
- 5 A. Yes.
- Q. All right. So, looking at your questions, the first thing you wanted to know was when did Pavanelli buy the notes, right?
- 9 A. Yes.
- Q. And Pavanelli told you, in Defendant's Exhibit 565, the notes had been purchased in June 1987, right?
- 12 A. Yes.
- Q. And then your second question to Pavanelli, naturally enough, was who sold the notes to you, right?
- 15 A. Yes.
- Q. And he told you, in Defendant's Exhibit 565, that the seller was Mr. Alfredo Guillermo Agaar -- A-g-a-a-r -- a

  Venezuelan acting for and on behalf of some undisclosed

  Venezuelan businessmen, right?
- 20 A. Yes.

22

- 21 Q. And let's skip, now, down to your fourth question.
- U.S. when the notes had a face value of over one billion U.S.?

You asked Pavanelli: Why did you only pay \$250 million

- In other words, what was the situation with the notes that
- 25 | caused them to sell at such a discount?

Right?

A. Yes.

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Q. And that question seemed to disturb Pavanelli, right?

MR. C. COOPER: Objection.

THE COURT: Well, it says what it says. I think it's an improper question; but it has, I'll note, five or six question marks at the end. And that may take care of it.

BY MR. SCHWARTZ:

- Q. Let's take a look at what Pavanelli told you in his answer number 4. First he answered with a question, right? He said: Who told you we paid 250 million, followed by five question marks.
- 13 Right?
- A. Well, that's what the e-mail reads, yes.
- 15 Q. And then he said: That is false. I never said that.
- 16 | Exclamation point. We paid much more.
- 17 Right?
- 18 A. Right.
- 19 Q. And, as to your question about the discount rate,
- 20 Pavanelli didn't respond at all, right?
- 21 A. That's the answer that he gave.
- 22 Q. And he didn't address the discount rate, correct?
- 23 A. He said he paid much more. So --
- Q. Did he provide you any explanation of why he paid
- 25 whatever he paid in relation to the supposed face value?

1 A. No.

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- Q. Now, you followed up with Pavanelli to find out how much more was allegedly paid than the 250 million, right?
  - A. I don't know. I may have.
- Q. Well, didn't you testify at your deposition that you probably did?
- 7 A. Like I said, I don't know. I probably did. I don't 8 know. Maybe I did.
- 9 Q. In any event, you never got any further information 10 along those lines from Pavanelli, right?
- 11 A. That's correct.
  - Q. So, beyond having been told that the purchase price was, quote, much more than 250 million, end quote, you have no idea what Pavanelli claims to have paid for the notes, right?
- 15 A. No. And I stopped representing him at some point.
- Q. And, when you say "no," you mean you just don't know, right?
- 18 A. I don't know.
- Q. Now, turning back to Defendant's Exhibit 564, you had a seventh question. It was actually a series of questions. You asked Pavanelli some questions about whether he followed ICC rules for presentment and payment as set forth on the face of the notes in any prior attempt to get paid; if so, when was that, what banks did he use, what was the result of his efforts, and do you have any documentation with respect to

1 those prior efforts. You asked him all those questions, right?

- I asked the questions that are in this e-mail, yes.
- 0. And his answer to all those questions in Defendant's 4 Exhibit 565 was one word, right?
- Α. Yes. 5

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- Pavanelli didn't identify any banks, and he didn't tell 6 Q. 7 you the results of any of these efforts, correct?
  - Not that I recall, no. Α.
- And he didn't identify any documentation, here or 9 Q. 10 elsewhere, concerning any such collection efforts, right?
- 11 Not that I recall. Α.
- 12 Now, as we've seen in --Ο.
- 13 But, I mean, other than the collection effort through 14 Dr. Jacir. That was the one that I was focused on.
- 15 That's not what you were asking about here in Question Q. 16 7, right? You were asking about something else, correct?
  - That -- That's correct, but I want to make sure Α. that -- You asked me whether I identified any collection efforts. Well, the collection effort that is the central issue of this trial is the collection effort through Dr. Jacir and the administrative process in Venezuela.
- 22 I understand that's your stance, Mr. Alcalde, and you'll 23 look for as many opportunities as possible to say it; but, for 24 the time being, as to these questions here concerning prior 25 collection efforts, you were asking about something else,

right?

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Well, I don't know that. I don't know that I -- because 2 3 it's possible that I was trying to find out his involvement in 4 one of the prior collection efforts in Venezuela. I don't know. But fair enough. You know. I did not -- With respect 5 to prior collection efforts, prior collection efforts that I 6 7 can for sure testify, is the collection effort that was rejected by the Minister of Finance initially. Then we have 8 9 the collection effort through Dr. Jacir. And I believe that 10 one of the prior four collection efforts that are noted in the 11 Ministry of Finance, the one, perhaps, with Triad F.F.C., may 12 have been a collection effort by Pavanelli, but I'm not 13 positive.

- Q. You think one of the four --
- A. It's possible. I don't know. It's possible, because Pavanelli's position was that they kept getting rejected.

We know for a fact that he was rejected by the Minister of Finance initially, and that's why Jacir wrote to the office of the President.

- Q. And you think one of those four prior reports --
- 21 A. I don't know. Maybe. Maybe.
  - Q. You have to let me finish the question.

Do you think that one of the four prior reports mentioned in the Ministry of Finance report of August 2003 had something to do with Pavanelli or Gruppo Triad?

- A. Possible, but I don't know.
- Q. Now, as we've seen in Defendant's Exhibit 565, Pavanelli told you that someone named "Agaar" was the seller, acting on behalf of some undisclosed Venezuelan businessmen, right?
- 5 A. Yes.

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- Q. You never contacted any such person to ask about the alleged sale of notes to Pavanelli, right?
- 8 A. I did not.
- 9 Q. You were, however, curious about the identity of the undisclosed businessmen, weren't you?
- 11 A. I may have been.
- Q. Didn't you tell Mr. Lucas on May 18th, 2015, at your deposition, that you were curious about the undisclosed

  Venezuelan businessmen?
- 15 A. If I did, I may have been, yes.
  - Q. Regardless, you never determined the identity of any undisclosed Venezuelan businessmen who used some guy named Agaar to sell over a hundred -- over a billion dollars of notes to Pavanelli, right?
- 20 A. I did not.
- Q. Ultimately, just like you determined you'd never be able to figure out what happened in 1981, you never determined to your satisfaction how Gruppo Triad got its hands on the purported Bandagro notes, right?
- 25 A. Other than with Pavanelli -- Other than what Pavanelli

1 said, no.

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- Q. And you concluded you were never going to be able to figure that out, right?
- A. I concluded that: Probably was not going to find out, and it wasn't relevant to what my task was.
- Q. And you concluded that you weren't going to be able to figure that out even though Gruppo Triad was your client, right?
- 9 A. For a short period of time.
  - Q. When Gruppo Triad was your client, you determined you'd never be able to figure out how that client obtained these purported promissory notes with an aggregate face amount of over one billion, correct?
- 14 A. Other than what Pavanelli said, no.
- Q. Do you still have Volume I of your deposition from May 18th, 2015, in front of you?
- 17 Let me ask you to turn to page 212 within that Volume I,
  18 please.
- 19 A. Yes.
- 20 Q. And, specifically, at Line 20 --
- 21 A. Yes.
- 22 Q. Bear with me a second.
- Do you see Mr. Lucas asked: At the time Skye purchased
  the purported notes, did you get to the bottom of what happened
  with respect to the alleged transaction that Gruppo Triad said

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     they were involved in in acquiring the purported notes?
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            Do you see that question?
 3
       Α.
            Yes.
            And, then, turning to page 213, your answer was, quote:
 4
       Q.
     I never determined to my satisfaction how Gruppo Triad acquired
 5
     the notes, if that's the import of your question, because it
 6
 7
     wasn't something that I was going to be able to really figure
 8
     out.
 9
            Did Mr. Lucas ask you that question, and did you provide
10
     that answer in May of 2015?
11
            Yes. And, in the prior page, I also told Mr. Lucas that
12
     I concluded that I was going to rely on the opinion of the
13
     Attorney General, as opposed to me spending 20 years doing what
14
     the Attorney General of Venezuela had already done.
            One of the things you did in due diligence, you told Mr.
15
16
     Cooper, was to collect news articles about Bandagro, right?
17
       Α.
            Yes.
              THE COURT: I think you called the witness Mr. Cooper.
18
19
     I don't know if you meant that, but that's all right.
20
              MR. SCHWARTZ: No. I meant that he told Mr. Cooper.
21
              THE COURT: All right. Very good.
22
       BY MR. SCHWARTZ:
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I'll rephrase the questions, this question:

One of the things that you testified on during your

direct examination was that you collected news articles about

23

24

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Q.

205

1 Bandagro in the course of your due diligence, right?

Α. Yes.

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- Q. And you tried to gather every relevant news article 4 relating to Bandagro you could find, right?
  - That I could find, yes. Α.
  - And, in the course of that effort, you searched an Q. online news source called Quinto Dia, correct?
  - That was one of them. Α.
- 9 And however advanced the Internet was in 2004, Quinto Q. 10 Dia articles were readily available online at that time, right?
- 11 I was able to find articles published by Quinto Dia.
- 12 All right. I'm going to ask you to look at Joint Q. Exhibit 30, which is in Binder 1. It's a special binder. 13 14 least mine has a different color.
- 15 MR. SCHWARTZ: Thank you, Andy.
- 16 BY MR. SCHWARTZ:
- 17 Just let me know, Mr. Alcalde, when you've got Exhibit Q. 30, Joint Exhibit 30. 18
- 19 Α. Yes.
- 20 So, this is an article from Quinto Dia that was 21 published for the week of December 19 to 26, 2003. And we've 22 included here in this exhibit both the Spanish original and the 23 English translation, and the translation comes first. Do you 24 see that?
- 25 Α. Yes.

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1
       Q.
            I'd like to direct your attention to the first page of
 2
     Exhibit 30, beginning with the third paragraph.
 3
              THE COURT: Let me just back you up for one moment.
 4
            So, the online service is Quinto Dia; is that correct?
              MR. SCHWARTZ: Yes.
 5
              THE COURT: And what newspaper would this be
 6
 7
     taken -- Is this their publication, or it picking up another
     newspaper article, or can you tell?
 8
 9
              MR. SCHWARTZ: Well, Mr. Alcalde might be better
10
     positioned to answer that question than I am, since he did the
     due diligence.
11
12
              THE COURT: All right.
13
              THE WITNESS: It was called -- The entity used the
14
     name Quinto Dia to publish its articles.
              THE COURT: So, this would be an online publication?
15
16
              THE WITNESS: Yes.
17
              THE COURT: And you've heard of this company?
18
              THE WITNESS: Well, I learned about it. They were
19
     publishing a lot. Yeah.
20
              THE COURT: All right. Very good. Thank you.
21
              MR. C. COOPER: Your Honor, we just note an objection
22
     to the hearsay in this document.
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THE COURT: Well, I don't want to make your case,

Ιs

Mr. Schwartz; but this is in response to what he found. You

want to show what else he could have found, pretty much.

23

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207
 1
     that --
              MR. SCHWARTZ: What he did find and he could have
 2
 3
     found.
 4
              THE COURT: All right. Mr. Cooper, you get the last
 5
     word.
              MR. C. COOPER: Sure. So, it's still hearsay; but it
 6
 7
     goes to -- It doesn't come into the substance of --
              THE COURT: Yes. It would be the same as the other
 8
9
     articles were used.
10
              MR. SCHWARTZ: At least for the time being, this would
11
     appear to be the flip side of the same coin we were tossing
12
     most of the day.
13
              THE COURT: Very good. Yes. We see eye to eye.
14
       BY MR. SCHWARTZ:
15
            All right. So, I'd like to direct your attention, if I
       Q.
16
     could now, to the third paragraph on the first page of Exhibit
17
     30, Mr. Alcalde. It starts with the words "In May 1987"?
18
            Yes. I see it.
19
            And, starting in that paragraph and continuing for at
       Q.
20
     least through the next paragraph, this Quinto Dia article
21
     describes an incident that occurred at JFK Airport, in New York
22
     City, in May 1987, that involved fake Bandagro notes, correct?
23
       Α.
            Yes.
24
            And, during the course of your due diligence, you
       Q.
```

learned that there had been such an incident, correct?

- A. I learned that such an incident was reported, yes.
- Q. And what you learned had been reported was that the incident involved a woman, right?
- 4 A. Yes.

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- Q. And that woman who was involved in the incident,
  carrying the purported Bandagro notes, may have been working
  for Pavanelli, right? You learned that?
  - A. I learned that that was reported, yes.
  - Q. And you also heard that the woman was carrying some substantially blank Bandagro notes and was stopped by U.S. Customs, right?
- 12 A. I learned whatever was reported.
- 13 Q. And that's what was reported, right?
- A. Yeah. Whatever is reported here, I learned it. I read this. I downloaded this article.
  - Q. And, during the course of your investigation, after you learned about this incident at Customs in New York in May 1987, you asked Pavanelli about it, right?
  - MR. C. COOPER: Your Honor, I'm going to note an objection. The way the question is being phrased, there is a lack of foundation; characterizing it as if the incident occurred.
- 23 THE COURT: Right now, we're still focused on what did
  24 Mr. Alcalde know. That's all we're doing at this point.
- MR. SCHWARTZ: The flip side of the same coin. I'm

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2.09
 1
     not trying to prove this happened through Mr. Alcalde.
                                                              We'll
 2
     do that through another witness or two.
 3
              THE COURT: Go ahead. You may answer the question.
 4
              MR. SCHWARTZ: Do you remember the question?
 5
              THE WITNESS: The question was, did I ask Pavanelli
     about it?
 6
 7
       BY MR. SCHWARTZ:
            Yeah. During your investigation, after you learned
 8
       Q.
9
     about this incident or learned that it had been reported, you
10
     asked Pavanelli about it, right?
11
            Well, I mean, has the attorney/client privilege been
12
     waived by Pavanelli or his estate? I don't know.
13
            Well, since you testified about it at your deposition, I
       Q.
14
     think that the horse has left that barn.
15
       Α.
            Well, I think it was -- I think we discussed the issue
16
     then, but maybe if you can show me what I said at my deposition
17
            Sure. Turn, if you would, please, to page 138 within
18
       Q.
19
     the same volume you've had.
20
            (Witness complies.)
       Α.
21
            Let me catch up with you.
       Q.
22
       Α.
            Yes. All right. I'm looking at the page.
23
            All right. I'm trying to catch up with you. Just hold
       Q.
24
     on one second, please.
25
            All right. So, take a look at Line 19 on page 138.
```

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1
     You'll see Mr. Lucas asked, quote: So, prior to the time Skye
 2
     purchased the purported notes from Gruppo Triad, you heard
 3
     there was this Custom incident, and so you asked Pavanelli
 4
     about it, right? End quote.
 5
            Do you see that question?
       Α.
 6
            Yes.
 7
            And you answered, quote: I think so, yeah. End quote.
       Q.
     Correct?
 8
9
            Well, wait a minute. Which page are you doing? 136?
       Α.
10
       Q.
            I was on 138, starting on Line 19.
11
       Α.
            Okay.
12
            Continuing through 23.
       Q.
13
            Now -- because there's questions prior to that.
       Α.
14
       Q.
            Feel free to read as much, for context, as you think is
15
     necessary.
16
            Okay. So, I'm at Line 19 and Line 23 of page 138.
       Α.
17
            All right. And Mr. Lucas asked you: Prior to the time
       Q.
     Skye purchased the purported notes from Gruppo Triad, you heard
18
19
     there was this Custom incident, and so you asked Pavanelli
20
     about it, right?
21
            And you answered: I think so, yeah. Right?
22
       Α.
            Yes.
23
              MR. C. COOPER: Your Honor, we -- Sorry.
24
       BY MR. SCHWARTZ:
25
       Q.
            And Pavanelli told you that this was an incident
```

- 1 involving Bandagro notes, correct?
- 2 A. I -- Yes.
- Q. And he told you that U.S. Customs had stopped the woman who was carrying Bandagro notes, right?
- A. Well, I don't know that I recall much more than what I said here. I said here that I didn't have much recollection of it than what I said here.
- Q. Pavanelli told you this was all a big misunderstanding,
  9 right?
- 10 A. Probably, yeah.
- Q. Take a look at page 132, Line 17 to 19. Isn't that what you testified to last May?
- 13 A. Which page?
- 14 Q. Page 132, Line 17 through 19.
- 15 A. Yes.
- Q. And, according to Pavanelli, he never did anything wrong, right?
- A. Pavanelli -- If your question is did Pavanelli ever say
  that he created false Bandagro notes and was trying to sell
  those, no, he never said that.
- Q. Didn't you testify at Lines 23 and 24 that Pavanelli,
  quote, never did anything wrong and he was always a victim, end
  quote?
- A. Well, yes. Isn't that what I just said?
- Q. Isn't what -- what you were saying, he told you?

- A. And isn't that what I just said?
- Q. If we're in agreement, we can move on.

When you talked to Pavanelli about this 1987 Customs incident, did he tell you that the notes Customs seized had no note number assigned to them?

- A. I don't know that he told me that.
- Q. Did he tell you that the date of issue for the notes was blank?
- 9 MR. C. COOPER: Same objection to foundation, Your 10 Honor.

THE COURT: What's the basis for this?

12 THE WITNESS: I don't know -- I don't know anything

13 about --

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14 THE COURT: No. Wait a minute.

What's the basis?

MR. SCHWARTZ: Well, the basis is substantial documentary evidence that will be introduced in the case. And we're not at that part of the case yet, but these are facts that we will prove.

THE COURT: Well, through another witness. Foundation is what I'm talking about.

MR. SCHWARTZ: Well, the question is whether he was told these things. That happened. We will prove it.

THE COURT: But you've asked several questions.

All right. Finish this up.

BY MR. SCHWARTZ:

Q. I'm not sure if there was an answer to the last question.

Did Pavanelli discuss with you that the date of the issue for those notes was blank?

- A. I don't know anything about the incident other than what was reported in these articles, this article, or what Pavanelli said. I don't know anything else about it.
- Q. Let me ask you just one more question. Did you ever find out that the blank notes seized by Customs in 1987 are identical in form to the two purported notes at issue in this case?
- MR. C. COOPER: Same objection, Your Honor.
- 14 THE WITNESS: Like I said --
  - THE COURT: There is a lot of assumptions in that question that he says he doesn't know anything about. So, the framing of the question is improper.
- MR. SCHWARTZ: All right. I'll move on to this.
- 19 BY MR. SCHWARTZ:
  - Q. Did Pavanelli ever tell you that, after the notes were seized by Customs in 1987, he wrote a letter to Customs asking that the notes be sent back to him?
  - A. I don't know if he did or not.
- Q. All right. Let me ask you to look at Defendant's Exhibit 558, Binder 7, I believe.

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                                                            214
 1
              MS. RODRIGUEZ: Yes.
 2
              COURTROOM DEPUTY CLERK: Number 7 binder?
 3
              MR. SCHWARTZ: Yes.
 4
            Just a moment, please. I'm off by one. I'm sorry.
 5
     think it's going to be Binder 6.
              COURTROOM DEPUTY CLERK: This should be 6. Yes.
 6
 7
       BY MR. SCHWARTZ:
            All right, Mr. Alcalde. Do you have Defendant's Exhibit
 8
       Q.
     558?
 9
10
       Α.
           Yes.
11
            This is a printout of Gruppo Triad's website. You can
       Q.
     see the date, at the bottom, of 5-20, 2004. When you --
12
13
              MR. C. COOPER: Note an objection to foundation, Your
14
     Honor.
15
              THE COURT: Well, start with that, if you would,
16
     please.
17
       BY MR. SCHWARTZ:
18
            In the course of your due diligence in 2004, or when you
19
     were representing or considering representing Gruppo Triad, did
20
     you ever access its website?
21
            I may have.
       Α.
22
            All right. Let me ask you to take a look at the certain
23
     aspect of this, and we'll see if it refreshes your
24
     recollection.
25
            Take a look at the page LP.
```

1 "LP," by the way, stands for Lara Pavanelli. Take a 2 look at LP01963, at the top of the page.

- A. We're talking about Exhibit 558?
- 4 THE COURT: Page 2, yeah.
- 5 THE WITNESS: The second page of that? Okay.
- 6 BY MR. SCHWARTZ:
- 7 Q. Actually, it's the third page. Sorry.
- 8 A. Okay.

- 9 Q. LP019. It's the second piece of paper, but it's the third page.
- 11 A. Okay.
- Q. LP01963. And take a look at the discussion at the top
  of that page and see if that refreshes your recollection as to
  whether you accessed this Gruppo Triad website in 2004.
- 15 A. I don't -- I don't recall this. I mean, I'm not saying
  16 that I didn't, but I just don't have a specific recollection of
  17 this document.
- Q. All right. Independent of the discussion I've shown
  you, you have no recollection, one way or the other, of whether
  you looked at the Gruppo Triad website?
- A. I may have looked at the Gruppo Triad website, but I don't have a specific recollection of really what it looked like or what information was on there.
- Q. Do you remember ever seeing any type of written
  explanation by Gruppo Triad of the May 1987 incident at the JFK

Airport in New York?

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- A. I wasn't focused on those incidents.
- Q. Independent of what you were focused on, do you have any recollection of having seen anything written by Gruppo Triad about it?
- A. Like I said, I -- I don't -- No, I don't have any recollection of that.
  - Q. So, regardless, you did nothing to investigate this May 1987 Customs incident other than talking to Pavanelli, right?
    - A. I was investigating the Attorney General's opinion.
- 11 Q. I know you like to say that, but I'm asking different
  12 questions. You didn't --
- 13 A. Well --
- 14 THE COURT: Wait. Wait. This is becoming very argumentative.
- Listen to the question. Limit your answer to the question.
- 18 Go ahead.
- 19 BY MR. SCHWARTZ:
  - Q. You didn't do anything other than talk to Pavanelli to investigate the May 1987 Customs incidence you had heard about, right?
- 23 A. I did not.
- Q. Prior to Skye's acquisition of the two purported
  Bandagro notes, you learned that Pavanelli was a convicted

criminal, right?

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- A. I learned that there were allegations that he had been convicted in London, but I never saw a judgment or a conviction with respect to that, but I assumed that that was probably true.
- Q. In fact, Pavanelli, himself, admitted to you he had been convicted in London for a crime involving fake Bandagro notes, right?
- A. Yes.
- Q. And Pavanelli told you that he went to jail for that crime, right?
- 12 A. Yeah. I think he spent some time in jail. I think he said that.
  - Q. Did you ever come to learn from Pavanelli or any other source that the allegations that led to him being convicted and sentenced to jail in London included charges that he conspired with Alfredo Guillermo Agaar?
- MR. C. COOPER: Objection. Foundation.
- THE COURT: There isn't a foundation. Do you want to prepare one before you drop that question?
- MR. SCHWARTZ: Well, I could show the indictment and the conviction to Mr. Alcalde, but --
- THE COURT: Do you know who this person is, the name?
- THE WITNESS: I think that's the person that he said
- 25 | that was involved in -- the intermediary with purchasing the

Vol. 218 1 notes. 2 THE COURT: All right. 3 THE WITNESS: Right. 4 THE COURT: You may continue. BY MR. SCHWARTZ: 5 And that -- Pavanelli claimed to have purchased the 6 7 notes in 1987, right, --8 Α. Yes. 9 -- the same year as that Customs incident, correct? Q. 10 Α. Yes. 11 Did you ever come -- Well, let me ask you this question Q. 12 to make it simple: You never attempted to contact any court in 13 London to get any information about Pavanelli's U.K. 14 conviction, correct? I did not. 15 Α. 16 And you did not interview anybody who was involved in Q. 17 Pavanelli's London criminal case or conviction, correct? 18 I did not. Α. 19 You also learned at some point that Pavanelli was 20 involved in a criminal matter in Italy, correct? 21 Yes, but I don't recall if that was after I filed the Α. 22 litigation. I mean, there was the issue with Fabbiani in that 23 report, if that's what you're referring to. 24 Well, that report, or one of those reports that Mr. Q. 25 Cooper had you look at -- Let me rephrase that question.

1 All those Fabbiani reports that Mr. Cooper had you look 2 at you say that you saw before Skye obtained the purported 3 notes, right? 4 Α. Yes. Okay. And one of those Fabbiani reports, you'll recall, 5 was from a criminal court in Turin, right? 6 7 Α. Yes. And you understood, did you not, that Pavanelli 8 Q. 9 was -- I'm sorry -- that Fabbiani was an expert who had been 10 engaged as part of the defense of Pavanelli against criminal charges in Italy, right? 11 12 Α. Yes. 13 And the Italian court convicted Pavanelli despite Q. 14 whatever Fabbiani had to say, right? I don't know that that's accurate. 15 Α. 16 You also discovered in your due diligence an Q. 17 article -- and this is before Skye obtained the purported 18 notes -- you found an article stating that Pavanelli had been 19 accused of being an international swindler, correct? 20 Α. Yes. 21 Q. And that article linked Pavanelli to the husband of 22 former vice-presidential candidate Geraldine Ferraro, right?

He had gotten himself in hot water with various criminal

23

24

25

Α.

Q.

Yes.

authorities, correct?

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                                                             220
 1
       Α.
            Who's "he"?
            Geraldine Ferraro's husband.
 2
       Q.
 3
       Α.
            Yes.
 4
       Q.
            And you learned there was some involvement of Pavanelli
 5
     in connection with him, right?
       Α.
            Yes.
 6
 7
              MR. C. COOPER: Objection to the foundation. Matter
     of form --
 8
 9
              THE WITNESS: Well --
10
              THE COURT: Wait. Wait.
11
            Go ahead.
12
              THE WITNESS: I'm sorry.
13
              MR. C. COOPER: Maybe it's more a matter of the form
14
     of the question. If there is an implication in each instance
     that he's establishing the truth of --
15
16
              THE COURT: Right. This goes to the issue of what was
17
     relayed to the client -- that's all -- and what could have been
18
     known and relayed to the client, both.
19
              MR. SCHWARTZ: That's the case. It's really just the
20
     mirror image of the examination this morning.
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THE COURT: All right.

BY MR. SCHWARTZ:

MR. SCHWARTZ: All right.

It should be in Binder 2. No. It's in 1. I'm sorry.

I'm going to ask you to look at Defendant's Exhibit 77.

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1 MR. C. COOPER: 77?

MR. SCHWARTZ: Yes. It's in Binder 1. It appears, with the creation of the joint exhibit binder, our numbers are all off by one. But we'll straighten that out by tomorrow.

THE COURT: So, we're looking at the unsuccessful 1984

Democratic vice-presidential nominee who, through her husband,

is allegedly connected to a person who might have sold the

bonds to the Plaintiffs in this case. That's a bit --

9 MR. SCHWARTZ: Truth is stranger than fiction in this 10 case.

THE COURT: Well, it's a bit of an attenuation, too; isn't it?

MR. SCHWARTZ: Well, no. You're going to see the antithesis of attenuation in a moment.

THE COURT: I'll give you a little bit of latitude here, but note my scepticism.

MR. SCHWARTZ: All right. Noted.

I need to access this Exhibit 77 before I can question Mr. Alcalde about it, and I have an unwieldy binder. So, bear with me one second.

THE WITNESS: You would have to put it at the end of this volume.

MR. SCHWARTZ: I know. It's causing me enormous trouble, and apparently you as well. I'm working my way there slowly.

BY MR. SCHWARTZ:

- Q. After all that effort with the binder, my question for you, Mr. Alcalde, is whether Defendant's Exhibit 77 is the article you found concerning Pavanelli being accused of being an international swindler.
- A. I have to -- I mean, as I recall, it was an article in

  Vanity Fair, but -- It's been a long time since I've read the

  article.
- 9 Q. Let me help you look at this. If you look at page 1808 of this article --
- 11 A. Yes. Okay.
- 12 Q. -- in the right-hand column, there is a paragraph that
  13 starts with the words "In addition to giving bad advice."
- A. Yes, I see it. Yes. This is the article -- yeah. This is the article that I found.
- Q. All right. So, in the middle of that paragraph that I just directed your attention to is a reference to Pavanelli, right?
- 19 A. Yes.
- 20 THE COURT: Is that the same first name? That's the person we've been talking about?
- MR. SCHWARTZ: That's a very good question.
- 23 THE COURT: I have his name down as a different first 24 name. Is it James?
- 25 MR. SCHWARTZ: His names is James Paolo Pavanelli.

BY MR. SCHWARTZ:

- Q. And you understood, Mr. Alcalde, that from time to time James Paolo Pavanelli was just known as Paolo Pavanelli, right?
- A. I only called him James.

5 THE COURT: There are actually two Pavanellis there.

6 One is James, and one is Paolo.

MR. SCHWARTZ: It's the same person. You'll see ample evidence in this case.

The Plaintiff is not going to stipulate to that?

10 MR. C. COOPER: I'm not going to stipulate to the
11 content of -- It's an article that's describing different --

MR. SCHWARTZ: All right. We'll leave that to another

13 day.

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- 14 BY MR. SCHWARTZ:
- 15 Q. In any event, you see there is a reference to a James P.
- Pavanelli in the same paragraph, right?
- 17 A. Yes.
- 18 Q. And this is the article you found, right?
- 19 A. Correct.
- Q. And, in the same sentence as a reference -- containing
- 21 the reference to James P. Pavanelli, you see there is some
- 22 | mention of an assortment of fugitives and phony Italian nobles?
- 23 Do you see that?
- 24 A. Yes.
- Q. This is what you found in 2004, right?

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A. Okay. This is, like, the fourth time. Yes.

Q. Okay. Let me show you another article from the same time frame. We'll see if you found that one.

This is 75, but it's Defendant's Exhibit 75. So, you've only got to turn back two this time.

Here is a Wall Street Journal reprint from October 29, 1984. And, to make this easy with you -- easy for you -- direct your attention to page 2 of this, 2 of 4; and, in the last full paragraph on page 2, carrying over to page 3, there is a discussion of somebody referred to as -- I'm looking for the name --

THE COURT: Let me just interrupt you for a minute.

When we had the final pretrial conference -- I'm addressing this to both sides here.

You understand the claim for estoppel here is out. So, we walked through, in some detail, the triable issues.

As I understood the testimony from this witness, it focused on the Attorney General's report and whether or not there could be reliance on that report, and also we're going to hear some testimony about what the legal effect is of that report.

This goes to more generalized due diligence, doesn't it?

That's really not at play in this case.

MR. SCHWARTZ: Well, this is something we began to talk about during the pretrial conference, and I'm very glad to

have the discussion.

THE COURT: Yeah. And I remember saying that those claims were out, and you asked me to dismiss them, and I did.

MR. SCHWARTZ: Yeah.

THE COURT: But now we're trying them again.

MR. SCHWARTZ: Well, no. You see, that's where we disagree. And I think it's something that requires clarification --

THE COURT: All right.

MR. SCHWARTZ: -- because -- and it's a very important issue. To some extent, it's raised by the motion in limine.

And it, in our view, is a reflection --

THE COURT: Let's go back.

The first question in this case is, are these notes fraudulent or not. And, then, if the answer is — Well, if the answer is "no," then we have one conclusion. If the answer is "yes," then the next argument of the Plaintiff is, but you can still rely if other conditions are met. And I know you disagree with that, but their position is you can rely on the Attorney General's opinion.

As I understand Mr. Alcalde's testimony, it has to do with that opinion, by and large, not in general; but you've told me that, if the notes were fraudulent, it doesn't matter how much due diligence you did later; and, also, the Attorney General's opinion had no effect. You agree with that, right?

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MR. SCHWARTZ: Yes.

THE COURT: So tell me how this becomes a triable issue.

MR. SCHWARTZ: Okay. Here is the rub: The Plaintiff is asserting some ill-formed theory, in our view, that has a reliance component. We are --

THE COURT: But you've prevailed on that. That is out as far as the decisions up to this point.

MR. SCHWARTZ: Yes. We agree with that; but, once that's out, the question of the alleged reasonable reliance on the Attorney General's opinion goes out with it. There's no place in the case for a reliance claim by the Plaintiff.

THE COURT: Well, no offense, but you're asking to reopen the decision I've already made. I've already held that's a triable issue.

MR. SCHWARTZ: Okay. So, if it is a triable issue, which --

THE COURT: No offense. If it's a triable issue, it's not up to you to decide how broad it is to be tried. It's an issue involving the Attorney General's opinion. That's it. It doesn't open the context of everything else that you'd like to bring in.

MR. SCHWARTZ: Well, I hope we could advocate for a broader sense of the issue in that regard because -- I have to take a step back, and this is a very, very important issue as

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1
     far as what's going to come down the road in a long trial.
 2
            At the risk of repeating what I said at the pretrial
 3
     conference, final pretrial conference, there's only one
 4
     remaining cause of action in this complaint: Default on a
 5
     promissory note. Reliance is not an element of that claim.
              THE COURT: Exactly. So, I'm looking at a document
 6
 7
     that only goes to the issue of reliance.
              MR. SCHWARTZ: Okay. But the Plaintiff is taking the
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9
     position in support of a theory that doesn't exist -- a cause
10
     of action that doesn't exist in the case that it can prove it
11
     reasonably relied on the Attorney General's opinion, and
12
     provisionally --
13
              THE COURT: But I ruled on that, and I said they
14
     can't.
15
              MR. SCHWARTZ: Okay. Now, honestly, we are at a loss
16
     to understand what claim that pertains to; but, passing that
17
     for a moment --
18
              THE COURT: Wait a moment. We need to stop right
19
     here.
20
              MR. SCHWARTZ: Okay.
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              THE COURT: We're not in a deposition.
22
              MR. SCHWARTZ: All right.
23
              THE COURT: And you're not arguing with me. I've made
24
     those decisions. They're done. You're not going to reargue
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them.

Am I clear about that?

1 MR. SCHWARTZ: Yes.

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THE COURT: All right.

MR. SCHWARTZ: So, here --

THE COURT: This can go to what they presented in terms of how they could reasonably rely on the Attorney General's opinion, but this is two steps away. And that's -- that's the ruling.

This is the last document. This is in the middle of a political campaign, too, by the way. This is on the op ed page. It's not a newspaper article. It's in the Wall Street Journal. I take note of that as well.

We're very far afield. You can finish up with this document and then move forward.

MR. SCHWARTZ: All right. You're not interested in further argument. I'll stop.

THE COURT: No.

MR. SCHWARTZ: Okay.

All right. Let me just regroup for a moment.

BY MR. SCHWARTZ:

- Q. So, my question, very simply, was, for you, Mr. Alcalde, is this another article that you found on the same general subject as the last one we looked at?
- A. I don't know that I found this article, but I do note
  that it's essentially -- If you look at Exhibit 77, the author
  of that is James Ring. If you look at the bottom of Exhibit

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77, on the left-hand corner it says that James Ring is a member of the editorial board of the Wall Street Journal. Okay?

If we go back to Exhibit 75, we see that this is — the byline is James Ring Adams at the Wall Street. So, I don't know that this article or opinion or whatever it is adds anything to what I found in the prior article.

- Q. All right. Let's change subjects and talk about ICC 322 promissory notes. That's what the notes in this case are designated as, right?
- 10 A. Yes.

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- Q. And the notes indicate on their face that they'll be governed by the terms and conditions of the International
  Chamber of Commerce, right?
- 14 A. Yes.
- Q. As part of your due diligence, did you look for news articles from the ICC regarding alleged ICC 322 notes?
- 17 A. I may have, yes.
- 18 Q. Let me show you Defendant's Exhibit 1, which undoubtedly
  19 is in Binder 1. Do you have that one in front of you, Mr.
- 20 Alcalde?
- 21 A. Yes.
- Q. This is a news release from the United States Council of the International Chamber of Commerce dated January 5th, 1980.
- 24 A. Yes.
- 25 MR. C. COOPER: Note an objection to the foundation.

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1
              THE WITNESS: Yeah. I'm accepting what it says.
 2
              THE COURT: We need a foundation at some point, but go
 3
     ahead.
 4
              MR. SCHWARTZ: Yes.
       BY MR. SCHWARTZ:
 5
            Did you find this article in the course of your due
 6
 7
     diligence in 2004?
            I may have, but I think that this is -- If I'm reading
 8
 9
     the date correctly, it looks like October 7, 2004. So, it
10
     would have been after I filed the lawsuit.
11
            Well, it looks like the document was filed at some point
       Q.
12
     in the litigation and somebody printed it out on 10-7-04. But
13
     I'm not asking you whether you printed it out on that date.
14
     I'm asking you whether you found it in doing your due
15
     diligence.
16
            Oh, I don't recall.
       Α.
17
            All right. Now we're going to switch to Defendant's
       Q.
18
     Exhibit 50.
19
       Α.
            Is it the same binder?
20
       Ο.
           Same binder.
21
              COURTROOM DEPUTY CLERK: D5?
22
              MR. SCHWARTZ: Fifty.
23
              COURTROOM DEPUTY CLERK: Oh, fifty. I'm sorry.
24
            Thank you.
       BY MR. SCHWARTZ:
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- 1 Q. Do you have that one, Mr. Alcalde?
  - A. Yes.

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- Q. So, this is an article from the *International Financial Law Review*, 1982, entitled "Sham Promissory Notes: An International Fraud." Did you find this article?
- A. I don't know if I found it or not, but I had no doubt that there were fake ICC notes in the international market because the Attorney General said that in her opinion, and so did the Minister of Finance. It would not have been shocking to me to find that there were fake ICC notes in the international market.
- THE COURT: Mr. Cooper?
- MR. C. COOPER: At the risk of acquiescing through
  silence, we wanted to -- we had raised an objection to
  documents that were produced after the discovery deadline. I
  think this was one of them.
  - THE COURT: All right. So noted.
- MR. SCHWARTZ: I am assuming you don't need a response to that at this point?
- THE COURT: No.
- MR. SCHWARTZ: Your Honor, it's five of 5:00. I don't know if you're planning on running to 5:00 or 5:30.
- 23 THE COURT: Well, if this is a good place to break --
- MR. SCHWARTZ: It's a good place for me to break.
- 25 THE COURT: All right.

1 Counsel, we will adjourn, and we'll start tomorrow at 2 9:00 a.m. I'll see you then. With that, we'll be in recess. 3 MR. SCHWARTZ: Your Honor, I think we have something 4 scheduled at 8:45 tomorrow. There was a motion regarding a 5 subpoena. THE COURT: Be seated for just a moment. 6 7 This is the gentleman in the Cleveland area, right? MR. SCHWARTZ: Yes. 8 9 THE COURT: And that's still unresolved? I quess the 10 question to you is whether you are going to call him or not. 11 MR. SCHWARTZ: We may very well. I think, as with the 12 parallel scenario we had with Ms. Reash, the most efficient 13 thing to do would be to defer this until when we start our 14 case. The issue may turn out to be moot. 15 THE COURT: The problem is going to be we'll need to 16 keep him on call. We can defer it, but he can't. 17 MR. SCHWARTZ: Unless we pick a date certain that's convenient for him, ten days hence or something like that. 18 19 THE COURT: All right. Why don't we discuss his 20 schedule. Unless you can -- With the other witness, you were 21 able to do some stipulations as far as documents. Is that 22 possible with this witness?

MR. SCHWARTZ: Well, I don't think it's going to work

out with the prior -- with the first one, but we've tried.

With this one, I think it's doubtful. If we're going to call

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Vol.
     him, I don't think we're going to stipulate. If we dispense
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     with him, then it becomes --
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              THE COURT: Well, he has filed a motion regarding the
     inconvenience aspect. We will address that again tomorrow. I
 4
 5
     have a preliminary view on that. I'll be willing to hear from
     both of you as far as how much inconvenience to make him come
 6
 7
     from Cleveland to here for live testimony.
            Is that going to be a contested issue on the Plaintiff's
 8
     side?
 9
10
              MR. C. COOPER: It really wasn't our issue. Sorry,
11
     Your Honor.
              THE COURT: Right. He raised it.
12
13
              MR. SCHWARTZ: I just wanted to make sure we knew it
14
     was there at 8:45.
15
              THE COURT: All right. So, I'll see you at 8:45 after
16
     all.
17
            With that, we'll be in recess.
18
            (Proceedings were concluded at 4:57 p.m.)
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4	WITNESSES	DIRECT CROSS REDIRECT RECROSS	
5	PLAINTIFF's:		
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We, Laura Samuels, Denise Errett, Lahana DuFour,
Shawna Evans and Darla Coulter, do hereby certify that the
foregoing is a true and correct transcript of the proceedings
before the Honorable Edmund A. Sargus, Jr., Judge, in the
United States District Court, Southern District of Ohio,
Eastern Division, on the date indicated, reported by us in
shorthand and transcribed by us or under our supervision.

s/Denise N. Errett, FCRR

Denise N. Errett, FCRR

Official Federal Court Reporter

s/Lahana DuFour, RMR, CRR
Lahana DuFour, RMR, CRR
Official Federal Court Reporter

s/Shawna J. Evans, RMR
Shawna J. Evans, RMR
Official Federal Court Reporter

Darla J. Coulter, RMR, CRR
Former Official Federal Court Reporter

s/Darla J. Coulter, RMR, CRR